# Medicare-Medicaid Enrollee State Profile

Pennsylvania - 2008

Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services

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#### Introduction

This report focuses on the State of Pennsylvania and is based on Medicare-Medicaid enrollee data from 2008.

In 2008, more than 60 million people in the U.S. were covered by Medicaid or the Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP).<sup>1</sup> Medicaid is a state-administered program with shared funding and oversight from the federal government (Title XIX of Social Security Act). Each state must provide the minimum federally mandated services and coverage for federally mandated eligibility groups; however, states may also cover a wide range of optional benefits across different benefit designs and optional eligibility groups that vary from state to state. Depending on each state, these may include coverage for long term services and supports (LTSS), behavioral health, dental services and/or vision services. Many groups of people are covered by Medicaid, depending on the state's requirements (e.g., age; whether pregnant, disabled, blind, or age 65+; income level and resources; U.S. citizenship or lawful immigration status).

Medicare is the primary health insurance program for individuals age 65 and older, people under age 65 with disabilities, and persons of all ages with end-stage renal disease (ESRD).<sup>2</sup> Medicare is comprised of Parts A, B, C, and D types of coverage. Nearly all individuals enrolled in Medicare have Part A coverage, which includes inpatient hospital care, skilled nursing facility stays, home health services, and hospice care. The majority of Medicare enrollees also have Part B fee-for-service (FFS) coverage of physician services, hospital outpatient care, durable medical equipment (DME) and some home health care. Alternatively, those Medicare enrollees who are not enrolled in fee-forservice Parts A and B are typically enrolled in a Medicare Part C managed care plan, called "Medicare Advantage." Lastly, as of 2006, the Medicare Part D program made available federallysponsored prescription drug coverage Medicare enrollees, including Medicare-Medicaid enrollees who have transitioned under this program.

At the national level, approximately 9 million qualified for both programs at the same time. These Medicare-Medicaid enrollees (dual eligibles) are the core of the study. This report provides basic counts and demographic information on the approximately 383,800 Medicare-Medicaid enrollees in the State of Pennsylvania. In addition, for a smaller FFS sample of Medicare-Medicaid enrollees in Pennsylvania, this report also provides information on physical, mental, and disability-related health condition prevalence rates as well as Medicare and Medicaid services utilization and associated expenditures. The Medicare-Medicaid enrollees include three main segments: Full Benefit (Qualified Medicare Beneficiary-Plus (QMB-Plus), Specified Low-Income Medicare Beneficiaries Plus (SLMB-Plus) and Other Full Benefit), QMB-only and Partial Benefit (Specified Low-Income Medicare Beneficiaries (SLMB-only), Qualified Disabled Working Individuals (QDWI), and Qualifying Individuals (QI)). The study adds a new focus on those under 65 versus 65 and over, to illuminate areas in which their experiences differ, and compares them, respectively, to persons enrolled in Medicare but not Medicaid (i.e., "Medicare-only"), as well as those enrolled in Medicaid, qualifying due to disability, but not Medicare (i.e., "Medicaid-only").

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> http://www.ccwdata.org/web/guest/medicare-tables-reports

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Ibid.

#### II. Results

#### A. Population Overview

**Table 1** shows the number of Medicare-Medicaid enrollees and the proportion by type of Medicare-Medicaid eligibility, in 2008. Full Benefit enrollees represent the largest segment in Pennsylvania (approximately 85%), a significantly higher proportion than at the national level (77%). Partial Benefit enrollees (15%) also have a higher proportion of the total Medicare-Medicaid enrollees in Pennsylvania than at the national level (12%) while QMB-only represent less than 1% compared to 11% at the national level.

Table 1: Overview of Medicare-Medicaid Eligibility Type in Pennsylvania as Compared to the Nation as a Whole: Number and Relative Distribution of Medicare-Medicaid Enrollees, CY 2008

	State	State of Pennsylvania		National
	Number of Enrollees (In State)	Relative Distribution of Medicare-Medicaid enrollee types	Number of Enrollees (National)	Relative Distribution of Medicare-Medicaid enrollee types
Full Benefit Medicare-Medicaid Enrollee	325,471	84.9%	6,984,789	76.8%
QMB-only Medicare-Medicaid Enrollee	2,501	0.6%	984,558	10.8%
Partial Benefit Medicare-Medicaid Enrollee	55,907	14.5%	1,126,647	12.4%
TOTAL Medicare-Medicaid Dual Enrollees	383,879	100%	9,095,994	100%

Source: CY 2008 MMLEADS data

Note: While "QMB-only" Medicare-Medicaid enrollees are technically considered "Partial Benefit," in this Report QMB-only is presented separately from "Partial Benefit," with the latter referring only to all *other* types of Partial Benefit Medicare-Medicaid enrollees: Specified Low-income Medicare Beneficiaries (i.e., "SLMB-only"), Qualified Disabled Working Individuals (i.e., "QDWI"), and Qualifying Individuals (i.e., "QI").

The focus of the analysis is within the different segments of the Medicare-Medicaid enrollee population. As mentioned, the study also provides, when appropriate, comparisons of the Medicare-Medicaid enrollees to Medicaid-only enrollees with disabilities and the Medicare-only enrollees

#### B. Demographic Characteristics

Age and race characteristics were examined within the study cohorts. An analysis of age patterns shows that Medicare-Medicaid enrollees are predominantly in the 40-64 and 65-84 age groups (72% to 87% of the cohorts' populations). In addition, the Full Benefit group has over 12% of the population in the under 40 segment. As expected, the majority of Medicare-only enrollees are 65 and over, while Medicaid-only enrollees with disability are nearly all under 65 (just under 100%). **Figure 1** shows the age distribution by the study groups.

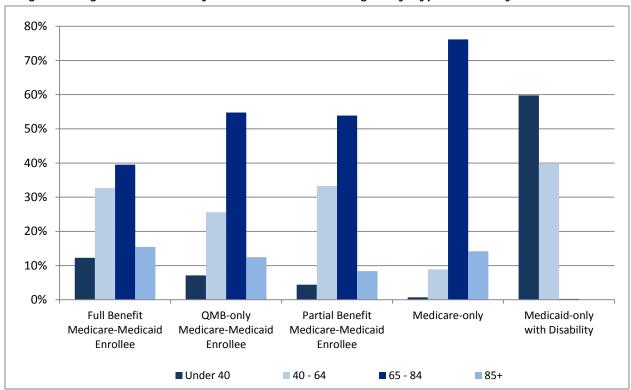


Figure 1: Age Distribution by Medicare-Medicaid Eligibility Type in Pennsylvania, CY 2008

Source: CY 2008 MMLEADS data

Note: While "QMB-only" Medicare-Medicaid enrollees are technically considered "Partial Benefit," in this Report QMB-only is presented separately from "Partial Benefit," with the latter referring only to all *other* types of Partial Benefit Medicare-Medicaid enrollees: Specified Low-income Medicare Beneficiaries (i.e., "SLMB-only"), Qualified Disabled Working Individuals (i.e., "QDWI"), and Qualifying Individuals (i.e., "QI").

An analysis of ethnicity and race shows that White beneficiaries comprise the largest group, upwards of 70%, across all Medicare-Medicaid eligibility groups (**Figure 2**), followed by African American beneficiaries, although with significantly lower presence (under 20%). Across all Medicare-Medicaid dually enrolled groups, African American beneficiaries represent a larger percentage (13% to 18%) when compared to the Medicare-only population where they represent less than 6%. The Medicaid-only with disability group is made up of 61% White beneficiaries and 24% African American beneficiaries.

100% 90% 80% 70% 60% 50% 40% 30% 20% 10% 0% Full Benefit Medicare- QMB-only Medicare-**Partial Benefit** Medicare-only Medicaid-only with Medicaid Enrollee Medicaid Enrollee Medicare-Medicaid Disability Enrollee ■ Non-Hispanic White American Indian / Alaskan Native ■ Asian / Pacific Islander Other / Unknown African American Hispanic

Figure 2: Ethnicity/Race Distribution by Medicare-Medicaid Eligibility Type in Pennsylvania, CY 2008

Source: CY 2008 MMLEADS data

Note: While "QMB-only" Medicare-Medicaid enrollees are technically considered "Partial Benefit," in this Report QMB-only is presented separately from "Partial Benefit," with the latter referring only to all *other* types of Partial Benefit Medicare-Medicaid enrollees: Specified Low-Income Medicare Beneficiaries (i.e., "SLMB-only"), Qualified Disabled Working Individuals (i.e., "QDWI"), and Qualifying Individuals (i.e., "QI").

## C. Physical, Mental Health and Disability Related Conditions among Fee-for-Service Enrollees

This section analyzes enrollees in each cohort along a number of selected chronic conditions.

For analyses in all subsequent sections, in order to ensure complete claims data, the study only includes individuals enrolled in Medicare FFS and/or Medicaid FFS during the entire calendar year. Readers should also note that the Medicaid-only enrollees with disability (under 65) cohort in this state includes only 2% of the cohort's population. In addition, due to high Medicaid managed care penetration, only 3% of the Full Benefit enrollees under 65 were included in the analyses of Medicaid utilization and expenditures (see **Appendix A**). This is important because this FFS study population may differ from the managed care population in important ways, such as health status and institutional status. Therefore, because the study sample may not be a true representation of all FFS and managed care enrollees in the state, this report provides information for this low-FFS subgroup in the tables and figures but refrains from providing conclusions in the text. See **Appendix A** for an analysis of representativeness of the study population.

#### 1. Conditions Prevalence:

This section presents the prevalence of certain conditions for FFS enrollees across each Medicare-Medicaid enrollee eligibility/age subgroup.

To determine the health status of the study population, we utilized the Chronic Conditions Data Warehouse (CCW) which includes a series of algorithms that generate indicators for select physical, mental and disability related conditions. **Appendix B** details the wider set of conditions that were examined individually to determine prevalence in the study population as well as a smaller subset that were utilized in analysis of condition counts.

We analyzed the physical, mental and disability related conditions among the different cohorts to identify prevailing conditions as well as differences between the groups. We also looked at both the number of enrollees with specific conditions and the number of comorbidities.

As shown in Figure 3, our analysis shows that a significant percentage of the Medicare-Medicaid enrollees present with at least one condition with figures ranging from just under 49% for Partial Benefits 65 and over to 75% for Full Benefit 65 and over. Overall, this is higher than the Medicareonly 65 and over population in which almost 52% of individuals have at least one condition.

Among Medicare-Medicaid enrollees that are under 65, all Medicare-Medicaid enrollee groups have similar levels of comorbidities. Approximately 26% of QMB-only enrollees present with three or more co-morbidities, while Full Benefit enrollees have a rate of 24% and Partial Benefit enrollees of 21%. A similar pattern is true when considering five or more comorbidities, ranging from 5% of Partial Benefit enrollees under 65 to 8% of QMB-only enrollees under 65.

Those who are Full Benefit enrollees 65 or older have a very different pattern than the other 65 and over cohorts with 22% presenting with five or more conditions and approximately 47% with three or more conditions. Rates of five or more conditions are approximately 3.7 times higher than any other Medicare-Medicaid enrollee 65 and over cohort and over four times higher than Medicareonly beneficiaries (5%). When considering three or more comorbidities, Full Benefit enrollees 65 and over have rates over twice as high as the other Medicare-Medicaid enrollees 65 and over and the Medicare-only cohort (21%).

by Medicare-Medicaid Eligibility Type and Age in Pennsylvania, CY 2008 90% 80% 70% 60% 50% 40%

Figure 3: Number of Physical and Mental Health Conditions among Fee-for-Service Enrollees

Source: CY 2008 MMLEADS data for FFS enrollees in Medicare and/or Medicaid

QMB-only (<65) Partial Benefit Medicaid-only

(<65)

■ 0 Conditions ■ 1-2 Conditions

30%

20%

10%

0%

**Full Benefit** (<65)

Note: While "QMB-only" Medicare-Medicaid enrollees are technically considered "Partial Benefit," in this Report QMB-only is presented separately from "Partial Benefit," with the latter referring only to all other types of Partial Benefit Medicare-Medicaid enrollees: Specified Low-Income Medicare Beneficiaries (i.e., "SLMB-only"), Qualified Disabled Working Individuals (i.e., "QDWI"), and Qualifying Individuals (i.e., "QI").

Full Benefit

(65+)

■ 3-4 Conditions

QMB-only (65+) Partial Benefit Medicare-only

■ 5+ Conditions

(65+)

Note: No conclusions are made based on the Medicaid-only enrollees with disability cohort as it includes only 2% of the cohort's population.

**Table 2** shows prevalence rates for a wider set of physical, mental health, and disability related conditions among enrollees by eligibility type. In general, we find higher prevalence rates for mental health conditions (except Alzheimer's) among beneficiaries under age 65 and higher prevalence of Alzheimer's and physical health conditions among those age 65 and older.

Overall, hypertension is the most prevalent condition across cohorts, with important differences between the under 65 and 65 and older groups. This condition has significantly higher prevalence among Full Benefit enrollees 65 and older (nearly 68%) than any other age/enrollee cohort, though over 37% of individuals in every segment 65 and over has a hypertension diagnosis. Beyond hypertension, there are a number of conditions that affect at least 25% of individuals in a given segment. These include hyperlipidemia (across all age/enrollee segments) as well as ischemic heart disease (in almost all 65 and older cohorts). Several conditions are particularly prevalent in the Full Benefit 65 and older cohort, including Alzheimer's and related disorders, anemia, chronic kidney disease, chronic obstructive pulmonary disease, heart failure and rheumatoid osteo-arthritis among others.

Table 2: Rate of Physical and Mental Health Conditions, and Conditions Related to Intellectual, Development and Physical Disabilities among Fee-for-Service Enrollees by Medicare-Medicaid Eligibility Type and Age in Pennsylvania, CY 2008

	•	, ,	<i>J</i> 1	3	,	•		
Condition	Full Benefit (<65)	QMB- only (<65)	Partial Benefit (<65)	Medicaid- only (<65)	Full Benefit (65+)	QMB- only (65+)	Partial Benefit (65+)	Medicare- only (65+)
Acquired hypothyroidism	8.4%	9.0%	5.0%	4.0%	14.7%	8.7%	6.2%	9.7%
Acute myocardial infarction	0.5%	1.3%	0.6%	0.3%	1.9%	1.1%	0.9%	1.2%
Alzheimer's disease and Alzheimer's related disorders	5.1%	1.8%	1.6%	11.6%	47.3%	7.4%	5.5%	10.6%
Anemia	20.4%	16.7%	13.1%	15.3%	40.8%	18.5%	14.9%	23.2%
Anxiety	18.1%	16.7%	13.3%	5.2%	12.3%	6.6%	5.2%	6.4%
Asthma	9.1%	9.0%	6.2%	2.0%	5.1%	2.8%	3.0%	3.8%
Atrial fibrillation	1.8%	1.6%	1.8%	1.6%	12.6%	6.3%	5.6%	10.8%
Attention deficit hyperactivity disorder (ADHD)	4.4%	2.2%	1.4%	8.2%	1.2%	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%
Autism	1.2%	0.2%	0.1%	9.4%	0.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Benign prostatic hyperplasia	1.7%	1.8%	1.4%	0.5%	4.8%	1.4%	2.4%	7.7%
Bipolar disorder	15.9%	18.9%	11.3%	5.8%	3.5%	1.0%	1.0%	0.7%
Brain injury	1.1%	0.7%	0.5%	1.3%	1.2%	0.2%	0.2%	0.4%
Breast cancer (Female)	0.4%	0.4%	0.6%	10.8%	0.8%	0.8%	0.9%	3.0%
Breast cancer (Male)	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Cataract	7.8%	4.0%	3.8%	5.2%	20.5%	13.4%	9.8%	26.1%
Cerebral palsy	3.3%	0.9%	0.3%	4.0%	0.6%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Chronic kidney disease	11.0%	8.2%	8.1%	8.8%	23.6%	11.4%	10.0%	13.0%
Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD)	10.9%	12.1%	9.8%	7.3%	21.7%	11.1%	11.5%	11.1%
Colorectal cancer (Female)	0.1%	0.1%	0.2%	0.5%	0.4%	0.4%	0.4%	0.9%
Colorectal cancer (Male)	0.1%	0.2%	0.1%	0.4%	0.5%	0.6%	0.4%	1.1%

Condition	Full Benefit (<65)	QMB- only (<65)	Partial Benefit (<65)	Medicaid- only (<65)	Full Benefit (65+)	QMB- only (65+)	Partial Benefit (65+)	Medicare- only (65+)
Cystic fibrosis	0.5%	0.2%	0.3%	0.6%	0.4%	0.1%	0.1%	0.2%
Deafness or hearing impairment	2.9%	2.0%	1.0%	1.1%	5.5%	1.6%	1.6%	3.9%
Depression	32.9%	32.3%	24.2%	11.7%	28.7%	8.0%	7.6%	9.8%
Diabetes	23.7%	24.8%	23.0%	15.2%	39.6%	23.0%	22.0%	26.4%
Endometrial cancer (Female)	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%	0.5%	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%	0.3%
Epilepsy	9.0%	5.3%	3.1%	6.9%	4.2%	1.0%	0.8%	1.0%
Glaucoma	3.8%	4.2%	2.6%	2.1%	9.0%	8.2%	5.0%	13.4%
Heart failure	10.2%	7.9%	8.4%	8.3%	36.8%	15.5%	14.2%	17.2%
Hip fracture	0.3%	0.2%	0.1%	0.2%	3.2%	0.5%	0.5%	1.0%
Hyperlipidemia	28.4%	26.6%	26.2%	5.8%	34.9%	31.1%	27.2%	51.7%
Hypertension	34.8%	35.4%	32.3%	18.1%	67.8%	46.2%	37.3%	63.0%
Intellectual disability	12.1%	2.4%	1.2%	6.4%	2.3%	0.6%	0.2%	0.0%
Ischemic heart disease	16.8%	15.8%	17.5%	9.9%	47.4%	25.2%	25.3%	36.3%
Learning disability	0.2%	0.6%	0.1%	1.5%	0.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Lung cancer (Female)	0.1%	0.2%	0.1%	0.4%	0.2%	0.2%	0.3%	0.5%
Lung cancer (Male)	0.1%	0.2%	0.2%	0.4%	0.4%	0.2%	0.5%	0.7%
Mobility disability	5.4%	1.8%	1.6%	10.0%	9.2%	1.3%	1.3%	1.9%
Multiple sclerosis	2.4%	1.1%	1.3%	2.6%	0.8%	0.2%	0.2%	0.2%
Muscular dystrophy	0.3%	0.0%	0.1%	0.4%	0.1%	0.1%	0.0%	0.0%
Osteoporosis	3.4%	2.6%	1.6%	1.2%	12.1%	6.2%	4.6%	9.3%
Other developmental disorder	0.3%	0.2%	0.1%	2.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Personality disorder	3.9%	4.4%	2.6%	0.7%	0.6%	0.2%	0.2%	0.1%
Post-traumatic stress disorder (PTSD)	2.4%	3.5%	1.8%	0.5%	0.1%	0.0%	0.1%	0.1%
Prostate cancer (Male)	0.1%	0.1%	0.2%	0.9%	1.5%	1.6%	1.3%	5.4%
Rheumatoid osteo-arthritis	19.3%	21.6%	17.6%	4.2%	38.9%	21.8%	18.4%	32.1%
Schizophrenia	14.4%	10.3%	8.9%	8.1%	13.2%	2.3%	1.6%	1.8%
Spina bifida	0.9%	0.6%	0.2%	1.0%	0.2%	0.2%	0.1%	0.1%
Spinal injury	0.8%	0.2%	0.2%	1.1%	0.4%	0.2%	0.1%	0.2%
Stroke	3.3%	3.8%	2.0%	4.7%	11.9%	5.0%	3.0%	4.9%
Tobacco use	18.0%	19.4%	15.2%	3.2%	4.4%	5.0%	4.7%	2.8%
Visual impairment	0.8%	2.9%	0.2%	0.5%	1.7%	2.2%	0.4%	0.4%

Source: CY 2008 MMLEADS data for FFS enrollees in Medicare and/or Medicaid

Note: While "QMB-only" Medicare-Medicaid enrollees are technically considered "Partial Benefit," in this Report QMB-only is presented separately from "Partial Benefit," with the latter referring only to all *other* types of Partial Benefit Medicare-Medicaid enrollees: Specified Low-Income Medicare Beneficiaries (i.e., "SLMB-only"), Qualified Disabled Working Individuals (i.e., "QDWI"), and Qualifying Individuals (i.e., "QI").

<u>Note</u>: No conclusions are made based on the Medicaid-only enrollees with disability cohort as it includes only 2% of the cohort's population.

Note: Sex-specific cancer prevalence rates are presented.

#### D. Utilization of Services among Fee-For-Service Enrollees

**Figure 4** shows the relative distribution of FFS service utilization among those Medicare-Medicaid enrollees under age 65. The three cohorts of Medicare-Medicaid enrollees under 65 tend to have similar utilization levels across the most utilized categories.

**Nursing Facility Claim** Personal Care Service **Hospital Outpatient** Encounter Physician Visit **Skilled Nursing Facility** Medicaid Prescription Fill Part D Prescription Fill Home Health Inpatient **Emergency Room Visit** 20% 40% 60% 80% 100% ■ Full Benefit Medicare-Medicaid Enrollee (<65) QMB-only Medicare-Medicaid Enrollee (<65)</p> ■ Partial Benefit Medicare-Medicaid Enrollee (<65) ■ Medicaid-only with Disability (<65)

Figure 4: Fee-for-Service Utilization Rates by Medicare-Medicaid Eligibility Type and Age (<65) in Pennsylvania, CY 2008

Source: CY 2008 MMLEADS data for FFS enrollees in Medicare and/or Medicaid

Note: While "QMB-only" Medicare-Medicaid enrollees are technically considered "Partial Benefit," in this Report QMB-only is presented separately from "Partial Benefit," with the latter referring only to all *other* types of Partial Benefit Medicare-Medicaid enrollees: Specified Low-Income Medicare Beneficiaries (i.e., "SLMB-only"), Qualified Disabled Working Individuals (i.e., "QDWI"), and Qualifying Individuals (i.e., "QI").

 $\underline{\text{Note}}$ : No conclusions are made based on the Medicaid-only enrollees with disability cohort as it includes only 2% of the cohort's population.

Note: No conclusions related to Medicaid utilization are made for the Full Benefit under 65 enrollee cohort as it includes only 3% of the cohort's population.

As shown in **Figure 5**, Medicare-Medicaid enrollees in the 65 and over cohort utilize services at higher rates than Medicare-only beneficiaries with the exception of physician visits. Full Benefit enrollees 65 and over utilize more services than the other Medicare-Medicaid enrollee cohorts across all categories.

**Nursing Facility Claim** Personal Care Service **Hospital Outpatient** Encounter Physician Visit **Skilled Nursing Facility** Medicaid Prescription Fill Part D Prescription Fill Home Health Inpatient **Emergency Room Visit** 0% 20% 40% 60% 80% 100% ■ Full Benefit Medicare-Medicaid Enrollee (65+) ■ QMB-only Medicare-Medicaid Enrollee (65+) ■ Partial Benefit Medicare-Medicaid Enrollee (65+) ■ Medicare-only (65+)

Figure 5: Fee-for-Service Utilization Rates by Medicare-Medicaid Eligibility Type and Age (65+) in Pennsylvania, CY 2008

Source: CY 2008 MMLEADS data for FFS enrollees in Medicare and/or Medicaid Note: While "QMB-only" Medicare-Medicaid enrollees are technically considered "Partial Benefit," in this Report QMB-only is presented separately from "Partial Benefit," with the latter referring only to all *other* types of Partial Benefit Medicare-Medicaid enrollees: Specified Low-Income Medicare Beneficiaries (i.e., "SLMB-only"), Qualified Disabled Working Individuals (i.e., "QDWI"), and Qualifying Individuals (i.e., "QI").

#### E. Medicare and Medicaid Expenditures among Fee-for-Service Enrollees

**Table 3** and **Figure 6** show the per capita expenditures for each of the eligibility/age subgroups. Full-Benefit Medicare-Medicaid enrollees 65 and over incur close to \$44,000 in per capita expenditures, close to four times the per capita expenditures of QMB-only enrollees 65 and over (\$11,000) and over five times those of the Partial Benefits beneficiaries 65 and over (approximately \$8,000). These Full Benefit enrollee expenditures are also close to five times higher than those of Medicare-only beneficiaries (approximately \$9,000).

Table 3: Total Fee-for-Service Medicaid and Medicare Expenditures by Medicare-Medicaid Eligibility Type and Age Category in Pennsylvania, CY 2008

	Number of Medicare FFS Enrollees	Medicare Per Capita Expenditures	Number of Medicaid FFS Enrollees	Medicaid Per Capita Expenditures	Total Per Capita Expenditures
Full Benefit (<65)	73,940	\$15,873	5,009	\$10,076	\$25,949
QMB-only (<65)	467	\$12,355	199	\$1,148	\$13,503
Partial Benefit (<65)	12,312	\$10,860	12,322	\$111	\$10,971
Medicaid-only with disability (<65)			6,648	\$34,637	\$34,637
Full Benefit (65+)	100,646	\$19,561	60,029	\$24,379	\$43,940
QMB-only (65+)	823	\$9,874	902	\$669	\$10,543
Partial Benefit (65+)	15,302	\$7,852	25,559	\$82	\$7,934
Medicare-only (65+)	928,590	\$8,985			\$8,985

Source: CY 2008 MMLEADS data for FFS enrollees in Medicare and/or Medicaid

Note: While "QMB-only" Medicare-Medicaid enrollees are technically considered "Partial Benefit," in this Report QMB-only is presented separately from "Partial Benefit," with the latter referring only to all *other* types of Partial Benefit Medicare-Medicaid enrollees: Specified Low-Income Medicare Beneficiaries (i.e., "SLMB-only"), Qualified Disabled Working Individuals (i.e., "QDWI"), and Qualifying Individuals (i.e., "QI").

<u>Note</u>: No conclusions are made based on the Medicaid-only enrollees with disability cohort as it includes only 2% of the cohort's population.

<u>Note</u>: No conclusions related to Medicaid expenditures are made for the Full Benefit under 65 enrollee cohort as it includes only 3% of the cohort's population.

**Figure 6** shows total per capita expenditures among FFS enrollees by eligibility type and age category. Full Benefit enrollees 65 and over have significantly higher expenditures than all other Medicare-Medicaid cohorts with Medicare expenditures responsible for less than 50% of the total spend.

\$50,000 \$45,000 \$40,000 \$35,000 \$30,000 \$25,000 \$20,000 \$15,000 \$10,000 \$5,000 \$-Full Benefit QMB-only (<65) Partial Benefit Medicaid-only Full Benefit QMB-only (65+) Partial Benefit Medicare-only (<65)with Disability (65+)(<65)(<65) ■ Medicare ■ Medicaid

Figure 6: Per Capita Annual Expenditures among Fee-for-Service Enrollees by Medicare-Medicaid Eligibility Type and Age in Pennsylvania, CY 2008

Source: CY 2008 MMLEADS data for FFS enrollees in Medicare and/or Medicaid

Note: While "QMB-only" Medicare-Medicaid enrollees are technically considered "Partial Benefit," in this Report QMB-only is presented separately from "Partial Benefit," with the latter referring only to all *other* types of Partial Benefit Medicare-Medicaid enrollees: Specified Low-income Medicare Beneficiaries (i.e., "SLMB-only"), Qualified Disabled Working Individuals (i.e., "QDWI"), and Qualifying Individuals (i.e., "QI").

<u>Note</u>: No conclusions are made based on the Medicaid-only enrollees with disability cohort as it includes only 2% of the cohort's population.

<u>Note</u>: No conclusions related to Medicaid expenditures are made for the Full Benefit under 65 enrollee cohort as it includes only 3% of the cohort's population.

#### 1. Medicare Expenditures

Total Medicare expenditures among FFS Medicare enrollees were examined by setting of care (Figure 7). The numbers of enrollees by eligibility type and age category are found in **Appendix** E. Examples of Medicare service types are found in **Appendix** C.

Medicare-Medicaid enrollees that are 65 and over have a higher percentage of their total Medicare expenditures that are comprised of Part A claims (48% to 56%) than those under 65 (35% to 43%). In the under 65 segment, Part D makes up a higher proportion of total Medicare expenditures (30% to 33%) compared to those 65 and over (18% to 21%).

Among Medicare-Medicaid enrollees 65 and over, Medicare Part B comprises a smaller proportion of Medicare expenditures, particularly for Full Benefit enrollees where this category is just over 16% of total expenditures, much lower than Medicare-only enrollees (approximately 29%). By contrast, Medicare Part D expenditures comprise a higher proportion of Medicare-Medicaid enrollees 65 and over expenditures (18% to 21%) compared to Part D expenditures for Medicare-only enrollees, which account for just over 6%

Medicaid Eligibility Type and Age in Pennsylvania, CY 2008 60% 50% 40%

Figure 7: Medicare Expenditure Distribution among Fee-for-Service Enrollees by Medicare-

30% 20% 10% 0% **Full Benefit** QMB-only Partial Benefit Full Benefit QMB-only Partial Benefit Medicare-only (<65)(<65)(<65)(65+)(65+)(65+)(65+)■ Hospital Outpatient Part A ■ Part B Part D

Source: CY 2008 MMLEADS data for FFS enrollees in Medicare

Note: While "QMB-only" Medicare-Medicaid enrollees are technically considered "Partial Benefit," in this Report QMB-only is presented separately from "Partial Benefit," with the latter referring only to all other types of Partial Benefit Medicare-Medicaid enrollees: Specified Low-Income Medicare Beneficiaries (i.e., "SLMB-only"), Qualified Disabled Working Individuals (i.e., "QDWI"), and Qualifying Individuals (i.e., "QI").

#### 2. Medicaid Expenditures

The distribution of Medicaid expenditures by service type was examined among FFS enrollees (**Figure 8**). The numbers of enrollees examined for each eligibility type and age category are found in **Appendix F**. The Medicaid service types and examples are found in **Appendix D**.

Among Medicare-Medicaid enrollee 65 and over, long-term institutional care represent the main Medicaid expenditure especially for Full Benefit enrollees and Partial Benefit enrollees where they account for over 90% of the expenditures. Among QMB-only enrollees 65 and over and Partial Benefit enrollees under 65, long-term institutional care represents the greatest portion of Medicaid expenses (49% and 55%, respectively), followed by acute services (40% and 34%, respectively). Acute services account for the vast majority of Medicaid spending for QMB-only enrollees under 65 (95%).

100% 90% 80% 70% 60% 50% 40% 30% 20% 10% 0% QMB-only (<65) Partial Benefit QMB-only (65+) Partial Benefit Full Benefit Medicaid-only Full Benefit (65+)(<65)(<65)(<65)(65+)Acute Drug ■ Long Term Institutional Long Term Non-Institutional

Figure 8: Medicaid Expenditure Distribution among Fee-for-Service Enrollees by Medicare-Medicaid Eligibility Type and Age in Pennsylvania, CY 2008

Source: CY 2008 MMLEADS data for FFS enrollees in Medicaid

Note: While "QMB-only" Medicare-Medicaid enrollees are technically considered "Partial Benefit," in this Report QMB-only is presented separately from "Partial Benefit," with the latter referring only to all *other* types of Partial Benefit Medicare-Medicaid enrollees: Specified low-Income Medicare Beneficiaries (i.e., "SLMB-only"), Qualified Disabled Working Individuals (i.e., "QDWI"), and Qualifying Individuals (i.e., "QI").

Note: No conclusions are made based on the Medicaid-only enrollees with disability cohort as it includes only 2% of the cohort's population.

<u>Note</u>: No conclusions are made for the Full Benefit under 65 enrollee cohort as it includes only 3% of the cohort's population.

## III. Acronym List

Acronym	Definition
ADHD	Attention Deficit hyperactivity Disorder
AMI	Acute Myocardial Infarction
ASC	Ambulatory Surgery Center
CCW	Chronic Condition Data Warehouse
CMS	Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services
COPD	Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease
DME	Durable Medical Equipment
ESRD	End-Stage Renal Disease
FFS	Fee-for-Service
НН	Home Health
НМО	Health Maintenance Organization
MAX	Medicaid Analytic Extract
MDS	Minimum Data Set
MMLEADS	Medicare-Medicaid Linked Enrollee Analytic Data Source
PTSD	Post-Traumatic Stress Disorder
QMB	Qualified Medicare Beneficiary

Appendix A: Representativeness of Study Population, CY 2008

		Conditions Prevalence Analyses	Medicare Expenditure and Utilization Analyses	Medicaid Expenditure and Utilization Analyses
Managed care exclusion criteria		Excludes enrollees with Medicare OR Medicaid managed care	Excludes enrollees with Medicare managed care	Excludes enrollees with Medicaid managed care
Other exclusion criteria		Excludes Medicaid-only enrollees eligible due to disability and ages 65+, excludes Medicare-only enrollees under age 65; excludes enrollees only eligible for part of the year	Excludes Medicaid- only enrollees eligible due to disability and ages 65+; excludes enrollees only eligible for part of the year	Excludes Medicare- only enrollees under age 65; excludes enrollees only eligible for part of the year
Cohorts	Study Population	as Percent of all Enrollees b	y Enrollee Type	
Full Benefit (<65)	146,568	51.0%	50.4%	3.4%
QMB-only (<65)	819	66.5%	57.0%	24.3%
Partial Benefit (<65)	21,088	80.7%	58.4%	58.4%
Medicaid-only with Disability (<65)	387,456	1.7%		1.7%
Full Benefit (65+)	178,903	63.9%	56.3%	33.6%
QMB-only (65+)	1,682	75.2%	48.9%	53.6%
Partial Benefit (65+)	34,819	84.5%	43.9%	73.4%
Medicare-only (65+)	1,763,752	52.6%	52.6%	

Source: CY 2008 MMLEADS data

Note: While "QMB-only" Medicare-Medicaid enrollees are technically considered "Partial Benefit," in this Report QMB-only is presented separately from "Partial Benefit," with the latter referring only to all *other* types of Partial Benefit Medicare-Medicaid enrollees: Specified Low-Income Medicare Beneficiaries (i.e., "SLMB-only"), Qualified Disabled Working Individuals (i.e., "QDWI"), and Qualifying Individuals (i.e., "QI").

#### Appendix B: Methodology

#### **Data sources**

Profiles were created for each state as well as for the nation as a whole using the 2008 CMS Medicare-Medicaid Linked Enrollee Analytic Data Source (MMLEADS). Across five linked files, MMLEADS combines person-level enrollment and claims summary data from Medicare and Medicaid thereby making possible a comprehensive examination of demographic characteristics, condition prevalence, and service-level utilization and payments for dually enrolled Medicare-Medicaid enrollees, as well as Medicare-only enrollees and Medicaid-only enrollees with disabilities. The MMLEADS Medicare Beneficiary File contains enrollment information obtained from the Medicare Enrollment Database (EDB). The MMLEADS Medicaid Beneficiary File consists of demographic information from the Medicaid Analytic eXtract (MAX) Person Summary (PS) file. MMLEADS also contains two service level files specific to Medicare and Medicaid, as well as one aggregated health conditions file.

The percentage of the overall Medicare and Medicaid population comprised of Medicare-Medicaid eligible enrollees (Partial Benefit, QMB-only and Full Benefit Medicare-Medicaid enrollees) was examined by state and compared to national totals.

A listing of all the source data files appears in **Table B-1**.

Data SourceInput to Research FileMMLEADS Medicare Beneficiary File 2008Cohort identification, demographics, and monthly Medicare enrollment for all Medicare-Medicaid enrollees and Medicare-only enrolleesMMLEADS Medicaid Beneficiary File 2008Cohort identification, demographics, and monthly Medicaid enrollment for all Medicare-Medicaid enrollees and Medicaid-only enrollees with disabilityMMLEADS Condition File 2008Prevalence of conditions of interestMMLEADS Medicare Service-level File 2008Medicare setting specific utilization and expenditureMMLEADS Medicaid Service-level File 2008Medicaid setting specific expenditure and utilization

Table B-1: Description of Data Sources

#### Sample Identification and Data File Construction

#### 1. Demographic characteristics

Because individuals may reside in more than one state in a given year, algorithms were necessary to assign each individual to only one state. Therefore, in our study population, Medicare-Medicaid eligible and Medicaid-only enrollees with disabilities were assigned to states based on state submitted Medicaid Statistical Information System (MSIS) data available in the MAX Personal Summary (PS) file. Medicare-only enrollees were assigned a single state based on the billing address of the individual at the end of 2008 as reported in the Medicare Enrollment Database (EDB).

Age was categorized into four groups: under 40, 40-64, 65-84, and 85+ years. Age category assignments were determined using an enrollee's age as of December 31, 2008 or the age at death if an individual died during 2008. Race/ethnicity characteristics for Medicare-only and Medicare-

Medicaid eligible enrollees were from the RTI race code. Race for Medicaid-only with disability enrollees was based on the state reported race code available in the MAX PS file. The race values for each eligibility group are similar, but the RTI race code available for Medicare enrollees uses additional logic for assignment of race based on surname. The RTI race code was not available for Medicaid enrollees since the MAX file does not contain surname. Race was categorized as Non-Hispanic White, African American, Hispanic, Asian/Pacific Islander, American Indian/Alaskan Native, and Other Races.

#### 2. Exclusion of Managed Care Enrollees

Statistics related to condition prevalence, utilization and annual expenditures were limited to full FFS enrollees. Specifically, analyses of condition prevalence were limited to enrollees with FFS Medicare or Medicaid since complete administrative claims would be available through one program for identification of conditions. Analyses of Medicare payment and utilization statistics were limited to FFS Medicare enrollees, and Medicaid payment and utilization statistics were limited to FFS Medicaid enrollees. Please see **Appendix A** for a detailed analysis of the representativeness of the study populations.

There are multiple reasons for this method of sample identification. The encounter claims for Medicare managed care were not available for 2008 data, as Medicare did not begin collecting them until 2012. In addition, while the CCW data include complete FFS claims for Medicaid and Medicare (as provider reimbursement is conditional upon submission of accurate and complete claims for FFS enrollees), the completeness of Medicaid encounter data is known to vary by state. We chose to structure our analysis in a fashion that would ensure a consistent methodological approach for each state analyzed.

Medicare full FFS enrollees were defined as those with Medicare Part A and Part B coverage and no Medicare Advantage coverage for all months alive during the reference year. Medicaid full FFS enrollees were defined as those without eligible pre-paid plan coverage of comprehensive managed care, long term care managed care, program of all-inclusive care for the elderly (PACE), primary care case management (PCCM), behavioral managed care, or prenatal managed care.

To allow for suitable comparisons, the FFS populations were categorized into eight groups by Medicare-Medicaid eligibility type and age category (<65 or 65+ years) for analyses of condition prevalence, utilization, and expenditures:

- 1. Full Benefit Medicare-Medicaid enrollees (<65)
- 2. QMB-only Medicare-Medicaid enrollees (<65)
- 3. Partial Benefit Medicare-Medicaid enrollees (<65)
- 4. Medicaid-only with a disability (<65) and
- 5. Full Benefit Medicare-Medicaid enrollees (65+)
- 6. QMB-only Medicare-Medicaid enrollees (65+)
- 7. Partial Benefit Medicare-Medicaid enrollees (65+)
- 8. Medicare-only (65+)

#### 3. Health, Mental Health and Disability-related Conditions

Prevalence rates for a wide set of physical, mental health, and disability-related conditions were examined by Medicare-Medicaid eligibility type and age category.

A subset of these conditions, based on algorithms created for analysis of Medicare and/or Medicaid enrollees, were utilized to determine the total count of conditions per individual by Medicare-Medicaid eligibility and age group. **Table B-2** lists conditions evaluated in the study populations and indicates which of these were included in a count of conditions per enrollee. Some conditions were grouped into categories to reduce duplication while others were excluded as they were not accurate indicators of ongoing comorbidities in the population. Details of groupings and logic for inclusion or exclusion are included in **Table B-2**.

Table B-2: Inclusion of Conditions in Condition Count

Condition	Category used in Condition Count	Comments
Acquired hypothyroidism		Excluded since the condition is easily maintained with medication
Acute myocardial infarction (AMI)	Heart disease/failure	Counted as part of Heart disease/failure condition including AMI, IHD, and Heart failure
Alzheimer's disease and Alzheimer's related disorders	Alzheimer's disease and Alzheimer's related disorders	
Anemia		Excluded as it may be a symptom of another condition
Anxiety	Anxiety & PTSD	Counted as part of a condition including anxiety and PTSD
Asthma	Asthma & COPD	Counted as part of a condition including COPD and asthma
Atrial fibrillation		Excluded as it may be a symptom of another condition and has low prevalence
Attention deficit hyperactivity disorder (ADHD)		Excluded since it has less relevance for the Medicare- Medicaid population
Autism	Intellectual & developmental disabilities	Counted as part of a condition including autism, learning disabilities, intellectual & related disabilities, and other developmental delays
Benign prostatic hyperplasia		Excluded as it is a benign condition, common in men over 50, that is not related to cancer risk
Bipolar disorder	Bipolar disorder	
Brain injury	Mobility-related impairments & spine/brain injury	Counted as part of a condition including mobility impariments, spinal cord injury, and brain injury
Breast cancer (Female)	Cancer	Counted as part of a condition including breast, colorectal, endometrial, lung, and prostate cancers
Breast cancer (Male)	Cancer	Counted as part of a condition including breast, colorectal, endometrial, lung, and prostate cancers
Cataract	Visual impairment	Counted as part of a visual impairment condition including cataract, glaucoma, and blindness/visual impairment
Cerebral palsy	Cerebral palsy	
Chronic kidney disease	Chronic kidney disease	

Condition	Category used in Condition Count	Comments
Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD)	Asthma & COPD	Counted as part of a condition including COPD and asthma
Colorectal cancer (Female)	Cancer	Counted as part of a condition including breast, colorectal, endometrial, lung, and prostate cancers
Colorectal cancer (Male)	Cancer	Counted as part of a condition including breast, colorectal, endometrial, lung, and prostate cancers
Cystic fibrosis	Cystic fibrosis	
Deafness or hearing impairment	Deafness & hearing impairment	
Depression	Depression	
Diabetes	Diabetes	
Endometrial cancer (Female)	Cancer	Counted as part of a condition including breast , colorectal, endometrial, lung, and prostate cancers
Epilepsy	Epilepsy	
Glaucoma	Visual impairment	Counted as part of a visual impairment condition including cataract, glaucoma, and blindness/visual impairment
Heart failure	Heart disease/failure	Counted as part of Heart Disease/failure condition including AMI, IHD, and Heart failure
Hip fracture		Excluded as this is a distinct event occuring at one point in time rather than an ongoing condition
Hyperlipidemia		Excluded as it may be a symptom of a more serious condition
Hypertension		Excluded as it may be a symptom of a more serious condition
Intellectual disability	Intellectual & developmental disabilities	Counted as part of a condition including autism, learning disabilities, intellectual & related disabilities, and other developmental delays
Ischemic heart disease (IHD)	Heart disease/failure	Counted as part of Heart Disease/failure condition including AMI, IHD, and Heart failure
Learning disability	Intellectual & developmental disabilities	Counted as part of a condition including autism, learning disabilities, intellectual & related disabilities, and other developmental delays
Lung cancer (Female)	Cancer	Counted as part of a condition including breast, colorectal, endometrial, lung, and prostate cancers
Lung cancer (Male)	Cancer	Counted as part of a condition including breast, colorectal, endometrial, lung, and prostate cancers
Mobility disability	Mobility-related impairments & spine/brain injury	Counted as part of a condition including mobility impariments, spinal cord injury, and brain injury
Multiple sclerosis	Multiple sclerosis	
Muscular dystrophy	Muscular dystrophy	
Osteoporosis	Osteoporosis	
Other developmental disorder	Intellectual & developmental disabilities	Counted as part of a condition including autism, learning disabilities, intellectual & related disabilities, and other developmental delays

Condition	Category used in Condition Count	Comments
Personality disorder	Personality disorder	
Post-traumatic stress disorder (PTSD)	Anxiety & PTSD	Counted as part of a condition including anxiety and PTSD
Prostate cancer (Male)	Cancer	Counted as part of a condition including breast, colorectal, endometrial, lung, and prostate cancers
Rheumatoid osteo-arthritis	Rheumatoid osteo- arthritis	
Schizophrenia	Schizophrenia	
Spina bifida	Spina bifida	
Spinal injury	Mobility-related impairments & spine/brain injury	Counted as part of a condition including mobility impariments, spinal cord injury, and brain injury
Stroke	Stroke	
Tobacco use		Excluded since this is a behavior that is a risk factor for developing other conditions
Visual impairment	Visual impairment	Counted as part of a visual impairment condition including cataract, glaucoma, and blindness/visual impairment

Five individual cancer conditions (breast, endometrial, prostate, colorectal, and lung) were combined to create an overall cancer condition, and other similar diagnoses were grouped together and counted once for each condition. The final list of conditions included in the condition count include the following: Alzheimer's disease and Alzheimer's related disorders, asthma & chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD), anxiety & PTSD, bipolar disorder, cancer, cerebral palsy, chronic kidney disease, cystic fibrosis, deafness & hearing impairment, depression, diabetes, epilepsy, heart disease/failure, intellectual & developmental disabilities, mobility-related impairments & spine/brain injury, multiple sclerosis, muscular dystrophy, osteoporosis, personality disorder, rheumatoid osteo-arthritis, schizophrenia, spina bifida, stroke, and visual impairment.

Proportions of Medicare-Medicaid, Medicare-only, and Medicaid-only enrollees with disability populations in the following categories were examined: enrollees with none of the included conditions, one to two conditions, three to four conditions, and five or more conditions.

#### 4. Medicare and Medicaid Utilization

The services covered by Medicare and Medicaid differ. Medicare utilization statistics included the following: hospital outpatient services, skilled nursing facilities (SNF), and Medicare Part D prescription fills. Medicaid utilization statistics included the following: Medicaid drug prescriptions, personal care services, and nursing facility claims. The services covered by Medicare and Medicaid, including emergency room, inpatient stays, and home health visits were examined across programs. Per capita utilization rates of these services were examined for full FFS enrollees.

#### 5. Medicare and Medicaid Expenditures

The percentage of total expenditures by Medicare-Medicaid eligibility type was calculated, including the mean per capita Medicare and Medicaid expenditures and the proportion of Medicare expenditures attributed to Medicare Parts A, Part B (non-institutional), Hospital Outpatient (Part B Institutional) and Part D claims. The distribution of Medicaid expenditures are presented by service type based on circumstances of care. Medicare and Medicaid service types are listed in **Appendix C** and **Appendix D** respectively.

#### **Study Limitations**

The condition, utilization, and expenditure analyses necessarily excluded enrollees who received services under Medicare and Medicaid managed care programs since, in 2008, managed care encounter claims were not reported to Medicare and were not reliably reported to Medicaid. As a result, statistics presented may not be entirely generalizable to the entire enrolled populations. This warrants concern given that state Medicaid programs are heading in the direction of managed care programs instead of FFS, and Medicare eligible individuals enrolled in managed care programs may not have as high a rate of chronic conditions as FFS Medicare enrollees.

Forty-six percent of the Pennsylvania cohort in the MMLEADS data did not receive benefits under FFS in either Medicare or Medicaid programs and were excluded from the condition analysis. Refer to **Appendix E** and **Appendix F** for more information about managed care enrollment and population sizes.

## Appendix C: Claim Types Included in Medicare Services

Medicare Service Type	Included Services
	Community Mental Health Center
	End Stage Renal Disease
	Other Hospital Outpatient
Hospital Outpatient	Other Skilled Nursing Facility
	Outpatient Clinic
	Outpatient Prospective Payment Schedule
	Outpatient Therapy
	Home Health
	Hospice
Part A	Inpatient
raitA	Other Inpatient (Inpatient Psychiatric Facility)
	Other Post Acture Care (Long Term Care, Inpatient Rehabilitation Facility)
	Skilled Nursing Facility
	Ambulatory Surgical Center
	Durable Medical Equipment
	Imaging
Part B	Laboratory and Testing
	Part B Drug
	Physician Evaluation and Management
	Procedure
Part D	Prescription Drug

## Appendix D: Claim Types Included in Medicaid Services

O1 - Inpatient hospital   11 - Outpatient hospital   08 - Physician   15 - Lab X-ray   09 - Dental   10 - Other practitioners   12 - Clinic   19 - Other services   24 - Sterilizations   25 - Abortions   34 - PT, OT, Speech, Hearing services   36 - Nurse midwife services   37 - Nurse midwife services   39 - Religious non-medical health care institutions   53 - Psychiatric services   39 - Unknown   02 - Mental hospital services   o16 - Intermediate care facility (ICF) for individuals with intellectual disabilities   07 - Nursing facility services (INFS) - all other   33 - Rehabilitative services (INFS) - all other   33 - Rehabilitative services, waiver   13 - Home health   35 - Hospice benefits   51 - Durable medical equipment (DME) and supplies (including emergency response systems and home modifications   30 - Personal care services   31 - Targeted case management   38 - Private duty nursing   20 - Capitated payments to HMO or HIO plan   21 - Capitated payments to prepaid health plans (PHPs)   22 - Capitated payments to prepaid health plans (PHPs)   22 - Capitated payments to prepaid health plans (PHPs)   22 - Capitated payments to prepaid health plans (PHPs)   22 - Capitated payments to prepaid health plans (PHPs)   22 - Capitated payments for primary care case management (PCCM)   0ther   0ther	Medicaid Service Type	Included Services (Medicaid Type of Service)
08 - Physician 15 - Lab X-ray 09 - Dental 10 - Other practitioners 12 - Clinic 19 - Other services 24 - Sterilizations 25 - Abortions 34 - PT, OT, Speech, Hearing services 36 - Nurse midwife services 37 - Nurse practitioner services 39 - Religious non-medical health care institutions 53 - Psychiatric services 39 - Unknown  Drug 16 - Prescribed drugs 02 - Mental hospital services for the aged 04 - Inpatient psychiatric facility for individuals under the age of 21 05 - Intermediate care facility (ICF) for individuals with intellectual disabilities 07 - Nursing facility services (NFS) - all other 33 - Rehabilitative services, waiver 13 - Home health 35 - Hospice benefits 51 - Durable medical equipment (DME) and supplies (including emergency response systems and home modifications 30 - Personal care services 51 - Durable medical equipment (DME) and supplies (including emergency response systems and home modifications 31 - Targeted case management 38 - Private duty nursing 20 - Capitated payments to HMO or HIO plan 21 - Capitated payments to prepaid health plans (PHPs) 22 - Capitated payments to prepaid health plans (PHPs)		01 - Inpatient hospital
Acute    15 - Lab X-ray   09 - Dental   10 - Other practitioners   12 - Clinic   19 - Other services   24 - Sterilizations   25 - Abortions   34 - PT, OT, Speech, Hearing services   36 - Nurse midwife services   37 - Nurse practitioner services   39 - Religious non-medical health care institutions   53 - Psychiatric services   39 - Unknown   53 - Psychiatric services   99 - Unknown   16 - Prescribed drugs   02 - Mental hospital services for the aged   04 - Inpatient psychiatric facility (ICF) for individuals under the age of 21   05 - Intermediate care facility (ICF) for individuals with intellectual disabilities   07 - Nursing facility services (NFS) - all other   33 - Rehabilitative services, waiver   13 - Home health   35 - Hospice benefits   51 - Durable medical equipment (DMF) and supplies (including emergency response systems and home modifications   30 - Personal care services   31 - Targeted case management   38 - Private duty nursing   20 - Capitated payments to HMO or HIO plan   21 - Capitated payments to HMO or HIO plan   21 - Capitated payments to prepaid health plans (PHPs)   22 - Capitated payments for primary care case management (PCCM)		11 - Outpatient hospital
Acute    10 - Other practitioners		08 - Physician
Acute  10 - Other practitioners 12 - Clinic 19 - Other services 24 - Sterilizations 25 - Abortions 34 - PT, OT, Speech, Hearing services 36 - Nurse midwife services 37 - Nurse practitioner services 39 - Religious non-medical health care institutions 53 - Psychiatric services 99 - Unknown  Drug  16 - Prescribed drugs 02 - Mental hospital services for the aged 04 - Inpatient psychiatric facility for individuals under the age of 21 05 - Intermediate care facility (ICF) for individuals with intellectual disabilities 07 - Nursing facility services (NFS) - all other 33 - Rehabilitative services, waiver 13 - Home health 35 - Hospice benefits 51 - Durable medical equipment (DME) and supplies (including emergency response systems and home modifications 30 - Personal care services 52 - Residential care 54 - Adult day care 26 - Transportation services 31 - Targeted case management 38 - Private duty nursing 20 - Capitated payments to HMO or HIO plan  Managed Care  Managed Care		15 - Lab X-ray
Acute    12 - Clinic   19 - Other services   24 - Sterilizations   25 - Abortions   34 - PT, OT, Speech, Hearing services   36 - Nurse midwife services   37 - Nurse practitioner services   39 - Religious non-medical health care institutions   53 - Psychiatric services   99 - Unknown   16 - Prescribed drugs   02 - Mental hospital services for the aged   04 - Inpatient psychiatric facility (for individuals under the age of 21   05 - Intermediate care facility (ICF) for individuals with intellectual disabilities   07 - Nursing facility services (NFS) - all other   33 - Rehabilitative services, waiver   13 - Home health   35 - Hospice benefits   51 - Durable medical equipment (DME) and supplies (including emergency response systems and home modifications   30 - Personal care services   52 - Residential care   54 - Adult day care   26 - Transportation services   31 - Targeted case management   38 - Private duty nursing   20 - Capitated payments to HMO or HIO plan   21 - Capitated payments to prepaid health plans (PHPs)   22 - Capitated payments for primary care case management (PCCM)		09 - Dental
Acute  19 - Other services 24 - Sterilizations 25 - Abortions 34 - PT, OT, Speech, Hearing services 36 - Nurse midwife services 37 - Nurse practitioner services 39 - Religious non-medical health care institutions 53 - Psychiatric services 99 - Unknown  Drug 16 - Prescribed drugs 02 - Mental hospital services for the aged 04 - Inpatient psychiatric facility for individuals under the age of 21 05 - Intermediate care facility (ICF) for individuals with intellectual disabilities 07 - Nursing facility services (NFS) - all other 33 - Rehabilitative services, waiver 13 - Home health 35 - Hospice benefits 51 - Durable medical equipment (DME) and supplies (including emergency response systems and home modifications 30 - Personal care services 52 - Residential care 54 - Adult day care 26 - Transportation services 31 - Targeted case management 33 - Private duty nursing 20 - Capitated payments to HMO or HIO plan 21 - Capitated payments to prepaid health plans (PHPs) 22 - Capitated payments for primary care case management (PCCM)		10 - Other practitioners
Acute  24 - Sterilizations  25 - Abortions  34 - PT, OT, Speech, Hearing services  36 - Nurse midwife services  37 - Nurse practitioner services  39 - Religious non-medical health care institutions  53 - Psychiatric services  99 - Unknown  Drug  16 - Prescribed drugs  02 - Mental hospital services for the aged  04 - Inpatient psychiatric facility for individuals under the age of 21  05 - Intermediate care facility (ICF) for individuals with intellectual disabilities  07 - Nursing facility services (NFS) - all other  33 - Rehabilitative services, waiver  13 - Home health  35 - Hospice benefits  51 - Durable medical equipment (DME) and supplies (including emergency response systems and home modifications  30 - Personal care services  52 - Residential care  54 - Adult day care  26 - Transportation services  31 - Targeted case management  38 - Private duty nursing  20 - Capitated payments to HMO or HIO plan  Managed Care		12 - Clinic
24 - Sterilizations 25 - Abortions 34 - PT, OT, Speech, Hearing services 36 - Nurse midwife services 37 - Nurse practitioner services 39 - Religious non-medical health care institutions 53 - Psychiatric services 99 - Unknown  Drug 16 - Prescribed drugs 02 - Mental hospital services for the aged 04 - Inpatient psychiatric facility for individuals under the age of 21 05 - Intermediate care facility (ICF) for individuals with intellectual disabilities 07 - Nursing facility services (NFS) - all other 33 - Rehabilitative services, waiver 13 - Home health 35 - Hospice benefits 51 - Durable medical equipment (DME) and supplies (including emergency response systems and home modifications 30 - Personal care services 52 - Residential care 54 - Adult day care 26 - Transportation services 31 - Targeted case management 38 - Private duty nursing 20 - Capitated payments to HMO or HIO plan  Managed Care	Acuto	19 - Other services
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36 - Nurse midwife services 37 - Nurse practitioner services 39 - Religious non-medical health care institutions 53 - Psychiatric services 99 - Unknown  Drug  16 - Prescribed drugs  02 - Mental hospital services for the aged 04 - Inpatient psychiatric facility for individuals under the age of 21 05 - Intermediate care facility (ICF) for individuals with intellectual disabilities 07 - Nursing facility services (NFS) - all other  33 - Rehabilitative services, waiver 13 - Home health 35 - Hospice benefits 51 - Durable medical equipment (DME) and supplies (including emergency response systems and home modifications 30 - Personal care services 52 - Residential care 54 - Adult day care 26 - Transportation services 31 - Targeted case management 38 - Private duty nursing 20 - Capitated payments to HMO or HIO plan  Managed Care  11 - Capitated payments to prepaid health plans (PHPs) 22 - Capitated payments for primary care case management (PCCM)		25 - Abortions
37 - Nurse practitioner services 39 - Religious non-medical health care institutions 53 - Psychiatric services 99 - Unknown  Drug 16 - Prescribed drugs 02 - Mental hospital services for the aged 04 - Inpatient psychiatric facility for individuals under the age of 21 05 - Intermediate care facility (ICF) for individuals with intellectual disabilities 07 - Nursing facility services (NFS) - all other 33 - Rehabilitative services, waiver 13 - Home health 35 - Hospice benefits 51 - Durable medical equipment (DME) and supplies (including emergency response systems and home modifications 30 - Personal care services 52 - Residential care 54 - Adult day care 26 - Transportation services 31 - Targeted case management 38 - Private duty nursing  Managed Care  Managed Care 20 - Capitated payments to HMO or HIO plan 21 - Capitated payments to prepaid health plans (PHPs) 22 - Capitated payments for primary care case management (PCCM)		34 - PT, OT, Speech, Hearing services
39 - Religious non-medical health care institutions 53 - Psychiatric services 99 - Unknown  16 - Prescribed drugs 02 - Mental hospital services for the aged 04 - Inpatient psychiatric facility for individuals under the age of 21 05 - Intermediate care facility (ICF) for individuals with intellectual disabilities 07 - Nursing facility services (NFS) - all other  33 - Rehabilitative services, waiver 13 - Home health 35 - Hospice benefits 51 - Durable medical equipment (DME) and supplies (including emergency response systems and home modifications 30 - Personal care services 52 - Residential care 54 - Adult day care 26 - Transportation services 31 - Targeted case management 38 - Private duty nursing  Managed Care  Managed Care  29 - Capitated payments to HMO or HIO plan 21 - Capitated payments to prepaid health plans (PHPs) 22 - Capitated payments for primary care case management (PCCM)		36 - Nurse midwife services
S3 - Psychiatric services		37 - Nurse practitioner services
Pury   16 - Prescribed drugs		39 - Religious non-medical health care institutions
Drug 16 - Prescribed drugs  02 - Mental hospital services for the aged  04 - Inpatient psychiatric facility for individuals under the age of 21  05 - Intermediate care facility (ICF) for individuals with intellectual disabilities  07 - Nursing facility services (NFS) - all other  33 - Rehabilitative services, waiver  13 - Home health  35 - Hospice benefits  51 - Durable medical equipment (DME) and supplies (including emergency response systems and home modifications  30 - Personal care services  52 - Residential care  54 - Adult day care  26 - Transportation services  31 - Targeted case management  38 - Private duty nursing  20 - Capitated payments to HMO or HIO plan  Managed Care  16 - Prescribed drugs  02 - Mental hospital services for the aged  04 - Inpatient psychiatric facility for individuals under the age of 21  05 - Intermediate care facility (ICF) for individuals under the age of 21  05 - Intermediate care facility (ICF) for individuals under the age of 21  05 - Intermediate care facility (ICF) for individuals under the age of 21  13 - Home health  35 - Hospice benefits  51 - Durable medical equipment (DME) and supplies (including emergency response systems and home modifications  30 - Personal care services  52 - Residential care  54 - Adult day care  26 - Transportation services  31 - Targeted case management  32 - Private duty nursing  20 - Capitated payments to HMO or HIO plan  21 - Capitated payments to prepaid health plans (PHPs)  22 - Capitated payments for primary care case management (PCCM)		53 - Psychiatric services
Long Term Care Institutional  02 - Mental hospital services for the aged 04 - Inpatient psychiatric facility for individuals under the age of 21 05 - Intermediate care facility (ICF) for individuals with intellectual disabilities 07 - Nursing facility services (NFS) - all other  33 - Rehabilitative services, waiver 13 - Home health 35 - Hospice benefits 51 - Durable medical equipment (DME) and supplies (including emergency response systems and home modifications 30 - Personal care services 52 - Residential care 54 - Adult day care 26 - Transportation services 31 - Targeted case management 38 - Private duty nursing 20 - Capitated payments to HMO or HIO plan  Managed Care  02 - Capitated payments to prepaid health plans (PHPs) 22 - Capitated payments for primary care case management (PCCM)		99 - Unknown
Long Term Care Institutional  04 - Inpatient psychiatric facility for individuals under the age of 21  05 - Intermediate care facility (ICF) for individuals with intellectual disabilities  07 - Nursing facility services (NFS) - all other  33 - Rehabilitative services, waiver  13 - Home health  35 - Hospice benefits  51 - Durable medical equipment (DME) and supplies (including emergency response systems and home modifications  30 - Personal care services  52 - Residential care  54 - Adult day care  26 - Transportation services  31 - Targeted case management  38 - Private duty nursing  20 - Capitated payments to HMO or HIO plan  Managed Care  21 - Capitated payments to prepaid health plans (PHPs)  22 - Capitated payments for primary care case management (PCCM)	Drug	16 - Prescribed drugs
Long Term Care Institutional  05 - Intermediate care facility (ICF) for individuals with intellectual disabilities 07 - Nursing facility services (NFS) - all other  33 - Rehabilitative services, waiver 13 - Home health 35 - Hospice benefits 51 - Durable medical equipment (DME) and supplies (including emergency response systems and home modifications 30 - Personal care services 52 - Residential care 54 - Adult day care 26 - Transportation services 31 - Targeted case management 38 - Private duty nursing 20 - Capitated payments to HMO or HIO plan 21 - Capitated payments to prepaid health plans (PHPs) 22 - Capitated payments for primary care case management (PCCM)		02 - Mental hospital services for the aged
D5 - Intermediate care facility (ICF) for individuals with intellectual disabilities  07 - Nursing facility services (NFS) - all other  33 - Rehabilitative services, waiver  13 - Home health  35 - Hospice benefits  51 - Durable medical equipment (DME) and supplies (including emergency response systems and home modifications  30 - Personal care services  52 - Residential care  54 - Adult day care  26 - Transportation services  31 - Targeted case management  38 - Private duty nursing  20 - Capitated payments to HMO or HIO plan  Managed Care  21 - Capitated payments to prepaid health plans (PHPs)  22 - Capitated payments for primary care case management (PCCM)	Long Town Cove Institutional	04 - Inpatient psychiatric facility for individuals under the age of 21
Long Term Care Non-Institutional  Long Term Care Non-Institutional  Long Term Care Non-Institutional  33 - Rehabilitative services, waiver  13 - Home health  35 - Hospice benefits  51 - Durable medical equipment (DME) and supplies (including emergency response systems and home modifications  30 - Personal care services  52 - Residential care  54 - Adult day care  26 - Transportation services  31 - Targeted case management  38 - Private duty nursing  20 - Capitated payments to HMO or HIO plan  21 - Capitated payments to prepaid health plans (PHPs)  22 - Capitated payments for primary care case management (PCCM)	Long Term Care Institutional	05 - Intermediate care facility (ICF) for individuals with intellectual disabilities
Long Term Care Non-Institutional  Long Term Care Non-Institutional  Long Term Care Non-Institutional  30 - Personal care services  52 - Residential care  54 - Adult day care  26 - Transportation services  31 - Targeted case management  38 - Private duty nursing  20 - Capitated payments to HMO or HIO plan  21 - Capitated payments to prepaid health plans (PHPs)  22 - Capitated payments for primary care case management (PCCM)		07 - Nursing facility services (NFS) - all other
Long Term Care Non-Institutional  Long Term Care Non-Institutional  30 - Personal care services 52 - Residential care 54 - Adult day care 26 - Transportation services 31 - Targeted case management 38 - Private duty nursing 20 - Capitated payments to HMO or HIO plan 21 - Capitated payments to prepaid health plans (PHPs) 22 - Capitated payments for primary care case management (PCCM)		33 - Rehabilitative services, waiver
Long Term Care Non-Institutional    Solution		13 - Home health
Long Term Care Non-Institutional  30 - Personal care services  52 - Residential care  54 - Adult day care  26 - Transportation services  31 - Targeted case management  38 - Private duty nursing  20 - Capitated payments to HMO or HIO plan  21 - Capitated payments to prepaid health plans (PHPs)  22 - Capitated payments for primary care case management (PCCM)		35 - Hospice benefits
52 - Residential care 54 - Adult day care 26 - Transportation services 31 - Targeted case management 38 - Private duty nursing 20 - Capitated payments to HMO or HIO plan 21 - Capitated payments to prepaid health plans (PHPs) 22 - Capitated payments for primary care case management (PCCM)		
52 - Residential care 54 - Adult day care 26 - Transportation services 31 - Targeted case management 38 - Private duty nursing 20 - Capitated payments to HMO or HIO plan 21 - Capitated payments to prepaid health plans (PHPs) 22 - Capitated payments for primary care case management (PCCM)	Long Term Care Non-Institutional	30 - Personal care services
26 - Transportation services  31 - Targeted case management  38 - Private duty nursing  20 - Capitated payments to HMO or HIO plan  21 - Capitated payments to prepaid health plans (PHPs)  22 - Capitated payments for primary care case management (PCCM)		52 - Residential care
31 - Targeted case management 38 - Private duty nursing 20 - Capitated payments to HMO or HIO plan 21 - Capitated payments to prepaid health plans (PHPs) 22 - Capitated payments for primary care case management (PCCM)		54 - Adult day care
38 - Private duty nursing  20 - Capitated payments to HMO or HIO plan  21 - Capitated payments to prepaid health plans (PHPs)  22 - Capitated payments for primary care case management (PCCM)		26 - Transportation services
Managed Care 20 - Capitated payments to HMO or HIO plan 21 - Capitated payments to prepaid health plans (PHPs) 22 - Capitated payments for primary care case management (PCCM)		31 - Targeted case management
Managed Care  21 - Capitated payments to prepaid health plans (PHPs)  22 - Capitated payments for primary care case management (PCCM)		38 - Private duty nursing
22 - Capitated payments for primary care case management (PCCM)		20 - Capitated payments to HMO or HIO plan
	Managed Care	21 - Capitated payments to prepaid health plans (PHPs)
Other Charges but Type of Service was not populated		22 - Capitated payments for primary care case management (PCCM)
	Other	Charges but Type of Service was not populated

Appendix E: Medicare Fee-for-Service Enrollee Count by Medicare-Medicaid Eligibility Type Examined in the Medicare Expenditure Analysis, Pennsylvania, CY 2008

	Medicare Managed Care		Medicare Fee-for-Service		Not all Months Alive Medicare Fee-for-Service		Total Medicare
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Denominator
Full Benefit (<65)	58,009	39.6%	73,940	50.4%	14,619	10.0%	146,568
QMB-only (<65)	284	34.7%	467	57.0%	68	8.3%	819
Partial Benefit (<65)	7,496	35.5%	12,312	58.4%	1,280	6.1%	21,088
Full Benefit (65+)	70,298	39.3%	100,646	56.3%	7,959	4.4%	178,903
QMB-only (65+)	816	48.5%	823	48.9%	43	2.6%	1,682
Partial Benefit (65+)	18,915	54.3%	15,302	43.9%	602	1.7%	34,819
Medicare-only (65+)	677,961	38.4%	928,590	52.6%	157,201	8.9%	1,763,752

Note: While "QMB-only" Medicare-Medicaid enrollees are technically considered "Partial Benefit," in this Report QMB-only is presented separately from "Partial Benefit," with the latter referring only to all *other* types of Partial Benefit Medicare-Medicaid enrollees: Specified Low-Income Medicare Beneficiaries (i.e., "SLMB-only"), Qualified Disabled Working Individuals (i.e., "QDWI"), and Qualifying Individuals (i.e., "QI").

Appendix F: Medicaid Fee-for-Service Enrollee Count by Medicare-Medicaid Eligibility Type Examined in the Medicaid Expenditure Analysis, Pennsylvania, CY 2008

	Medicaid Managed Care		Medicaid Fee-for-Service		Not all Months Alive Medicaid Fee-for-Service		Total Medicaid
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Denominator
Full Benefit (<65)	139,620	95.3%	5,009	3.4%	1,939	1.3%	146,568
QMB-only (<65)	486	59.3%	199	24.3%	134	16.4%	819
Partial Benefit (<65)	3,668	17.4%	12,322	58.4%	5,098	24.2%	21,088
Medicaid-only with disability (<65)	373,250	96.3%	6,648	1.7%	7,558	2.0%	387,456
Full Benefit (65+)	102,813	57.5%	60,029	33.6%	16,061	9.0%	178,903
QMB-only (65+)	369	21.9%	902	53.6%	411	24.4%	1,682
Partial Benefit (65+)	2,228	6.4%	25,559	73.4%	7,032	20.2%	34,819

Note: While "QMB-only" Medicare-Medicaid enrollees are technically considered "Partial Benefit," in this Report QMB-only is presented separately from "Partial Benefit," with the latter referring only to all *other* types of Partial Benefit Medicare-Medicaid enrollees: Specified Low-Income Medicare Beneficiaries (i.e., "SLMB-only"), Qualified Disabled Working Individuals (i.e., "QDWI"), and Qualifying Individuals (i.e., "QI").