Hurricane Harvey and Medicare Disaster Related Texas Claims

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Note: This article was revised on November 28, 2017, to advise providers that the public health emergency declaration and Section 1135 waiver authority expired on November 22, 2017. All other information remains the same.

PROVIDER TYPE AFFECTED

This MLN Matters® Special Edition Article is intended for providers and suppliers who submit claims to Medicare Administrative Contractors (MACs) for services provided to Medicare beneficiaries in the State of Texas who were affected by Hurricane Harvey.

PROVIDER INFORMATION AVAILABLE

On August 26, 2017, pursuant to the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act, President Trump declared that, as a result of the effects of Hurricane Harvey, an emergency exists in the State of Texas, retroactive to August 25, 2017. Also on August 26, 2017, Secretary Price of the Department of Health & Human Services declared that a public health emergency exists in the State of Texas and authorized waivers and modifications under Section 1135 of the Social Security Act (the Act), retroactive to August 25, 2017. The Public Health Emergency declaration and Social Security Act waivers including the Section 1135 waiver authority expired on November 22, 2017.

Under Section 1135 or 1812(f) of the Social Security Act, the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) has issued several blanket waivers in the impacted counties and geographical areas of Texas. These waivers will prevent gaps in access to care for beneficiaries impacted by the emergency. Providers do not need to apply for an individual waiver if blanket waiver has been issued. Providers can request an individual Section 1135 waiver, if there is no blanket waiver, by following the instructions available at https://www.cms.gov/About-CMS/Agency-Information/Emergency/Downloads/Requesting-an-1135-Waiver-Updated-11-16-2016.pdf. Additional blanket waiver requests are being reviewed. The most current waiver information can be found at https://www.cms.gov/About-CMS/Agency-Information/Emergency/EPRO/Past-Emergencies/Hurricanes-and-tropical-storms.html. This article will be updated as additional waivers are approved. See the Background section of this article for more details.
BACKGROUND

Section 1135 and Section 1812(f) Waivers
As a result of the aforementioned declaration, CMS has instructed the MACs as follows:

1. Change Request (CR) 6451 (Transmittal 1784, Publication 100-04) issued on July 31, 2009, applies to items and services furnished to Medicare beneficiaries within the State of Texas from August 25, 2017, for the duration of the emergency. In accordance with CR6451, use of the “DR” condition code and the “CR” modifier are mandatory on claims for items and services for which Medicare payment is conditioned on the presence of a “formal waiver” including, but not necessarily limited to, waivers granted under either Section 1135 or Section 1812(f) of the Act.

2. The most current information can be found at https://www.cms.gov/About-CMS/Agency-Information/Emergency/EPRO/Past-Emergencies/Hurricanes-and-tropical-storms.html. Medicare FFS Questions & Answers (Q&As) posted on that webpage and also referenced below are applicable for items and services furnished to Medicare beneficiaries within the State of Texas. These Q&As are displayed in two files:
   - The first listed file addresses policies and procedures that are applicable without any Section 1135 or other formal waiver. These policies are always applicable in any kind of emergency or disaster, including the current emergency in Texas.
   - The second file addresses policies and procedures that are applicable only with approved Section 1135 waivers or, when applicable, approved Section 1812(f) waivers. These Q&As are applicable for approved Section 1135 blanket waivers and approved individual 1135 waivers requested by providers and are effective August 25, 2017, for Texas.

In both cases, the links below will open the most current document. The date included in the document filename will change as new information is added, or existing information revised.

a) Q&As applicable without any Section 1135 or other formal waiver are available at https://www.cms.gov/About-CMS/Agency-Information/Emergency/Downloads/Consolidated_Medicare_FFS_Emergency_QsAs.pdf.

b) Q&As applicable only with a Section 1135 waiver or, when applicable, a Section 1812(f) waiver, are available at https://www.cms.gov/About-CMS/Agency-Information/Emergency/Downloads/MedicareFFS-EmergencyQsAs1135Waiver.pdf.

Blanket Waivers Issued by CMS

Under the authority of Section 1135 (or, as noted below, Section 1812(f)), CMS has issued blanket waivers in the affected area of Texas. Individual facilities do not need to apply for the following approved blanket waivers:
Skilled Nursing Facilities

- Section 1812(f): Waiver of the requirement for a 3-day prior hospitalization for coverage of a skilled nursing facility (SNF) stay provides temporary emergency coverage of SNF services without a qualifying hospital stay, for those people who are evacuated, transferred, or otherwise dislocated as a result of the effect of Hurricane Harvey in the State of Texas in 2017. In addition, for certain beneficiaries who recently exhausted their SNF benefits, it authorizes renewed SNF coverage without first having to start a new benefit period. (Blanket waiver for all impacted facilities)

- 42 CFR 483.20: Waiver provides relief to Skilled Nursing Facilities on the timeframe requirements for Minimum Data Set assessments and transmission. (Blanket waiver for all impacted facilities)

Home Health Agencies

- 42 CFR 484.20(c)(1): This waiver provides relief to Home Health Agencies on the timeframes related to OASIS Transmission. (Blanket waiver for all impacted agencies)


Critical Access Hospitals

This action waives the requirements that Critical Access Hospitals limit the number of beds to 25, and that the length of stay be limited to 96 hours. (Blanket waiver for all impacted hospitals)

Housing Acute Care Patients In Excluded Distinct Part Units

CMS has determined it is appropriate to issue a blanket waiver to IPPS hospitals that, as a result of Hurricane Harvey, need to house acute care inpatients in excluded distinct part units, where the distinct part unit’s beds are appropriate for acute care inpatient. The IPPS hospital should bill for the care and annotate the patient’s medical record to indicate the patient is an acute care inpatient being housed in the excluded unit because of capacity issues related to the hurricane/tropical storm Harvey. (Blanket waiver for all IPPS hospitals located in the affected areas that need to use distinct part beds for acute care patients as a result of the hurricane.)

Emergency Durable Medical Equipment, Prosthetics, Orthotics, and Supplies for Medicare Beneficiaries Impacted by an Emergency or Disaster

As a result of Hurricane Harvey, CMS has determined it is appropriate to issue a blanket waiver to suppliers of Durable Medical Equipment, Prosthetics, Orthotics, and Supplies (DMEPOS) where DMEPOS is lost, destroyed, irreparably damaged, or otherwise rendered unusable. Under this waiver, the face-to-face requirement, a new physician’s order, and new medical necessity documentation are not required for replacement.
Suppliers must still include a narrative description on the claim explaining the reason why the equipment must be replaced and are reminded to maintain documentation indicating that the DMEPOS was lost, destroyed, irreparably damaged or otherwise rendered unusable as a result of the hurricane.


**Application Deadline Extended for Reclassifications Submission to MGCRB**

In accordance with Waiver or Modification of Requirements under Section 1135 of the Social Security Act issued August 26, 2017 by Secretary Price, CMS is modifying the September 1, 2017 deadline for applications for FY 2019 reclassifications to be submitted to the Medicare Geographic Classification Review Board (MGCRB). CMS is currently granting a 31-day extension to the deadline at § 412.256(a)(2) for the State of Texas. Applications for FY 2019 reclassifications from hospitals in these areas must be received by the MGCRB not later than October 2, 2017.

**Deadline Extended for IPPS Wage Index Requests**

Regarding the FY 2019 wage index, CMS is modifying the September 1, 2017, deadline specified in the FY 2019 Hospital Wage Index Development Time Table for these hospitals to request revisions to and provide documentation for their FY 2015 Worksheet S-3 wage data and CY 2016 occupational mix data, as included in the May 18, 2017, and July 12, 2017, preliminary PUFs, respectively. CMS is currently granting an extension for hospitals in the State of Texas until October 2, 2017. MACs must receive the revision requests and supporting documentation by this date. If hospitals encounter difficulty meeting this extended deadline of October 2, 2017, hospitals should communicate their concerns to CMS via their MAC, and CMS may consider an additional extension if CMS determines it is warranted.

**Facilities Quality Reporting**

CMS is granting exceptions under certain Medicare quality reporting and value-based purchasing programs without having to submit an extraordinary circumstances exception request if they are located in one of the Texas counties, all of which have been designated by the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) as a major disaster county. Further information can be found in the memo on applicability of reporting requirements to certain providers at https://www.cms.gov/About-CMS/Agency-Information/Emergency/EPRO/Past-Emergencies/Hurricanes-and-tropical-storms.html.

**Medicare-dependent small, rural hospitals (MDHs)** In accordance with Waivers or Modifications of Requirements under Section 1135 of the Social Security Act issued August 26, 2017 by Secretary Price, CMS is modifying the September 1, 2017, deadline for Medicare-dependent small, rural hospitals (MDHs) to apply for sole community hospital (SCH) status in advance of the expiration of the MDH program.
with an effective date of an approval of SCH status that is the day following the expiration date of the MDH program (that is, September 30, 2017 under current law). CMS is currently granting a 31-day extension to the deadline at § 412.92(b)(2)(v) for the State of Texas. If a hospital located in these areas that is classified as an MDH applies for classification as an SCH under the provisions of § 412.92(b)(2)(v), and that hospital’s SCH status is approved, the effective date of approval of SCH status will be the day following the expiration date of the MDH program if such hospital applies for classification as a SCH not later than October 2, 2017.

Low-volume hospital

In accordance with Waivers or Modifications of Requirements under Section 1135 of the Social Security Act issued August 26, 2017 by Secretary Price, CMS is modifying the September 1, 2017 deadline for hospitals to make a written request for low-volume hospital status that is received by its Medicare Administrative Contractor (MAC) in order for the 25-percent low-volume hospital payment adjustment to be applied to payments for its discharges beginning on or after the start of the Federal fiscal year (FY) 2018. CMS is currently granting a 31-day extension to the deadline established in the FY 2018 Inpatient Prospective Payment System (IPPS)/LTCH PPS Long-Term Care Hospital Prospective Payment System (LTCH PPS) final rule (82 FR 38186) for the State of Texas. Requests for low-volume hospital status for FY 2018 from a hospital located in these areas must be received by the MAC no later than October 2, 2017 in order for the low-volume hospital payment adjustment to be applied beginning with the start of the FY 2018 (that is, for discharges occurring on or after October 1, 2017).

Appeal Administrative Relief for Areas Affected by Hurricane Harvey

If you were affected by Hurricane Harvey and are unable to file an appeal within 120 days from the date of receipt of the Remittance Advice (RA) that lists the initial determination or will have an extended period of non-receipt of remittance advices that will impact your ability to file an appeal, please contact your Medicare Administrative Contractor.

Replacement Prescription Fills

Medicare payment may be permitted for replacement prescription fills (for a quantity up to the amount originally dispensed) of covered Part B drugs in circumstances where dispensed medication has been lost or otherwise rendered unusable by damage due to the emergency.

Moratoria on Part B Non-emergency Ambulance Suppliers

CMS has authority under 42 C.F.R. § 424.570(d) to lift a moratorium at any time if the President declares an area a disaster under the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act. On August 25, 2017, the President of the United States signed the Presidential Disaster Declaration for several counties in the State of Texas. As a result of the President’s declaration CMS has carefully reviewed the potential impact of continued moratorium in Texas and is lifting the temporary enrollment moratoria on Part B non-emergency ambulance suppliers in Texas in order to aid in the disaster response. This lifting applies to Medicare, Medicaid and the Children’s Health Insurance Program (CHIP) and became effective on September 1, 2017. CMS will also publish a document in the Federal Register to announce that the
moratoria on Part B non-emergency ambulance suppliers has been lifted. Providers and suppliers that were unable to enroll because of the moratorium will be designated to CMS’ high screening level under 42 CFR § 424.518(c)(3)(iii) to the extent these providers and suppliers enroll in Medicare in the future.

**Requesting an 1135 Waiver**


**ADDITIONAL INFORMATION**

If you have questions, your MACs may have more information. Find their website at [http://go.cms.gov/MAC-website-list](http://go.cms.gov/MAC-website-list).

The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention released ICD-10-CM coding advice to report healthcare encounters in the hurricane aftermath.


Providers may also want to review the CMS Emergency and Preparedness webpage at [https://www.cms.gov/About-CMS/Agency-Information/Emergency/EPRO/EPRO-Home.html](https://www.cms.gov/About-CMS/Agency-Information/Emergency/EPRO/EPRO-Home.html)

**DOCUMENT HISTORY**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Date of Change</th>
<th>Description</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>November 28, 2017</td>
<td>The article was revised to advise providers that the public health emergency declaration and Section 1135 waiver authority expired on November 22, 2017. All other information remains the same.</td>
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<tr>
<td>September 19, 2017</td>
<td>The article was revised to include information about replacement prescription fills of covered Part B drugs. All other information remains the same.</td>
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<td>September 7, 2017</td>
<td>The article was revised to include additional waiver information about emergency durable medical equipment, prosthetics, orthotics, and supplies for Medicare beneficiaries impacted by Hurricane Harvey. All other information remains the same.</td>
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<tr>
<td>September 5, 2017</td>
<td>The article was revised on September 5, 2017, to include additional information about housing acute care patients in excluded distinct part units and lifting the temporary enrollment moratoria on Part B non-emergency ambulance suppliers in Texas. In addition, information has been added to the Facilities Quality Reporting Section and the second paragraph of the Provider Information Available section is modified to clarify that waivers prevent gaps in access to care.</td>
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<tr>
<td>September 1, 2017</td>
<td>The article was revised to include additional waiver information for Medicare-dependent small, rural hospitals and for low-volume hospitals. Information regarding administrative relief related to timely filing of appeals was added. All other information remained the same.</td>
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