Medicare-Medicaid Enrollee Information  
State of Vermont, 2009

Figure 1. Total Medicare, Medicaid, and Medicare-Medicaid Dually Enrolled Populations: Vermont, 2009

In the State of Vermont, in 2009:
- There were 29,000 persons dually enrolled in Medicare & Medicaid at any given point in time over the year.
  - 25% of Medicare Enrollees were co-enrolled in Medicaid.
  - 16% of Medicaid Enrollees were co-enrolled in Medicare.

* Includes Medicaid-expansion Children’s Health Insurance Program (CHIP)

Figure 2. Medicare-Medicaid Enrollees’ Percentage of Total Medicare & Medicaid Enrollees and their Relative Share of Program Expenditures: Vermont, 2009

In the State of Vermont, in 2009:
- Medicare-Medicaid enrollees made up 25% of the Medicare population and 42% of Total Medicare expenditures.
- Medicare-Medicaid enrollees made up 16% of State Medicaid enrollees and 34% of Medicaid expenditures.

The following figures are based on data for Fee-For-Service (FFS) enrollees only.

Figure 3. Among Full and Partial Benefit Medicare-Medicaid Enrollees, the Proportion Enrolled in FFS Long-Term Care (LTC), Paid for by Medicare or Medicaid, and their Relative Share of FFS Program Expenditures: Vermont, 2009

In the State of Vermont, in 2009:
- Institutional LTC appears to have been driving much of the high FFS costs attributable to Medicare-Medicaid enrollees. Specifically, the 12% of Medicare-Medicaid enrollees who resided in a LTC facility paid for by Medicare or Medicaid for two or more months accounted for 35% of total Medicare-Medicaid enrollee FFS expenditures.
In the State of Vermont, in 2009:

- Out of 24 chronic health conditions studied, 41% of Medicare-Medicaid FFS enrollees had three or more chronic health conditions.
- This compares to 23% of Medicare-only FFS enrollees and 14% of Medicaid-only FFS enrollees (with disability) having three or more conditions.

In the State of Vermont, in 2009, among Medicare-Medicaid FFS enrollees:

- 42% had a psychiatric (i.e., mental health) disorder;
- 32% had diabetes, ESRD or another endocrine or renal disorder; and
- 32% had heart disease/failure or another cardiovascular–related disorder (excluding hypertension).

**Note:** In the State of Vermont, all Medicare-Medicaid enrollees were included in the analysis for Figures 3-5 because zero percent were enrolled exclusively in Medicare and Medicaid managed care.

**Note:** This Medicaid-only comparison group includes only those Medicaid enrollees who qualified for Medicaid based on disability.