ICD-10-CM Structure

**ICD-9-CM**
- 3-5 characters
- First character is numeric or alpha (E or V)
- Characters 2-5 are numeric
- Always at least 3 characters
- Use of decimal after 3 characters

**ICD-10-CM**
- 3-7 characters
  - 3 characters before the decimal and up to 4 characters after the decimal
- 1st character is alpha (all letters except U are used)
- 2nd character is numeric
- Characters 3-7 are alpha or numeric
- Alpha characters are not case-sensitive
  (e.g., Right ankle sprain, initial encounter: S93.401A, S93.401a, s93.401A, s93.401a)
Similarities to ICD-9-CM

• Tabular List
  – Chronological list of codes divided into chapters based on body system or condition
  – Same hierarchical structure
  – Chapters in Tabular structured similarly to ICD-9-CM, with minor exceptions
    • A few chapters have been restructured
    • Sense organs (eye and ear) separated from Nervous System chapter and moved to their own chapters
Similarities to ICD-9-CM

• Index
  – Alphabetical list of terms and their corresponding codes
  – Indented subterms appear under main terms
  – Same structure as ICD-9-CM
    • Alphabetic Index of Diseases and Injuries
    • Alphabetic Index of External Causes
    • Table of Neoplasms
    • Table of Drugs and Chemicals
Similarities to ICD-9-CM

• Many conventions have same meaning
  – Abbreviations, punctuation, symbols, notes such as “code first” and “use additional code”

• Nonspecific codes (“unspecified” or “not otherwise specified”) are available to use when detailed documentation to support more specific code is not available
Similarities to ICD-9-CM

• Codes are looked up the same way
  – Look up diagnostic terms in Alphabetic Index, then
  – Verify code number in Tabular List

• Codes are invalid if they are missing an applicable character
Similarities to ICD-9-CM


- Adherence to the official coding guidelines in all healthcare settings is required under the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA).
Differences from ICD-9-CM

• Expanded detail and specificity
• Codes reflect modern medicine and updated medical terminology
• Laterality (side of the body affected) has been added to relevant codes
• Expanded use of combination codes
  – Certain conditions and associated common symptoms or manifestations
  – Poisonings and associated external cause
Combination Codes – Examples

• I25.110  Atherosclerotic heart disease of native coronary artery with unstable angina pectoris
• E11.311  Type 2 diabetes mellitus with unspecified diabetic retinopathy with macular edema
• K71.51  Toxic liver disease with chronic active hepatitis with ascites
• K50.012  Crohn’s disease of small intestine with intestinal obstruction
Differences from ICD-9-CM

• In Tabular, injuries grouped by anatomical site rather than type of injury

ICD-9-CM
  Fractures (800-829)
  Dislocations (830-839)
  Sprains and strains (840-848)

ICD-10-CM
  Injuries to the head (S00-S09)
  Injuries to the neck (S10-S19)
  Injuries to the thorax (S20-S29)
Addition of 7th Character

- 7th character used in certain chapters (e.g., Musculoskeletal, Obstetrics, Injuries, External Causes)
- Different meaning depending on section where it is being used
- Must always be used in the 7th character position
- When 7th character applies, codes missing 7th character are invalid
**Initial encounter:** As long as patient is receiving active treatment for the condition. Examples of active treatment are: surgical treatment, emergency department encounter, and evaluation and treatment by a new physician.

**Subsequent encounter:** After patient has received active treatment of the condition and is receiving routine care for the condition during the healing or recovery phase. Examples of subsequent care are: cast change or removal, removal of external or internal fixation device, medication adjustment, other aftercare and follow up visits following treatment of the injury or condition.

**Sequela:** Complications or conditions that arise as a direct result of a condition (e.g., scar formation after a burn).

*Note:* For aftercare of injury, assign acute injury code with 7th character for subsequent encounter.
7th Character – Fractures

A  Initial encounter for closed fracture
B  Initial encounter for open fracture
D  Subsequent encounter for fracture with routine healing
G  Subsequent encounter for fracture with delayed healing
K  Subsequent encounter for fracture with nonunion
P  Subsequent encounter for fracture with malunion
S  Sequela
Placeholder “X”

• Addition of dummy placeholder “X” (or “x”) is used in certain codes to:
  – Allow for future expansion
  – Fill in empty characters when a code contains fewer than 6 characters and a 7th character applies

• “X” is not case-sensitive
  – T46.1x5A or T46.1X5A—Adverse effect of calcium-channel blockers, initial encounter
  – T15.02xD or T15.02XD—Foreign body in cornea, left eye, subsequent encounter

• When the placeholder character applies, it must be used in order for the code to be valid
• Excludes1 note
  
  Indicates that code identified in the note and code where the note appears cannot be reported together because the 2 conditions cannot occur together.

Example:

E10  Type 1 Diabetes mellitus

  Excludes1: diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition (E08.-)
  drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus (E09.-)
  gestational diabetes (O24.4-)
  hyperglycemia NOS (R73.9)
  neonatal diabetes mellitus (P70.2)
  postpancreatectomy diabetes mellitus (E13.-)
  postprocedural diabetes mellitus (E13.-)
  secondary diabetes mellitus NEC (E13.-)
  type 2 diabetes mellitus (E11.-)
Excludes Notes

- Excludes2 note
  - Indicates that condition identified in the note is not part of the condition represented by the code where the note appears, so both codes may be reported together if the patient has both conditions

Example:

L89  Pressure ulcer

Excludes2: decubitus (trophic) ulcer of cervix (uteri) (N86)
  non-pressure chronic ulcer of skin (L97.-)
  skin infections (L00-L08)
  varicose ulcer (I83.0, I83.2)
ICD-10-CM Specificity  Examples

• Increased specificity
  – S72.044G  Nondisplaced fracture of base of neck of right femur, subsequent encounter for closed fracture with delayed healing
  – I69.351  Sequelae of cerebral infarction, Hemiplegia and hemiparesis following cerebral infarction affecting right dominant side
  – Z47.81  Encounter for orthopedic aftercare following surgical amputation
  – Z48.21  Encounter for aftercare following heart transplant
ICD-10-CM Laterality Examples

• Laterality
  – C50.511 Malignant neoplasm of lower-outer quadrant of right female breast
  – H01.111 Allergic dermatitis of right upper eyelid
  – L89.223 Pressure ulcer of left hip, stage 3
ICD-10-CM Coding Examples

Type 1 diabetes mellitus with diabetic nephropathy

**Step 1**
Look up term in Alphabetic Index:
Diabetes, diabetic (mellitus) (sugar) E11.9
type 1 E10.9
with
nephropathy E10.21
Type I diabetes mellitus with diabetic nephropathy

**Step 2**

Verify code in Tabular:
E10 Type 1 diabetes mellitus
   E10.2 Type 1 diabetes mellitus with kidney complications
      E10.21 Type 1 diabetes mellitus with diabetic nephropathy
      Type 1 diabetes mellitus with intercapillary glomerulosclerosis
      Type 1 diabetes mellitus with intracapillary glomerulonephrosis
      Type 1 diabetes mellitus with Kimmelstiel-Wilson disease

**Code Assignment: E10.21**
Acute cystitis with hematuria

**Step 1**

Look up term in Alphabetic Index:

Cystitis (exudative) (hemorrhagic) (septic) (suppurative) N30.90
acute N30.00
with hematuria N30.01
Acute cystitis with hematuria

Step 2
Verify code in Tabular:
N30 Cystitis
  Use additional code to identify infectious agent (B95-B97)
  N30.0 Acute cystitis
    Excludes1: irradiation cystitis (N30.4-)
    trigonitis (N30.3-)
  N30.00 Acute cystitis without hematuria
  N30.01 Acute cystitis with hematuria

Code Assignment: N30.01
ICD-10-CM Coding Examples

Fracture (traumatic) of proximal third of scaphoid bone, left wrist, initial encounter

Step 1
Look up term in Alphabetic Index:
Fracture, traumatic
  scaphoid (hand) – see also Fracture, carpal, navicular

  carpal bone(s) S62.10-
    navicular S62.00 –
      proximal third (displaced) S62.03-
        nondisplaced S62.03-
ICD-10-CM Coding Examples

Fracture (traumatic) of proximal third of scaphoid bone, left wrist, initial encounter

Step 2
Verify code in Tabular:
S62 Fracture at wrist and hand level
   Note: A fracture not indicated as displaced or nondisplaced should be coded to displaced
   Note: A fracture not indicated as open or closed should be coded to closed

The appropriate 7th character is to be added to each code from category S62:
A Initial encounter for closed fracture
B Initial encounter for open fracture
D Subsequent encounter for fracture with routine healing
G Subsequent encounter for fracture with delayed healing
K Subsequent encounter for fracture with nonunion
P Subsequent encounter for fracture with malunion
S Sequela
Fracture (traumatic) of proximal third of scaphoid bone, left wrist, initial encounter

**Step 2 Continued**

**Verify code in Tabular:**

S62.03 Fracture of proximal third of navicular [scaphoid] bone of wrist

- S62.031 Displaced fracture of proximal third of navicular [scaphoid] bone of right wrist
- S62.032 Displaced fracture of proximal third of navicular [scaphoid] bone of left wrist
- S62.033 Displaced fracture of proximal third of navicular [scaphoid] bone of unspecified wrist
- S62.034 Nondisplaced fracture of proximal third of navicular [scaphoid] bone of right wrist
- S62.035 Nondisplaced fracture of proximal third of navicular [scaphoid’ bone of left wrist
- S62.036 Nondisplaced fracture of proximal third of navicular [scaphoid] bone of unspecified wrist

**Code Assignment: S62.032A**
ICD-10-CM Coding Examples

Admission to rehabilitation facility for physical and occupational therapy following hospitalization for a left hip (femoral neck) fracture

Step 1
Look up term in Alphabetic Index:
Fracture, femur, femoral, neck – see Fracture, femur, upper end, neck
Fracture, femur, upper end, neck S72.00-
ICD-10-CM Coding Examples

Admission to rehabilitation facility for physical and occupational therapy following hospitalization for a left hip (femoral neck) fracture

Step 2
Verify code in Tabular:
S72- Fracture of femur
   Note: A fracture not indicated as open or closed should be coded to closed
   A fracture not indicated as open or closed should be coded to closed
   The open fracture designations are based on the Gustilo open fracture classification
Step 2 continued

Verify code in Tabular continued: The appropriate 7th character is to be added to all codes from category S72

A - initial encounter for closed fracture
B - initial encounter for open fracture type I or II
  initial encounter for open fracture NOS
C - initial encounter for open fracture type IIIA, IIIB, or IIIC
D - subsequent encounter for closed fracture with routine healing
E - subsequent encounter for open fracture type I or II with routine healing
F - subsequent encounter for open fracture type IIIA, IIIB, or IIIC with routine healing
G - subsequent encounter for closed fracture with delayed healing
H - subsequent encounter for open fracture type I or II with delayed healing
J - subsequent encounter for open fracture type IIIA, IIIB, or IIIC with delayed healing
K - subsequent encounter for closed fracture with nonunion
M - subsequent encounter for open fracture type I or II with nonunion
N - subsequent encounter for open fracture type IIIA, IIIB, or IIIC with nonunion
P - subsequent encounter for closed fracture with malunion
Q - subsequent encounter for open fracture type I or II with malunion
R - subsequent encounter for open fracture type IIIA, IIIB, or IIIC with malunion
S - sequela
ICD-10-CM Coding Examples

Admission to rehabilitation facility for physical and occupational therapy following hospitalization for a left hip (femoral neck) fracture

Step 2 continued
Verify code in Tabular:
S72.00- Fracture of unspecified part of neck of femur
    Fracture of hip NOS
    Fracture of neck of femur NOS
S72.001- Fracture of unspecified part of neck of right femur
S72.002- Fracture of unspecified part of neck of left femur
S72.009- Fracture of unspecified part of neck of unspecified femur

Code Assignment: S72.002D
ICD-10-CM Coding Examples

Placenta previa with hemorrhage, second trimester

**Step 1**

Look up term in Alphabetic Index:

Placenta, placental – see Pregnancy, complicated by (care of) (management affected by), specified condition

Pregnancy, complicated by (care of) (management affected by) placenta previa O44.1-

without hemorrhage O44.0-
Step 2
Verify code in Tabular:
O44- Placenta previa
  O44.1- Placenta previa with hemorrhage
    Low implantation of placenta, NOS or with hemorrhage
    Marginal placenta previa, NOS or with hemorrhage
    Partial placenta previa, NOS or with hemorrhage
    Total placenta previa, NOS or with hemorrhage
O44.10 Placenta previa with hemorrhage, unspecified trimester
O44.11 Placenta previa with hemorrhage, first trimester
O44.12 Placenta previa with hemorrhage, second trimester
O44.13 Placenta previa with hemorrhage, third trimester

Code Assignment: O44.12
ICD-10-CM Coding Examples

Morbid obesity, Body Mass Index (BMI) of 46

Step 1

Look up term in Alphabetic Index:

Obesity E66.9
morbid E66.01
with alveolar hypoventilation E66.2
due to excess calories E66.01
ICD-10-CM Coding Examples

Morbid obesity, Body Mass Index (BMI) of 46

Step 2
Verify code in Tabular:

E66- Overweight and obesity
  Use additional code to identify body mass index (BMI), if known (Z68.-)
    E66.0- Obesity to excess calories
      E66.01 Morbid (severe) obesity due to excess calories
      E66.09 Other obesity due to excess calories
    Z68- Body Mass Index (BMI)
      Z68.4- Body mass index 40 or greater, adult
        Z68.42 Body mass index (BMI) 45.0-49.9, adult

Code Assignment: E66.01, Z68.42
Examination for admission to preschool

Step 1

Look up term in Alphabetic Index:

Examination, medical Z00.00
  preschool children
  for admission to school Z02.0
ICD-10-CM Coding Examples

Examination for admission to preschool

Step 2
Verify code in Tabular:
Z02- Encounter for administrative examination
  Z02.0 Encounter for examination for admission to educational institution
  Encounter for examination for admission to preschool (education)
  Encounter for examination for re-admission to school following illness or medical treatment

Code Assignment: Z02.0
Unspecified Codes

- Unspecified codes have acceptable, even necessary, uses.
- Unspecified codes should be reported when they most accurately reflect what is known about the patient’s condition at the time of that particular encounter.
- It would be inappropriate to select a specific code that is not supported by the medical record documentation or conduct medically unnecessary diagnostic testing in order to determine a more specific code.
- Avoid excessive use of non-specific codes.
Fracture of left wrist, follow-up visit, fracture healing well

Step 1
Look up term in Alphabetic Index:
Fracture, traumatic
wrist S62.10-
   carpal – see Fracture, carpal bone
Unspecified Code Examples

Step 2
Verify code in Tabular:
S62 Fracture at wrist and hand level
   Note: A fracture not indicated as displaced or nondisplaced should be coded to displaced
   Note: A fracture not indicated as open or closed should be coded to closed

The appropriate 7th character is to be added to each code from category S62:
A  Initial encounter for closed fracture
B  Initial encounter for open fracture
D Subsequent encounter for fracture with routine healing
G  Subsequent encounter for fracture with delayed healing
K  Subsequent encounter for fracture with nonunion
P  Subsequent encounter for fracture with malunion
S  Sequela
Unspecified Code Examples

Fracture of left wrist, follow-up visit, fracture healing well

Step 2 Continued

Verify code in Tabular:

S62.10 Fracture of unspecified carpal bone
   Fracture of wrist NOS
   S62.101 Fracture of unspecified carpal bone, right wrist
   S62.102 Fracture of unspecified carpal bone, left wrist
   S62.109 Fracture of unspecified carpal bone, unspecified wrist

Code Assignment: S62.102D
Unspecified Code Examples

Pneumonia

Step 1
Look up term in Alphabetic Index:
Pneumonia (acute) (double) (migratory) (purulent) (septic) (unresolved) J18.9
Unspecified Code Examples

Pneumonia

**Step 2**

**Verify code in Tabular:**

J18 Pneumonia, unspecified organism

- Code first associated influenza, if applicable (J09.X1, J10.0-, J11.0-)
- J18.9 Pneumonia, unspecified organism

**Code Assignment: J18.9**
External Causes of Morbidity

- No national requirement for mandatory ICD-10-CM external cause code reporting
- Reporting of ICD-10-CM codes in Chapter 20, External Causes of Morbidity, is only required for providers subject to a state-based external cause code reporting mandate or payer requirement
- In the absence of a mandatory reporting requirement, providers are encouraged to voluntarily report external cause codes
What is The Value of Reporting External Cause of Injury Codes?

- Provide valuable data for injury research and evaluation of injury prevention strategies
- External cause of injury data are used at the national, state, and local levels to identify high-risk populations, set priorities, and plan and evaluate injury prevention programs and policies, and are potentially useful for evaluating emergency medical services (EMS) and trauma care systems
External Cause Code Example

Injury sustained from falling down ice-covered steps, initial encounter

Step 1
Look up term in the Index to External Causes:
Fall, falling (accidental) W19
  from, off, out of
    stairs, steps W10.9
due to ice or snow W00.1
External Cause Code Example

Injury sustained from falling down ice-covered steps, initial encounter

Step 2
Verify code in Tabular:
W00 Fall due to ice and snow
   Includes: pedestrian on foot falling (slipping) on ice and snow
   The appropriate 7th character is to be added to each code from category W00
       A - initial encounter
       D - subsequent encounter
       S – sequela

W00.1 Fall from stairs and steps due to ice and snow

Code Assignment: W00.1xxA
External Cause Code Example

Solo bicyclist (pedal cyclist) sustained injuries from a collision with a car in an intersection (initial encounter)

Step 1
Look up term in External Cause of Injury Index:
Accident, pedal cycle – see Accident, transport, pedal cyclist
    Accident, transport (involving injury to) V99
    pedal cyclist V19.9
    driver
    collision (with)
    car (traffic) V13.4
    nontraffic V13.0
External Cause Code Example

Solo bicyclist (pedal cyclist) sustained injuries from a collision with a car in an intersection (initial encounter)

Step 2
Verify code in Tabular:
V13 Pedal cycle rider injured in collision with car, pick-up truck or van
The appropriate 7th character is to be added to each code from category V13:
  A - initial encounter
  D - subsequent encounter
  S – sequela
V13.4xx- Pedal cycle driver injured in collision with car, pick-up truck or van in traffic accident

Code Assignment: V13.4xxA
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