CMS Manual System	Department of Health & Human Services (DHHS)
Pub 100-04 Medicare Claims Processing	Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS)
Transmittal 1707	Date: MARCH 27, 2009
	Change Request 6207

SUBJECT: Assignment of Initial Enrollment FQHCs, ESRD Facilities, and RHCs

I. SUMMARY OF CHANGES: As FQHCs, ESRD facilities, and RHCs seek to enroll in the Medicare program, they should file their enrollment applications with the legacy FI or MAC that covers the State where they are located. Exceptions to the geographic assignment rule are set forth in CR 5979. This represents a shift from the legacy-world assignment policy where there existed regional and national FIs for these distinct provider types.

New / Revised Material Effective Date: April 27, 2009 Implementation Date: April 27, 2009

Disclaimer for manual changes only: The revision date and transmittal number apply only to red italicized material. Any other material was previously published and remains unchanged. However, if this revision contains a table of contents, you will receive the new/revised information only, and not the entire table of contents.

II. CHANGES IN MANUAL INSTRUCTIONS: (N/A if manual is not updated) R=REVISED, N=NEW, D=DELETED-*Only One Per Row.*

R/N/D	Chapter / Section / Subsection / Title
R	1/Table of Contents/General Billing Requirements
R	1/20/Provider Assignment to FIs and MACs
R	9/10.3/Claims Processing Jurisdiction for RHCs and FQHCs

III. FUNDING:

SECTION A: For Fiscal Intermediaries and Carriers:

No additional funding will be provided by CMS; Contractor activities are to be carried out within their operating budgets.

SECTION B: For Medicare Administrative Contractors (MACs):

The Medicare Administrative Contractor is hereby advised that this constitutes technical direction as defined in your contract. CMS does not construe this as a change to the MAC Statement of Work. The contractor is not obligated to incur costs in excess of the amounts allotted in your contract unless and until specifically authorized by the Contracting Officer. If the contractor considers anything provided, as described above, to be outside the current scope of work, the contractor shall withhold performance on the part(s) in question and immediately notify the Contracting Officer, in writing or by e-mail, and request formal directions regarding continued performance requirements.

IV. ATTACHMENTS:

Business Requirements

Manual Instruction

*Unless otherwise specified, the effective date is the date of service.

 Pub. 100-04
 Transmittal: 1707
 Date: March 27, 2009

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SUBJECT: Assignment of Initial Enrollment FQHCs, ESRD Facilities, and RHCs

Effective Date: April 27, 2009

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I. GENERAL INFORMATION

Section 911 of the Medicare Prescription Drug, Improvement, and Modernization Act of 2003 (MMA), Public Law 108–173, amended Title XVIII of the Social Security Act (the Act) to add section 1874A, Contracts with Medicare Administrative Contractors (MACs). Section 1874A of the Act replaces the prior Medicare intermediary and carrier contracting authorities formerly found in sections 1816 and 1842 of the Act, respectively. CMS procured the first A/B MAC in 2006 and continues to award the 15 A/B MAC contracts. The process of moving workload from legacy contractors to the MACs has begun.

A. Background:

The MMA repealed the provider nomination provisions of the Act. Provider nomination has been replaced with the geographic assignment rule. Generally, a provider or supplier will be assigned to the MAC that covers the State where the provider or supplier is located. Exceptions to the geographic assignment rule are described in CR 5979 (April 18, 2008).

In the legacy FI environment, FQHCs, RHCs, and ESRD facilities were concentrated within the workloads of several regional and national FIs. Regional and national contractors for FQHCs, RHCs, and ESRD facilities will not exist in the settled MAC environment. Most of the providers that were assigned to regional or national FIs represent "out-of-jurisdiction providers" (OJPs). An OJP is defined as a provider that is not currently serviced by the FI or MAC that covers the state where the provider is located. These providers will eventually be moved to their destination MACs.

B. Policy:

1. FQHCs

Most existing FQHCs and FQHC look-alikes are currently within the workload serviced by NGS Wisconsin, (workload # 00450.) The Jurisdiction 6 MAC will absorb workload 00450. FQHCs in the 00450 workload will be transferred to their destination MACs during the out-of-jurisdiction provider migration. The destination MAC will not always be the geographic MAC. For example, tribal FQHCs will be assigned to the Jurisdiction 4 MAC. As used in these business requirements a "tribal FQHC" means a Medicare FQHC operated by a tribe or tribal organization under the Indian Self-Determination Act (25 USCS 40(b)) or by an Urban Indian organization receiving funds under Title V of the Indian Health Care Improvement Act (25 USCS 13). All other freestanding FQHCs, not meeting that tribal description, will be assigned to the MAC that covers the State where the facility is located.

CMS is implementing the geographic assignment rule for initial FQHC enrollments at this point in time to avoid creating additional OJPs. A new, tribal FQHC will submit its Form CMS-855A application to

the Jurisdiction 4 MAC. A new, non-tribal FQHC will submit its initial Form CMS-855A application to the FI or MAC that covers the State where the facility is located.

Some classes of FQHCs may present latent challenges for the geographic assignment rule. However, CMS will make accommodations for these providers. For example, if an initial enrollment FQHC satellite is located in the jurisdiction of a MAC other than the audit MAC, then the geographic MAC will service the claims, and the audit MAC will service the cost report.

Provider-based FQHCs will submit their Form CMS-855A applications to the MAC or FI that services the main provider.

2. <u>RHCs</u>

RHCs have been serviced by a limited set of regional FIs in the legacy environment. Those legacy FI workloads will be absorbed by incoming MACs. Out-of-jurisdiction RHCs will be transferred to their destination MACs during the out-of-jurisdiction provider migration.

An RHC will submit its initial Form CMS-855 application to the MAC or FI that serves the State where the RHC is located. If the RHC is provider-based, it will submit its initial Form CMS-855 application to the FI or MAC that covers the State where the main provider is located.

3. <u>ESRD Facilities</u>

Many ESRD facilities have been serviced by a limited set of regional intermediaries in the legacy environment. Those legacy FI workloads will be absorbed by incoming MACs. Out-of-jurisdiction ESRD facilities will be transferred to their destination MACs during the out-of-jurisdiction provider migration.

An ESRD facility will submit its initial Form CMS-855 application to the MAC or FI that serves the State where the facility is located. If the ESRD facility is provider-based, it will submit its initial Form CMS-855 application to the FI or MAC that covers the State where the main provider is located.

4. <u>Misfiled CMS 855-A Applications</u>

If a contractor receives from an FQHC, RHC or ESRD facility a Form CMS-855A initial paper application that – per the instructions above - should have been sent to a different contractor, the contractor shall not return the application to the provider pursuant to Pub.100-08, chapter 10, section 3.2. Instead, the contractor in possession of the Form CMS 855A application shall mail the Form CMS-855A application to the appropriate contractor. (A listing of contractor addresses can be found at <u>www.cms.hhs.gov/MedicareProviderSupEnroll</u>.) The forwarding contractor shall also notify the provider, via any mechanism it chooses, that its application has been sent to the new contractor and that all future questions regarding the application should be directed to the new contractor.

FQHCs, RHCs, and ESRD facilities will not be able to use Internet-based PECOS for the filing of Form CMS-855A initial applications, changes of ownership, or changes of information. Only paper forms will be accepted for these transactions.

Number	Requirement	Responsibility (place an "X" in each applicable column)									n each
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		/ B	M E	Ι	A R	H H]	Maint	ainers		
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		M A	M A		I E		S S	S	S	F	
		С	С		R		2				
6207.1	An FI that receives an initial Form CMS-855 application			Χ							
	from a freestanding, non-tribal FQHC that is located										
	within the FI's geographic service area shall process and										
6005 4 4	enroll that FQHC.										
6207.1.1	An FI that receives an initial Form CMS-855 application			Χ							
	from a tribal FQHC shall forward the FORM CMS-855										
	application to the Jurisdiction 4 MAC consistent with §										
(207.1.2	IB above.										
6207.1.2	An FI that receives an initial Form CMS-855 application			Х							
	from a freestanding, non-tribal FQHC that is not located										
	within the FI's geographic service area shall forward the										
	Form CMS-855 application to the FI or MAC that covers										
	the State where the FQHC is located consistent with § IB above.										
6207.2	A MAC that receives an initial Form CMS-855	X									
0207.2	application from a freestanding, non-tribal FQHC that is	Λ									
	located within the MAC's geographic service area shall										
	process and enroll that FQHC.										
6207.2.1	A MAC (other than the Jurisdiction 4 MAC) that	X									
0207.2.1	receives an initial Form CMS-855 application from a										
	tribal FQHC shall forward the Form CMS-855										
	application to the Jurisdiction 4 MAC consistent with §										
	IB above.										
6207.2.2	A MAC that receives an initial Form CMS-855	Χ									
	application from a freestanding, non-tribal FQHC that is										
	not located within the MAC's geographic service area										
	shall forward the Form CMS-855 application to the FI or										
	MAC that covers the State where the FQHC is located										
	consistent with § IB above.										
6207.3	An FI that receives an initial Form CMS-855 application			Х							
	from a freestanding RHC located within the FI's										
	geographic service area shall process and enroll that										
	RHC.										
6207.3.1	An FI that receives an initial Form CMS-855 application			Χ							
	from a freestanding RHC that is not located within the										
	FI's geographic service area shall forward the FORM										
	CMS-855 application to the FI or MAC that covers the										
	State where the RHC is located consistent with § IB										
6207 4	above.	v								$\left \right $	
6207.4	A MAC that receives an initial Form CMS-855	Х									
	application from a freestanding RHC located within the										
	MAC's geographic service area shall process and enroll	I				<u> </u>					

Number	Requirement	Responsibility (place an "X" in each								ı each	
		applicable column)									
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		С	С		R		5				
	that RHC.										
6207.4.1	A MAC that receives an initial Form CMS-855	Х									
	application from a freestanding RHC that is not located										
	within the MAC's geographic service area shall forward										
	the Form CMS-855 application the FI or MAC that										
	covers the State where the RHC is located consistent										
	with § IB above.										
6207.5	An FI that receives an initial Form CMS-855 application			Х							
	from a freestanding ESRD facility located within the FI's										
	geographic service area shall process and enroll that										
	ESRD facility.										
6207.5.1	An FI that receives an initial Form CMS-855 application			Χ							
	from a freestanding ESRD facility that is not located										
	within the FI's geographic service area shall forward the										
	Form CMS-855 application to the FI or MAC that covers										
	the State where the ESRD facility is located consistent										
	with § IB above.										
6207.6	A MAC that receives an initial Form CMS-855	Х									
	application from a freestanding ESRD facility located										
	within the MAC's geographic service area shall process										
	and enroll that ESRD facility.										
6207.6.1	A MAC that receives an initial Form CMS-855	Х									
	application from a freestanding ESRD facility that is not										
	located within the MAC's geographic service area shall										
	forward the Form CMS-855 application to the FI or										
	MAC that covers the State where the ESRD facility is										
	located consistent with § IB above.										
6207.7	Provider-based FQHCs, RHCs, and ESRD facilities shall	X		X						\square	
	continue to be enrolled with the FI or MAC that services										
	the main provider.										
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III. PROVIDER EDUCATION TABLE

Number	Requirement	Responsibility (place an "X" in each applicable column)									
		A /	D M	F I	C A	R H			Systei ainers		OTHER
		B M	E M		R R	H I	F I	M C	V M	C W	
		A C	A C		E R		S S	S	S	F	
6207.8	A provider education article related to this instruction will be available at http://www.cms.hhs.gov/MLNMattersArticles/ shortly	X		X							

Number	Requirement	Responsibility (place an "X" in each									
		applicable column)									
		A D F / M I				R H		nared- Mainta			OTHER
		В	E		R R	H I	F I	M C	V M	C W	
		M A C	M A C		I E R		S S	S	S	F	
	after the CR is released. You will receive notification of the article release via the established "MLN Matters" listserv. Contractors shall post this article, or a direct link to this article, on their Web site and include information about it in a listserv message within one week of the availability of the provider education article. In addition, the provider education article shall be included in your next regularly scheduled bulletin. Contractors are free to supplement MLN Matters articles with localized information that would benefit their provider community in billing and administering the Medicare program correctly.										

IV. CONTACTS

Pre-Implementation Contact: Mark Zobel, 410-786-6905, mark.zobel@cms.hhs.gov

Post-Implementation Contact: Mark Zobel, 410-786-6905, mark.zobel@cms.hhs.gov

V. FUNDING

Section A: For *Fiscal Intermediaries (FIs), Carriers, and Regional Home Health Intermediaries (RHHIs)*: No additional funding will be provided by CMS; contractor activities are to be carried out within their operating budgets.

Section B: For Medicare Administrative Contractors (MACs):

The Medicare Administrative Contractor is hereby advised that this constitutes technical direction as defined in your contract. CMS does not construe this as a change to the MAC Statement of Work. The contractor is not obligated to incur costs in excess of the amounts allotted in your contract unless and until specifically authorized by the Contracting Officer. If the contractor considers anything provided, as described above, to be outside the current scope of work, the contractor shall withhold performance on the part(s) in question and immediately notify the Contracting Officer, in writing or by e-mail, and request formal directions regarding continued performance requirements.

Medicare Claims Processing Manual Chapter 1 - General Billing Requirements

Table of Contents (*Rev. 1707, 03-27-09*)

20 – Provider Assignment to FIs and MACs

20 - Provider Assignment to FIs and MACs (Rev. 1707; Issued: 03-27-09; Effective: 04-027-09; Implementation: 04-27-09)

A. The Process of Moving Providers from FIs to MACs

1. The General Case

An existing Medicare provider with a claims history will remain in its current workload assignment. As each MAC contract is awarded, the new MAC will take over workload from the carriers and FIs that serviced the state(s) in the given MAC jurisdiction. The Part A and Part B workload segments for each of the states in the given MAC jurisdiction will be moved one-by-one in the 12 months following the final award. The specific requirements associated with workload transfers will be directed through formal CMS transmittals.

A new provider (also known as an "initial enrollment") will be assigned to the FI or MAC that covers the state where the provider is located, unless the assignment is directed to a non-geographic workload by §20B below.

A special exception exists for a "Multi-Provider Complex/Sub-Unit" relationship (ref: 42 CFR 483.5(b)). An initial enrollment for a sub-unit will be assigned to the FI or MAC that currently serves the existing parent hospital – even if the parent hospital is not presently billing in accordance with the "geographic assignment rule." Each such case is fact-specific and will be treated on an individual basis.

2. Out of Jurisdiction Providers

An "out-of-jurisdiction provider" (OJP) is a provider that is <u>not</u> currently assigned to the A/B MAC or FI in accordance with §§B.1-5 below (including the geographic assignment rule.) For example, an individual, freestanding provider located in Maine, but currently assigned to the Wisconsin FI, would be an OJP.

Many legacy Part A workload segments may include a number of OJPs. Examples of how an OJP may have been assigned to the given Part A segment include:

- a. Individual "provider nominations." (Note MMA §911 repealed the provider nomination provisions of the Act.);
- b. Chains being granted "single FI" status; and
- c. Legacy-world regional and national FIs for specific provider types such as FQHCs, RHCs, and ESRD facilities.

New MACs will initially service some OJPs until CMS undertakes the final reassignment of all OJPs to their destination MACs based on the geographic assignment rule and its exceptions.

CMS will start the overall transfer of OJPs to their final destination MACs after all 15 A/B MACs have been implemented. Each move will be dependent on the then-current implementation status of the systems that support the cost report audit, claims processing, and provider enrollment functions at the departure and destination MACs.

Some providers will need to submit or update their Medicare enrollment record before being reassigned.

B. The Settled MAC Environment

The "settled MAC environment" refers to the period after all OJPs have been moved to their destination MACs.

1. Home Health & Hospice

All home health and hospice (HH&H) providers will be assigned to the MAC contracted by CMS to administer HH&H claims for the geographic locale in which the provider is physically located.

2. Durable Medical Equipment

Each supplier of durable medical equipment, prosthetics, orthotics, and supplies (DMEPOS) will submit claims to the DME MAC contracted by CMS to administer DMEPOS claims for the geographic locale in which the beneficiary permanently resides.

3. Qualified Railroad Retirement Beneficiaries Entitled to Medicare

Physicians and other suppliers (except for DMEPOS suppliers) will continue to enroll with and bill the contractor designated by the Railroad Retirement Board (under Section 1842(g) of The Act) for Part B services furnished to these beneficiaries. Suppliers of DMEPOS will bill the DME MACs.

4. Specialty Providers and Demonstrations

Specialty providers, and providers involved with certain demonstrations, will submit claims to a specific MAC designated by CMS. Examples of specialty providers and their corresponding MACs are:

Specialty Service	MAC Jurisdiction
Centralized Billing for Mass Immunizers	4
Indian Health Services/Federally Recognized Tribal Providers (Refer to Chapter 19 of this manual.)	4
Low Vision Demonstration	5,10, 11, 13, and 14
Veterans Affairs Medicare Equivalent Remittance Advice Project	4
Home Health Third Party Liability Demonstration Project	14
Independent Organ Procurement Organizations	10
Religious Non-medical Health Care Institution (RNHCI)	10
	10

Histocompatibility Lab

10

5. The Geographic-Assignment Rule

Medicare providers, physicians, and suppliers will generally be assigned to the A/B MAC that covers the state where the provider is located. This includes FQHCs, RHCs, and ESRD facilities.

An exception exists for qualified chain providers (QCPs). A QCP may request that its member providers be serviced by a single A/B MAC - specifically, the A/B MAC whose jurisdiction includes the QCP's home office. See 42 CFR 421.404 for QCP criteria and additional information.

A few providers that meet the "provider-based" criteria of 42 CFR 413.65 may present an additional exception to the geographic-assignment rule. Provider-based entities (other than HH+H providers) will be assigned to the MAC contracted by CMS to administer claims for the Medicare benefit category applicable to the provider's covered services for the geographic locale in which the main ("parent") provider is physically located.

Chapter 9

10.3 - Claims Processing Jurisdiction for RHCs and FQHCs

(Rev. 1707; Issued: 03-27-09; Effective: 04-027-09; Implementation: 04-27-09)

During the period of time while CMS is in the process of transitioning workload from legacy FIs and carriers to the MACs, RHCs and FQHCs will remain in their existing assignments. A legacy FI's then-current workload will be absorbed by the incoming MAC during the 12 months that follow commencement of the MAC's implementation. Enrolled RHCs and FQHCs will remain in those workloads until CMS undertakes the process of moving them to their destination MACs. An FQHC's and a RHC's destination MAC is determined by referencing Chapter 1, §20.