Medicare-Medicaid Enrollee Information Brief
State of Illinois, 2009

Figure 1. Total Medicare, Medicaid, and Medicare-Medicaid Dually Enrolled Populations: Illinois, 2009

In the State of Illinois, in 2009:
- There were 335,567 persons dually enrolled in Medicare & Medicaid at any given point in time over the year.
  - 18% of Medicare Enrollees were co-enrolled in Medicaid.
  - 12% of Medicaid Enrollees were co-enrolled in Medicare.

* Includes Medicaid-expansion Children’s Health Insurance Program (CHIP)

Figure 2. Medicare-Medicaid Enrollees’ Percentage of Total Medicare & Medicaid Enrollees and their Relative Share of Program Expenditures: Illinois, 2009

In the State of Illinois, in 2009:
- Medicare-Medicaid enrollees made up 18% of the Medicare population and 33% of Total Medicare expenditures.
- Medicare-Medicaid enrollees made up 12% of State Medicaid enrollees and 32% of Medicaid expenditures.

The following figures are based on data for Fee-For-Service (FFS) enrollees only.

Figure 3. Among Full and Partial Benefit Medicare-Medicaid Enrollees, the Proportion Enrolled in FFS Long-Term Care (LTC), Paid for by Medicare or Medicaid, and their Relative Share of FFS Program Expenditures: Illinois, 2009

In the State of Illinois, in 2009:
- Institutional LTC appears to have been driving much of the high FFS costs attributable to Medicare-Medicaid enrollees. Specifically, the 20% of Medicare-Medicaid enrollees who resided in a LTC facility paid for by Medicare or Medicaid for two or more months accounted for 54% of total Medicare-Medicaid enrollee FFS expenditures.
In the State of Illinois, in 2009:

- Out of 24 chronic health conditions studied, 48% of Medicare-Medicaid FFS enrollees had three or more chronic health conditions.
- This compares to 30% of Medicare-only FFS enrollees and 21% of Medicaid-only FFS enrollees (with disability) having three or more conditions.

In the State of Illinois, in 2009, among Medicare-Medicaid FFS enrollees:

- 42% had heart disease/failure or another cardiovascular-related disorder (excluding hypertension);
- 41% had diabetes, ESRD or another endocrine or renal disorder; and
- 37% had a psychiatric (i.e., mental health) disorder.