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Related Change Request (CR) #: 6139

Related CR Release Date: March 4, 2009

Effective Date: April 6, 2009

Related CR Transmittal #: R25COM

Implementation Date: April 6, 2009 for providers

Note: This article was updated on December 17, 2012, to reflect current Web addresses. This article was previously revised on March 5, 2009, to reflect the revised CR 6139, which CMS re-issued on March 4, 2009. (The effective and implementation dates for providers were previously changed to April 6, 2009 by Transmittal R23COM on February 10.) In this revision of the article, the CR release date, transmittal number, and the Web address of the CR have been changed. All other information remains the same.

Implementation of New Provider Authentication Requirements for Medicare Contractor Provider Telephone and Written Inquiries

Provider Types Affected

CR 6139 impacts all physicians, providers, and suppliers (or their staffs) who make inquiries to Medicare contractors (carriers, Fiscal Intermediaries (FIs), Regional Home Health Intermediaries (RHHIs), Medicare Administrative Contractors (A/B MACs), or Durable Medical Equipment Medicare Administrative Contractors (DME MACs)). Inquiries include written inquiries or calls made to Medicare contractor provider contact centers, including calls to Interactive Voice Response (IVR) systems.

What You Need to Know

CR 6139, from which this article is taken, addresses the necessary provider authentication requirements to complete IVR transactions and calls with a Customer Service Representative (CSR).

Effective April 6, 2009, when you call either the IVR system, or a CSR, the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) will require you to provide three data elements for authentication: 1) Your National Provider Identifier (NPI); 2) Your Provider Transaction Access Number (PTAN); and 3) The last 5-digits of your tax identification number (TIN).

Make sure that your staffs are aware of this requirement for provider authentication.

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Background

In order to comply with the requirements of the Privacy Act of 1974 and of the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act, customer service staff at Medicare fee-for-service provider contact centers must properly authenticate callers and writers before disclosing protected health information.

Because of issues with the public availability of previous authentication elements, CMS has addressed the current provider authentication process for providers who use the IVR system or call a CSR. To better safeguard providers' information before sharing information on claims status, beneficiary eligibility, and other provider related questions, CR 6139, from which this article is taken, announces that CMS has added the last 5-digits of the provider's TIN as an additional element in the provider authentication process. Your Medicare contractor's system will verify that the NPI, PTAN, and last 5-digits of the TIN are correct and belong to you before providing the information you request.

Note: You will only be allowed three attempts to correctly provide your NPI, PTAN, and last 5-digits of your TIN.

As a result of CR 6139, the *Disclosure Desk Reference* for Provider Contact Centers, which contains the information Medicare contractors use to authenticate the identity of callers and writers, is updated in the *Medicare Contractor Beneficiary and Provider Communications Manual*, Chapter 3 (Provider Inquiries), Section 30 (Disclosure of Information) and Chapter 6 (Provider Customer Service Program), Section 80 (Disclosure of Information) to reflect these changes.

New information in these manual chapters also addresses other authentication issues. This new information is summarized as follows:

- **Authentication of Providers with No NPI**

Occasionally, providers will never be assigned an NPI (for example providers who are retired/terminated), or inquiries may be made about claims submitted by a provider who has since deceased.

Most IVRs use the NPI crosswalk to authenticate the NPI and PTAN. The NPI is updated on a daily basis and does not maintain any history about deactivated NPIs or NPI/PTAN pairs. Therefore, if a provider enters an NPI or NPI/PTAN pair that is no longer recognized by the crosswalk, the IVRs may be unable to authenticate them; or if the claim was processed using a different NPI/PTAN pair that has since been deactivated, the IVR may not be able to find the claim and return claims status information.

Since these types of inquiries are likely to result in additional CSR inquiries, before releasing information to the provider, CSRs will authenticate using at least two

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other data elements available in the provider's record, such as provider name, TIN, remittance address, and provider master address.

- **Beneficiary Authentication**

Before disclosing beneficiary information (whether from either an IVR or CSR telephone inquiry), and regardless of the date of the call, four beneficiary data elements are required for authentication:

- 1) Last name,
- 2) First name or initial,
- 3) Health Insurance Claim Number (HICN), and
- 4) Either date of birth (eligibility, next eligible date, Durable Medical Equipment Medicare Administrative Contractor Information Form (DIF) (pre-claim)) or date of service (claim status, CMN/DIF (post-claim)).

- **Written Inquiries**

In general, three data elements (NPI, PTAN, and last 5-digits of the TIN) are required for authenticating providers' written inquiries. This includes inquiries received without letterhead (including hardcopy, fax, email, pre-formatted inquiry forms or inquiries written on Remittance Advice (RAs) or Medicare Summary Notices (MSNs)),

The exception to this requirement is written inquiries received on the provider's official letterhead (including emails with an attachment on letterhead). In this case, provider authentication will be met if the provider's name and address are included in the letterhead and clearly establish their identity. Therefore, the provider's practice location and name on the letterhead must match the contractor's file for this provider. (However, your Medicare contractor may use discretion if the file does not exactly match the letterhead, but it is clear that the provider is one and the same.) In addition, the letterhead information on the letter or email needs to match either the NPI, the PTAN, or last 5-digits of the TIN. Providers will also include on the letterhead either the NPI, PTAN, or last 5-digits of the TIN. Medicare contractors will ask you for additional information, if necessary.

- **Overlapping Claims**

When claims overlap (that is, multiple claims with the same or similar dates of service or billing periods), the contractor that the provider initially contacts will authenticate that provider by verifying his/her name, NPI, PTAN, last 5-digits of the TIN, beneficiary name, HICN, and date of service for post-claim information, or date of birth for pre-claim information.

Additional Information

You can find more information about the new provider authentication requirements for Medicare inquiries by going to CR 6139, located at

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<http://www.cms.gov/Regulations-and-Guidance/Guidance/Transmittals/downloads/R25COM.pdf> on the CMS website.

If you have any questions, please contact your Medicare contractor (carrier, FI, RHHI, A/B/MAC, or DME MAC) at their toll-free number, which may be found at <http://www.cms.gov/Research-Statistics-Data-and-Systems/Monitoring-Programs/provider-compliance-interactive-map/index.html> on the CMS website.

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