Medicare-Medicaid Enrollee Information
State of North Carolina, 2009

Figure 1. Total Medicare, Medicaid, and Medicare-Medicaid Dually Enrolled Populations: North Carolina, 2009

In the State of North Carolina, in 2009:
- There were 317,118 persons dually enrolled in Medicare & Medicaid at any given point in time over the year.
  - 21% of Medicare Enrollees were co-enrolled in Medicaid.
  - 17% of Medicaid Enrollees were co-enrolled in Medicare.

* Includes Medicaid-expansion Children’s Health Insurance Program (CHIP)

Figure 2. Medicare-Medicaid Enrollees’ Percentage of Total Medicare & Medicaid Enrollees and their Relative Share of Program Expenditures: North Carolina, 2009

In the State of North Carolina, in 2009:
- Medicare-Medicaid enrollees made up 21% of the Medicare population and 37% of Total Medicare expenditures.
- Medicare-Medicaid enrollees made up 17% of State Medicaid enrollees and 31% of Medicaid expenditures.

The following figures are based on data for Fee-For-Service (FFS) enrollees only.

Figure 3. Among Full and Partial Benefit Medicare-Medicaid Enrollees, the Proportion Enrolled in FFS Long-Term Care (LTC), Paid for by Medicare or Medicaid, and their Relative Share of FFS Program Expenditures: North Carolina, 2009

In the State of North Carolina, in 2009:
- Institutional LTC appears to have been driving much of the high FFS costs attributable to Medicare-Medicaid enrollees. Specifically, the 12% of Medicare-Medicaid enrollees who resided in a LTC facility paid for by Medicare or Medicaid for two or more months accounted for 49% of total Medicare-Medicaid enrollee FFS expenditures.
In the State of North Carolina, in 2009:

- Out of 24 chronic health conditions studied, 42% of Medicare-Medicaid FFS enrollees had three or more chronic health conditions.
- This compares to 28% of Medicare-only FFS enrollees and 17% of Medicaid-only FFS enrollees (with disability) having three or more conditions.

In the State of North Carolina, in 2009, among Medicare-Medicaid FFS enrollees:

- 41% had diabetes, ESRD or another endocrine or renal disorder;
- 34% had heart disease/failure or another cardiovascular-related disorder (excluding hypertension); and
- 33% had a psychiatric (i.e., mental health) disorder.

^Note: These analyses were performed using FFS data and therefore may or may not be relevant to the entire State’s total FFS and managed care enrolled Medicare-Medicaid population. On average, only 1% of all Medicare-Medicaid enrollees in the State of North Carolina were enrolled exclusively in managed care.

*Note: This Medicaid-only comparison group includes only those Medicaid enrollees who qualified for Medicaid based on disability.