Reinstating the Qualified Medicare Beneficiary Indicator in the Medicare Fee-For-Service Claims Processing System from CR9911

MLN Matters Number: MM10433 Revised
Related Change Request (CR) Number: 10433
Related CR Release Date: March 6, 2018
Effective Date: July 1, 2018
Related CR Transmittal Number: R3993CP
Implementation Date: For claims processed on or after July 2, 2018

Note: This article was revised on March 13, 2018, to reflect an updated Change Request (CR). That CR added CARCs 66, 247, and 248 (page 3 below). DME MACs were added to the “Providers Affected” section and the QMB enrollment numbers were also updated on page 2 to reflect 2016 statistics. Pharmacies were also included in the “Background” section. The CR date, transmittal number and link to the transmittal also changed. All other information is unchanged.

PROVIDER TYPES AFFECTED

This MLN Matters® Article is intended for providers and suppliers who submit claims to Part A/B and DME Medicare Administrative Contractors (MACs).

WHAT YOU NEED TO KNOW

Effective with CR 10433, the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) will reintroduce Qualified Medicare Beneficiary (QMB) information in the Medicare Remittance Advice (RA) and Medicare Summary Notice (MSN). CR 9911 modified the Fee-For-Service (FFS) systems to indicate the QMB status and zero cost-sharing liability of beneficiaries on RAs and MSNs for claims processed on or after October 2, 2017. On December 8, 2017, CMS suspended CR 9911 to address unforeseen issues preventing the processing of QMB cost-sharing claims by States and other secondary payers outside of the Coordination of Benefits Agreement (COBA) process. CR 10433 remediates these issues by including revised “Alert” Remittance Advice Remark Codes (RARC) in RAs for QMB claims without adopting other RA changes that impeded claims processing by secondary payers. CR 10433 reinstates all changes to the MSNs under CR 9911. Please make sure your billing staff is aware of these changes.

BACKGROUND

Federal law bars Medicare providers and suppliers, including pharmacies, from billing an individual enrolled in the QMB program for Medicare Part A and Part B cost-sharing under any
circumstances. (See Sections 1902(n)(3)(B), 1902(n)(3)(C), 1905(p)(3), 1866(a)(1)(A), and 1848(g)(3)(A) of the Social Security Act.) The QMB program is a State Medicaid benefit that assists low-income Medicare beneficiaries with Medicare Part A and Part B premiums and cost-sharing, including deductibles, coinsurance, and copays. In 2016, 7.5 million individuals (more than one out of 8 beneficiaries) were enrolled in the QMB program.

Providers and suppliers, including pharmacies, may bill State Medicaid agencies for Medicare cost-sharing amounts. However, as permitted by Federal law, States may limit Medicare cost-sharing payments, under certain circumstances. Be aware, persons enrolled in the QMB program have no legal liability to pay Medicare providers for Medicare Part A or Part B cost-sharing.

System Changes to Assist Providers under CR 9911

To help providers more readily identify the QMB status of their patients, CR 9911 introduced a QMB indicator in the claims processing system for the first time. CR 9911 is part of the CMS ongoing effort to give providers tools to comply with the statutory prohibition on collecting Medicare A/B cost-sharing from QMBs.

Through CR 9911, CMS indicated the QMB status and zero cost-sharing liability of beneficiaries in the RA and MSN for claims processed on or after October 2, 2017. In particular, CR 9911 changed the MSN to include new messages for QMB beneficiaries and reflect $0 cost-sharing liability for the period they are enrolled in QMB. In addition, CMS modified the RA to include new Alert RARCs to notify providers to refrain from collecting Medicare cost-sharing because the patient is a QMB (N781 is associated with deductible amounts and N782 is associated with coinsurance).

Additionally, CR 9911 changed the display of patient responsibility on the RA by replacing Claim Adjustment Group Code “Patient Responsibility” (PR) with Group Code “Other Adjustment” (OA). CMS zeroed out the deductible and coinsurance amounts associated with Claim Adjustment Reason Code (CARC) 1 (deductible) and/or 2 (coinsurance) and used CARC 209 – (“Per regulatory or other agreement, the provider cannot collect this amount from the patient. However, this amount may be billed to subsequent payer. Refund to the patient if collected. (Use only with Group code OA).”)

However, the changes to the display of patient liability in the RAs for QMB claims caused unforeseen issues affecting the processing of QMB cost-sharing claims directly submitted by providers to states and other payers secondary to Medicare. Providers rely on RAs to bill State Medicaid Agencies and other secondary payers outside the Medicare COBA claims crossover process. States and other secondary payers generally require RAs that separately display the Medicare deductible and coinsurance amounts with the Claim Adjustment Group Code “PR” and associated CARC codes and could not process claims involving the RA changes from CR 9911. Barriers to the processing of secondary claims have additional implications for institutional providers that claim bad debt under the Medicare program since they must obtain a Medicaid Remittance Advice to seek reimbursement for unpaid deductibles and coinsurance as a Medicare bad debt for QMBs.
To address these issues, on December 8, 2017, CMS suspended the CR 9911 system changes causing the claims processing systems to suspend the RA and MSN changes for QMB claims under CR 9911.

Reintroduction of QMB information in the MA and MSN under CR 10433

Effective with CR 10433, the claims processing systems will reintroduce QMB information in the RA without impeding claims processing by secondary payers.

The RA for QMB claims will retain the display of patient liability amounts needed by secondary payers to process QMB cost-sharing claims.

All Medicare’s FFS systems will discontinue the practice of outputting Claim Adjustment Group Code OA with CARC 209 in place of CARCs 1 and 2, as well as CARCs 66, 247, and 248, on the ERAs and on SPRs, as applicable.

The shared systems shall include the revised Alert RARCs N781 and N782 in association with CARCs 1 and or 2 on the RA. These RARCs designate that the beneficiary is enrolled in the QMB program and may not be billed for Medicare cost sharing amounts. Additionally, for QMB claims, the Part A and B shared systems shall include the revised Alert RARC N781 in association with CARC 66 (blood deductible). The revised Alert RARCs are as follows:

- N781 - Alert: Patient is a Medicaid/ Qualified Medicare Beneficiary. Review your records for any wrongfully collected deductible. This amount may be billed to a subsequent payer.
- N782 – Alert: Patient is a Medicaid/ Qualified Medicare Beneficiary. Review your records for any wrongfully collected coinsurance. This amount may be billed to a subsequent payer.

CR 9911 changes to the MSN by including QMB messages and reflecting $0 cost-sharing liability for the period beneficiaries are enrolled in QMB.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION


If you have any questions, please contact your MAC at their toll-free number. That number is available at https://www.cms.gov/Research-Statistics-Data-and-Systems/Monitoring-Programs/Medicare-FFS-Compliance-Programs/Review-Contractor-Directory-Interactive-Map/.
### DOCUMENT HISTORY

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<tr>
<th>Date of Change</th>
<th>Description</th>
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<tr>
<td>March 13, 2018</td>
<td>This article was revised to reflect an updated CR. That CR added CARCs 66, 247, and 248 (page 3 above). DME MACs were added to the “Providers Affected” section and the QMB enrollment numbers were also updated on page 2 to reflect 2016 statistics. Pharmacies were also included in the “Background” section. The CR date, transmittal number and link to the transmittal also changed. All other information is unchanged.</td>
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<tr>
<td>February 28, 2018</td>
<td>This article was revised to correct a date in the “What you Need to Know” Section. The date should have been December 8, 2017.” All other information is unchanged.</td>
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<tr>
<td>February 2, 2018</td>
<td>Initial article released.</td>
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