



Hurricane Irma and Medicare Disaster Related South Carolina and Georgia Claims

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Note: This article was revised on December 13, 2017, to advise providers that the public health emergency declaration and Section 1135 waiver authority expired on December 4, 2017, for South Carolina and on December 5, 2017, for Georgia. All other information remains the same.

PROVIDER TYPES AFFECTED

This MLN Matters® Special Edition Article is intended for providers and suppliers who submit claims to Medicare Administrative Contractors (MACs) for services provided to Medicare beneficiaries in the States of South Carolina and Georgia who were affected by Hurricane Irma.

PROVIDER INFORMATION AVAILABLE

On September 7, 2017, pursuant to the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act, President Trump declared that, as a result of the effects of Hurricane Irma, an emergency exists in the State of South Carolina. On September 8, 2017, pursuant to the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act, President Trump declared that, as a result of the effects of Hurricane Irma, an emergency exists in the State of Georgia. Also on September 8, 2017, Secretary Price of the Department of Health & Human Services declared that a public health emergency exists in the States of South Carolina and Georgia and authorized waivers and modifications under Section 1135 of the Social Security Act (the Act), retroactive to September 6, 2017, for the State of South Carolina and retroactive to September 7, 2017, for the State of Georgia. The Public Health Emergency declaration and Social Security Act waivers including the Section 1135 waiver authority expired on December 4, 2017, for South Carolina and on December 5, 2017, for Georgia.

On September 8, 2017, the Administrator of the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) authorized waivers under Section 1812(f) of the Social Security Act for the States of South Carolina and Georgia, for those people who are evacuated, transferred, or otherwise dislocated as a result of the effect of Hurricane Irma in 2017.

Under Section 1135 or 1812(f) of the Social Security Act, the CMS has issued several blanket

waivers in the impacted counties and geographical areas of the States of South Carolina and Georgia. These waivers will prevent gaps in access to care for beneficiaries impacted by the emergency. Providers do not need to apply for an individual waiver if a blanket waiver has been issued. Providers can request an individual Section 1135 waiver, if there is no blanket waiver, by following the instructions available at <https://www.cms.gov/About-CMS/Agency-Information/Emergency/Downloads/Requesting-an-1135-Waiver-Updated-11-16-2016.pdf>.

The most current waiver information can be found under Administrative Actions at <https://www.cms.gov/About-CMS/Agency-Information/Emergency/Hurricanes.html>. See the Background section of this article for more details.

BACKGROUND

Section 1135 and Section 1812(f) Waivers

As a result of the aforementioned declaration, CMS has instructed the MACs as follows:

1. Change Request (CR) 6451 (Transmittal 1784, Publication 100-04) issued on July 31, 2009, applies to items and services furnished to Medicare beneficiaries within the State of South Carolina from September 6, 2017, and the State of Georgia from September 7, 2017, for the duration of the emergency. In accordance with CR6451, use of the “DR” condition code and the “CR” modifier are mandatory on claims for items and services for which Medicare payment is conditioned on the presence of a “formal waiver” including, but not necessarily limited to, waivers granted under either Section 1135 or Section 1812(f) of the Act.
2. The most current information can be found at <https://www.cms.gov/emergency>. Medicare FFS Questions & Answers (Q&As) posted in the downloads section at the bottom of the Emergency Response and Recovery webpage and also referenced below are applicable for items and services furnished to Medicare beneficiaries within the States of South Carolina and Georgia. These Q&As are displayed in two files:
 - The first listed file addresses policies and procedures that are applicable without any Section 1135 or other formal waiver. These policies are always applicable in any kind of emergency or disaster, including the current emergency in the States of South Carolina and Georgia.
 - The second file addresses policies and procedures that are applicable only with approved Section 1135 waivers or, when applicable, approved Section 1812(f) waivers. These Q&As are applicable for approved Section 1135 blanket waivers and approved individual 1135 waivers requested by providers and are effective September 6, 2017, for the State South Carolina and September 7, 2017, for the State of Georgia.

In both cases, the links below will open the most current document. The date included in the document filename will change as new information is added, or existing information is revised.

- a) Q&As applicable **without any Section 1135** or other formal waiver are available at [https://www.cms.gov/About-CMS/Agency-Information/Emergency/Downloads/Consolidated Medicare FFS Emergency QsAs.pdf](https://www.cms.gov/About-CMS/Agency-Information/Emergency/Downloads/Consolidated_Medicare_FFS_Emergency_QsAs.pdf).
- b) Q&As applicable **only with a Section 1135** waiver or, when applicable, a Section 1812(f) waiver, are available at <https://www.cms.gov/About-CMS/Agency-Information/Emergency/Downloads/MedicareFFS-EmergencyQsAs1135Waiver.pdf>.

Blanket Waivers Issued by CMS

Under the authority of Section 1135 (or, as noted below, Section 1812(f)), CMS has issued blanket waivers in the affected area of **the States of South Carolina and Georgia**. Individual facilities do not need to apply for the following approved blanket waivers:

Skilled Nursing Facilities

- Section 1812(f): Waiver of the requirement for a 3-day prior hospitalization for coverage of a skilled nursing facility (SNF) stay provides temporary emergency coverage of SNF services without a qualifying hospital stay, for those people who are evacuated, transferred, or otherwise dislocated as a result of the effect of Hurricane Irma in the States of South Carolina and Georgia in 2017. In addition, for certain beneficiaries who recently exhausted their SNF benefits, it authorizes renewed SNF coverage without first having to start a new benefit period. (Blanket waiver for all impacted facilities)
- 42 CFR 483.20: Waiver provides relief to Skilled Nursing Facilities on the timeframe requirements for Minimum Data Set assessments and transmission. (Blanket waiver for all impacted facilities)

Home Health Agencies

- 42 CFR 484.20(c)(1): This waiver provides relief to Home Health Agencies on the timeframes related to OASIS Transmission. (Blanket waiver for all impacted agencies)

Critical Access Hospitals

This action waives the requirements that Critical Access Hospitals limit the number of beds to 25, and that the length of stay be limited to 96 hours. (Blanket waiver for all impacted hospitals)

Housing Acute Care Patients In Excluded Distinct Part Units

CMS has determined it is appropriate to issue a blanket waiver to IPPS hospitals that, as a result of Hurricane Irma, need to house acute care inpatients in excluded distinct part units, where the distinct part unit's beds are appropriate for acute care inpatient. The

IPPS hospital should bill for the care and annotate the patient's medical record to indicate the patient is an acute care inpatient being housed in the excluded unit because of capacity issues related to Hurricane Irma. (Blanket waiver for all IPPS hospitals located in the affected areas that need to use distinct part beds for acute care patients as a result of the hurricane.)

Care for Excluded Inpatient Psychiatric Unit Patients in the Acute Care Unit of a Hospital

CMS has determined it is appropriate to issue a blanket waiver to IPPS and other acute care hospitals with excluded distinct part inpatient psychiatric units that, as a result of Hurricane Irma, need to relocate inpatients from the excluded distinct part psychiatric unit to an acute care bed and unit. The hospital should continue to bill for inpatient psychiatric services under the inpatient psychiatric facility prospective payment system for such patients and annotate the medical record to indicate the patient is a psychiatric inpatient being cared for in an acute care bed because of capacity or other exigent circumstances related to the hurricane. This waiver may be utilized where the hospital's acute care beds are appropriate for psychiatric patients and the staff and environment are conducive to safe care. For psychiatric patients, this includes assessment of the acute care bed and unit location to ensure those patients at risk of harm to self and others are safely cared for.

Care for Excluded Inpatient Rehabilitation Unit Patients in the Acute Care Unit of a Hospital

CMS has determined it is appropriate to issue a blanket waiver to IPPS and other acute care hospitals with excluded distinct part inpatient Rehabilitation units that, as a result of Hurricane Irma, need to relocate inpatients from the excluded distinct part Rehabilitation unit to an acute care bed and unit. The hospital should continue to bill for inpatient rehabilitation services under the inpatient rehabilitation facility prospective payment system for such patients and annotate the medical record to indicate the patient is a rehabilitation inpatient being cared for in an acute care bed because of capacity or other exigent circumstances related to the hurricane. This waiver may be utilized where the hospital's acute care beds are appropriate for providing care to rehabilitation patients and such patients continue to receive intensive rehabilitation services.

Durable Medical Equipment, Prosthetics, Orthotics, and Supplies for Medicare Beneficiaries Impacted by an Emergency or Disaster

As a result of Hurricane Irma, CMS has determined it is appropriate to issue a blanket waiver to suppliers of Durable Medical Equipment, Prosthetics, Orthotics, and Supplies (DMEPOS) where DMEPOS is lost, destroyed, irreparably damaged, or otherwise rendered unusable. Under this waiver, the face-to-face requirement, a new physician's order, and new medical necessity documentation are not required for replacement. Suppliers must still include a narrative description on the claim explaining the reason why the equipment must be replaced and are reminded to maintain documentation indicating that the DMEPOS was lost, destroyed, irreparably damaged or

otherwise rendered unusable as a result of the hurricane.

For more information refer to the Durable Medical Equipment, Prosthetics, Orthotics, and Supplies for Medicare Beneficiaries Impacted by an Emergency or Disaster fact sheet at <https://www.cms.gov/About-CMS/Agency-Information/Emergency/Downloads/Emergency-DME-Beneficiaries-Hurricanes.pdf>.

Appeal Administrative Relief for Areas Affected by Hurricane Irma

If you were affected by Hurricane Irma and are unable to file an appeal within 120 days from the date of receipt of the Remittance Advice (RA) that lists the initial determination or will have an extended period of non-receipt of remittance advices that will impact your ability to file an appeal, please contact your Medicare Administrative Contractor.

Replacement Prescription Fills

Medicare payment may be permitted for replacement prescription fills (for a quantity up to the amount originally dispensed) of covered Part B drugs in circumstances where dispensed medication has been lost or otherwise rendered unusable by damage due to the emergency.

Requesting an 1135 Waiver

Information for requesting an 1135 waiver, when a blanket waiver hasn't been approved, can be found at <https://www.cms.gov/About-CMS/Agency-Information/Emergency/Downloads/Requesting-an-1135-Waiver-Updated-11-16-2016.pdf>.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

If you have any questions, please contact your MAC at their toll-free number. That number is available at <https://www.cms.gov/Research-Statistics-Data-and-Systems/Monitoring-Programs/Medicare-FFS-Compliance-Programs/Review-Contractor-Directory-Interactive-Map/>.

The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention released [ICD-10-CM coding advice](#) to report healthcare encounters in the hurricane aftermath.

Providers may also want to view the Survey and Certification Frequently Asked Questions at <https://www.cms.gov/Medicare/Provider-Enrollment-and-Certification/SurveyCertEmergPrep/index.html>.

DOCUMENT HISTORY

Date of Change	Description
December 13, 2017	The article was revised to advise providers that the public health emergency declaration and Section 1135 waiver authority expired on December 4, 2017, for South Carolina and on December 5, 2017, for Georgia. All other information remains the same.
September 19, 2017	The article was revised to include new waivers regarding care for excluded inpatient psychiatric unit patients in the acute care unit of a hospital and care for excluded inpatient rehabilitation unit patients in the acute care unit of a hospital and to add information on replacement prescription fills of covered Part B drugs. All other information remains the same.
September 11, 2017	Initial article released.

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