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Important Note: Medicare will only pay claims for DME if the ordering physician and DME supplier are actively enrolled in Medicare on the date of service. Physicians and suppliers have to meet strict standards to enroll and stay enrolled in Medicare. If you are not enrolled on the date the prescription is filled or re-filled, Medicare will not pay the submitted claims. It is also important to tell the Medicare beneficiary if you are not participating in Medicare before you order DME. If you do not have an active record, please see the following fact sheet containing information on how to **enroll, revalidate your enrollment and/or make a change:** https://www.cms.gov/Outreach-and-Education/Medicare-Learning-Network-MLN/MLNProducts/downloads/MedEnroll_PhysOther_FactSheet_ICN903768.pdf on the CMS website.

Note: The article was revised on December 21, 2015, to include the "Important Note" above. All other information remains unchanged.

Training Medicare Patients on Use of Home Glucose Monitors and Related Billing Information

Provider Types Affected

Physicians, providers, suppliers, and other healthcare professionals who furnish or provide referrals for and/or file claims to Medicare contractors (carriers, DME Medicare Administrative Contractors (DME MACs), Fiscal Intermediaries (FIs), and/or Part A/B Medicare Administrative Contractors (A/B MACs)) for Medicare-covered diabetes self management training (DSMT) benefits.

Provider Action Needed

This Special Edition article is being provided to help clarify the physician's role in prescribing and/or providing blood glucose self-testing equipment and supplies and

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diabetes self-management training (DSMT) covered for Medicare Beneficiaries with diabetes. The article reminds providers and suppliers about who may bill for DSMT and gives an overview of this benefit.

Background

Diabetes is the sixth leading cause of death in the United States, and approximately 23.6 million Americans have diabetes with an estimated 20.9 percent of the senior population age 60 and older being affected. This special edition article presents an overview of diabetes supplies and self-management training covered by Medicare.

Diabetes Self-Management Training (DSMT)

The Balanced Budget Act of 1997 (Section 4105) permits Medicare coverage of diabetes DSMT services when these services are furnished by a certified provider who meets certain quality standards. The DSMT program is intended to educate beneficiaries in the successful self-management of diabetes. The program includes instructions in self-monitoring of blood glucose; education about diet and exercise; an insulin treatment plan developed specifically for the patient who is insulin-dependent; and motivation for patients to use the skills for self-management.

Diabetes self-management training services may be covered by Medicare only if the treating physician or treating qualified non-physician practitioner who is managing the beneficiary's diabetic condition certifies that such services are needed. The referring physician or qualified non-physician practitioner must maintain the plan of care in the beneficiary's medical record and documentation substantiating the need for training on an individual basis when group training is typically covered, if so ordered. The order must also include a statement signed by the physician that the service is needed as well as the following:

- The number of initial or follow-up hours ordered (the physician can order less than 10 hours of training);
- The topics to be covered in training (initial training hours can be used for the full initial training program or specific areas such as nutrition or insulin training); and
- A determination that the beneficiary should receive individual or group training.

The provider of the service must maintain documentation in a file that includes the original order from the physician and any special conditions noted by the physician. When the training under the order is changed, the training order/referral must be signed by the physician or qualified non-physician practitioner treating the beneficiary and maintained in the beneficiary's file in the DSMT's program records.

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Initial Training

The initial year for DSMT is the 12 month period following the initial date, and Medicare will cover initial training that meets the following conditions:

- DSMT is furnished to a beneficiary who has not previously received initial or follow-up training under Healthcare Common Procedure Coding System (HCPCS) code G0108 or G0109;
- DSMT is furnished within a continuous 12-month period;
- DSMT does not exceed a total of 10 hours (the 10 hours of training can be done in any combination of 1/2 hour increments);
- With the exception of 1 hour of individual training, the DSMT training is usually furnished in a group setting with the group consisting of individuals who need not all be Medicare beneficiaries; and
- The one hour of individual training may be used for any part of the training including insulin training.

Follow-Up Training

Medicare covers follow-up training under the following conditions:

- No more than two hours individual or group training is provided per beneficiary per year;
- Group training consists of 2 to 20 individuals who need not all be Medicare beneficiaries;
- Follow-up training for subsequent years is based on a 12 month calendar after completion of the full 10 hours of initial training;
- Follow-up training is furnished in increments of no less than one-half hour; and
- The physician (or qualified non-physician practitioner) treating the beneficiary must document in the beneficiary's medical record that the beneficiary is a diabetic.

NOTE: All entities billing for DSMT under the fee-for-service payment system or other payment systems must meet all national coverage requirements.

Certified Providers of DSMT

A designated certified provider bills for DSMT provided by an accredited DSMT program. Certified providers must submit a copy of their accreditation certificate to their Medicare contractor. The statute states that a “certified provider” is a physician or other individual or entity designated by the Secretary that, in addition to providing outpatient self-management training services, provides other items and services for which payment may be made under title XVIII, and meets certain quality standards. CMS has designated all providers and suppliers that bill Medicare for other individual services such as hospital outpatient departments, renal dialysis facilities, physicians and durable medical equipment suppliers as certified. All suppliers/providers who may bill for other Medicare services or items and who represent a DSMT program that is accredited as

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meeting quality standards can bill and receive payment for the entire DSMT program. Registered dietitians are eligible to bill on behalf of an entire DSMT program on or after January 1, 2002, as long as the provider has obtained a Medicare provider number. A dietitian may not be the sole provider of the DSMT service.

Coding and Payment of DSMT Services

The following Healthcare Common Procedure Coding System (HCPCS) codes should be used for DSMT:

- G0108 - Diabetes outpatient self-management training services, individual, per 30 minutes; and
- G0109 - Diabetes outpatient self-management training services, group session (2 or more), per 30 minutes.

Additional Information

See the Medicare Benefits Policy Manual (Chapter 15, Section 300) at <http://www.cms.gov/Regulations-and-Guidance/Guidance/Manuals/downloads/bp102c15.pdf> for complete details on Medicare's policy for DSMT.

See the Medicare Claims Processing Manual (Chapter 18, Section 120.1 (Coding and Payment of DSMT Services)) at <http://www.cms.gov/Regulations-and-Guidance/Guidance/Manuals/downloads/clm104c18.pdf> for detailed billing instructions for DSMT.

If you have any questions, please contact your carrier, FI, A/B MAC, RHHI, or DME MAC at their toll-free number, which may be found at <http://www.cms.gov/Research-Statistics-Data-and-Systems/Monitoring-Programs/provider-compliance-interactive-map/index.html> on the CMS website.

Document History

Date	Description
December 21, 2015	The article was revised on December 21, 2015, to include the "Important Note" near the top of page 1.
January 25, 2013	This article was updated to reflect current Web addresses.

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