

Potential Gastroenterology Preferred Specialty Measure Set

PQRS# CMS# GPRO#	NQF#	Reporting Method	National Quality Strategy Domain	Measure Title: Description
113 CMS130v2	0034	Registry, Claims, EHR, GPRO Web Interface, Measures Group (Prev Care)	Effective Clinical Care	Colorectal Cancer Screening: Percentage of patients 50 through 75 years of age who had appropriate screening for colorectal cancer
185	0659	Claims, Registry	Communication and Care Coordination	Colonoscopy Interval for Patients with a History of Adenomatous Polyps – Avoidance of Inappropriate Use: Percentage of patients aged 18 years and older receiving a surveillance colonoscopy, with a history of a prior adenomatous polyp(s) in previous colonoscopy findings, who had an interval of 3 or more years since their last colonoscopy
320	0658	Claims, Registry	Communication and Care Coordination	Appropriate Follow-Up Interval for Normal Colonoscopy in Average Risk Patients: Percentage of patients aged 50 years and older receiving a screening colonoscopy without biopsy or polypectomy who had a recommended follow-up interval of at least 10 years for repeat colonoscopy documented in their colonoscopy report
343	N/A	Registry	Effective Clinical Care	Screening Colonoscopy Adenoma Detection Rate: The percentage of patients age 50 years or older with at least one adenoma or other colorectal cancer precursor or colorectal cancer detected during screening colonoscopy
387	N/A	Registry	Effective Clinical Care	Annual Hepatitis C Virus (HCV) Screening for Patients who are Active Injection Drug Users: Percentage of patients regardless of age who are active injection drug users who received screening for HCV infection within the 12 month reporting period
390	N/A	Registry, Measures Groups (Hepatitis C)	Person and Caregiver-Centered Experience and Outcomes	Discussion and Shared Decision Making Surrounding Treatment Options: Percentage of patients aged 18 years and older with a diagnosis of hepatitis C with whom a physician or other clinician reviewed the range of treatment options appropriate to their genotype and demonstrated a shared decision making approach with the patient. To meet the measure, there must be documentation in the patient record of a discussion between the physician/clinician and the patient that includes all of the following:

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				<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •Treatment choices appropriate to genotype •Risks and benefits •Evidence of effectiveness •Patient preferences toward the outcome of the treatment
400	N/A	Registry	Effective Clinical Care	<p>Hepatitis C: One-Time Screening for Hepatitis C Virus (HCV) for Patients at Risk: One-Time Screening for Hepatitis C Virus (HCV) for Patients at Risk: Percentage of patients aged 18 years and older with one or more of the following: a history of injection drug use, receipt of a blood transfusion prior to 1992, receiving maintenance hemodialysis OR birthdate in the years 1945-1965 who received a one-time screening for HCV infection</p>
401	N/A	Registry, Measures Group (Hepatitis C)	Effective Clinical Care	<p>Screening for Hepatocellular Carcinoma (HCC) in patients with Hepatitis C Cirrhosis: Percentage of patients aged 18 years and older with a diagnosis of chronic hepatitis C cirrhosis who were screened with either ultrasound, triple-contrast CT or triple-contrast MRI for hepatocellular carcinoma (HCC) at least once within the 12 month reporting period</p>

This table is a resource of potential measures that may be applicable to eligible professionals providing clinical services for Gastroenterology.