News Flash – The revised brochure titled “The Medicare Appeals Process: Five Levels to Protect Providers, Physicians, and Other Suppliers” (revised January 2011), is now available in downloadable format from the Medicare Learning Network® at http://www.cms.gov/Outreach-and-Education/Medicare-Learning-Network-MLN/MLNProducts/downloads/MedicareAppealsProcess.pdf on the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services website. This brochure is designed to provide an overview of the Medicare Part-A and Part-B administrative appeals process available to providers, physicians, and other suppliers who provide services and supplies to Medicare beneficiaries, as well as details on where to obtain more information about this appeals process.

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Implementation Date: March 25, 2011

Note: This article was revised on December 9, 2013, to provide the application fee amount of $542.00 for calendar year 2014. All other information remains the same.

Implementation of Provider Enrollment Provisions in CMS-6028-FC

Provider Types Affected

All providers and suppliers submitting enrollment applications to Fiscal Intermediaries (FIs), Regional Home Health Intermediaries (RHHIs), Medicare Carriers, A/B Medicare Administrative Contractors (A/B MACs), and the National Supplier Clearinghouse (NSC) are affected by this article.

Provider Action Needed

STOP – Impact to You
The Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) published a final rule with comment period, entitled, “Medicare, Medicaid, and Children’s Health Insurance Programs; Additional Screening Requirements, Application Fees, Temporary Enrollment Moratoria, Payment Suspensions and Compliance Plans for Providers...
and Suppliers” (CMS-6028-FC). This rule was published in the February 2, 2011, edition of the “Federal Register.”

CAUTION – What You Need to Know
This rule finalized provisions related to the:

- Establishment of provider enrollment screening categories;
- Submission of application fees as part of the provider enrollment process;
- Suspensions of payment based on credible allegations of fraud; and
- Authority to impose a temporary moratorium on the enrollment of new Medicare providers and suppliers of a particular type (or the establishment of new practice locations of a particular type) in a geographic area.

GO – What You Need to Do
This article is based on Change Request (CR) 7350, which describes how Medicare contractors will implement the changes related to provider enrollment screening, application fees, and temporary moratoria. (Payment suspensions will be addressed via separate CMS guidance.). Please ensure that your staffs are aware of these new provisions.

Background
CR7350 describes how Medicare will implement certain provisions of the final rule CMS-6028-FC. These details are provided in new sections 19 through 19.4 of Chapter 15 in the “Medicare Program Integrity Manual.” Those manual sections are attached to CR7350 and are summarized as follows:

Screening Processes
Beginning on March 25, 2011, Medicare will place newly-enrolling and existing providers and suppliers in one of three levels of categorical screening: limited, moderate, or high. The risk levels denote the level of the contractor’s screening of the provider or supplier when it initially enrolls in Medicare, adds a new practice location, or revalidates its enrollment information.

Chapter 15, Section 19.2.1 of the “Program Integrity Manual” (PIM) provides the complete list of these three screening categories, and the provider types assigned to each category, and a description of the screening processes applicable to the three categories (effective on and after March 25, 2011), and procedures to be used for each category. Once again, that new section of the PIM is attached to CR7350.

Although fingerprinting and criminal background checks are included in CMS-6028-FC as requirements for providers and suppliers in the “high” category of screening,
these requirements will be implemented at a later date and providers and suppliers will be notified well in advance of their implementation.

**Application Fees**

With the exception of physicians, non-physician practitioners, physician group practices and non-physician group practices, providers and suppliers that are (1) initially enrolling in Medicare, (2) adding a practice location, or (3) revalidating their enrollment information, must submit with their application:

- An application fee in an amount prescribed by CMS, and/or
- A request for a hardship exception to the application fee.

This requirement applies to applications that your Medicare contractor receives on or after March 25, 2011. **Note that a physician, non-physician practitioner, physician group, or non-physician practitioner group that is enrolling as a DMEPOS supplier via the CMS-855S application must pay the required application fee.**

The application fee must be in the amount prescribed by CMS for the calendar year in which the application is submitted. The fee for January 1, 2013, through December 31, 2013, is $532.00. The fee for January 1, 2014, through December 31, 2014 is $542.00. Fee amounts for future years will be adjusted by the percentage change in the consumer price index (for all urban consumers) for the 12-month period ending on June 30 of the prior year. CMS will give Medicare contractors and the public advance notice of any change in the fee amount for the coming calendar year.

The application fee is non-refundable, except if it was submitted with one of the following:

- A hardship exception request that is subsequently approved;
- An application that was rejected prior to the Medicare Contractor’s initiation of the screening process; or
- An application that is subsequently denied as a result of the imposition of a temporary moratorium as described in 42 CFR 424.570.

The provider or supplier must pay the application fee electronically by going to [https://pecos.cms.hhs.gov/pecos/feePaymentWelcome.do](https://pecos.cms.hhs.gov/pecos/feePaymentWelcome.do) and paying their fee via credit card, debit card, or check. Providers and suppliers are strongly encouraged to submit with their application a copy of their receipt of payment. This may enable the contractor to more quickly verify that payment has been made.

**Hardship Exception**

A provider or supplier requesting a hardship exception from the application fee must include with its enrollment application a letter (and supporting documentation) that describes the hardship and why the hardship justifies an exception. If a paper CMS-
855 application is submitted, the hardship exception letter must accompany the application. If the application is submitted via the Internet-based Provider Enrollment, Chain and Ownership System (PECOS), the hardship exception letter must accompany the certification statement. Hardship exception letters will not be considered if they were submitted separately from the application or certification statement, as applicable. If your Medicare contractor receives a hardship exception request separately from the application or certification statement, it will: (1) return it to you, and (2) notify you via letter, e-mail, or telephone, that it will not be considered.

Upon receipt of a hardship exception request with the application or certification statement, the contractor will send the request and all documentation accompanying the request to CMS. CMS will determine if the request should be approved. During this review period, the contractor will not begin processing the provider's application. CMS will communicate its decision to the institutional provider and the contractor via letter.

**IMPORTANT:** In addition, the contractor will not begin to process the provider's application until: (1) the fee has been paid, or (2) the hardship exception request has been approved. Once processing commences, the application will be processed in the order in which it was received.

**Review of Hardship Exception Request**

As already stated, the application fee for CY 2011 is $505. This generally should not represent a significant burden for an adequately capitalized provider or supplier. It is not enough for the provider to simply assert that the imposition of the application fee represents a financial hardship. The provider must instead make a strong argument to support its request, including providing comprehensive documentation (which may include, without limitation, historical cost reports, recent financial reports such as balance sheets and income statements, cash flow statements, tax returns, etc.).

Other factors that may suggest that a hardship exception is appropriate include the following:

(a) Considerable bad debt expenses,
(b) Significant amount of charity care/financial assistance furnished to patients, (c) Presence of substantive partnerships (whereby clinical, financial integration are present) with those who furnish medical care to a disproportionately low-income population;
(d) Whether an institutional provider receives considerable amounts of funding through disproportionate share hospital payments, or
(e) Whether the provider is enrolling in a geographic area that is a Presidentially-declared disaster under the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act, 42 U.S.C. 5121-5206 (Stafford Act).
Note that if the provider fails to submit appropriate documentation to support its hardship exception request, the contractor is not required to contact the provider to request it. **Ultimately, it is the provider's responsibility to furnish the necessary supporting evidence at the time it submits its hardship exception request.**

**Appeal of the Denial of Hardship Exception Decision**

If the provider or supplier is dissatisfied with CMS's decision, it may file a written reconsideration request with CMS within 60 calendar days from receipt of the notice of initial determination. The request must be signed by the individual provider or supplier, a legal representative, or any authorized official within the entity. Failure to file a reconsideration request within this timeframe is deemed a waiver of all rights to further administrative review. To file a reconsideration request, providers and suppliers should follow the procedures outlined in Chapter 15, Section 19 of the "Program Integrity Manual" (PIM), which is attached to CR7350.

**Temporary Moratoria**

CMS may impose a moratorium on the enrollment of new Medicare providers and suppliers of a particular type or the establishment of new practice locations of a particular type in a particular geographic area.

The announcement of a moratorium will be made via the Federal Register. For initial and new location applications involving the affected provider and supplier type, the moratorium:

- Will not apply to applications for which an approval or a recommendation for approval has been made as of the effective date of the moratorium, even if the contractor has not yet formally granted Medicare billing privileges. Such applications can continue to be processed to completion.

- Will apply to applications that are pending as of the effective date of the moratorium and for which the contractor has not yet made a final approval/denial decision or recommendation for approval. The contractor will deny such applications and will return the application fee if it was submitted with the application.

- Will apply to initial applications that the contractor receives on or after the effective date of the moratorium, and for as long as the moratorium is in effect. The contractor will deny such applications and will return the application fee if it was submitted with the application.

If a particular moratorium is lifted, all applications pending with the contractor as of the effective date of the moratorium’s cessation are no longer subject to the moratorium and may be processed. However, such applications will be processed in accordance with the “high” level of categorical screening. In addition, any initial application received from a provider or supplier: (a) that is of a provider or supplier type that was subject to a moratorium, and (b) within 6 months after the applicable
moratorium was lifted, the contractor will process the application using the “high” level of categorical screening.

**Additional Information**


Complete details regarding this issue, as defined in the PIM revisions, are attached to CR7350.


A sample letter requesting providers to review, update, and certify their enrollment information is available at [http://www.cms.gov/Medicare/Provider-Enrollment-and-Certification/MedicareProviderSupEnroll/downloads/SampleRevalidationLetter.pdf](http://www.cms.gov/Medicare/Provider-Enrollment-and-Certification/MedicareProviderSupEnroll/downloads/SampleRevalidationLetter.pdf) on the CMS website.

If you have any questions, please contact your FI, RHHI, carrier, or A/B MAC at their toll-free number, which may be found at [http://www.cms.gov/Research-Statistics-Data-and-Systems/Monitoring-Programs/provider-compliance-interactive-map/index.html](http://www.cms.gov/Research-Statistics-Data-and-Systems/Monitoring-Programs/provider-compliance-interactive-map/index.html) on the CMS website.

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