

## **Consensus statement and petition for use of pneumatic compression devices for PAD**

To: [MedCACpresentations@cms.hhs.gov](mailto:MedCACpresentations@cms.hhs.gov)

Or by post: Maria Ellis, Executive Secretary for MEDCAC, Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services, Center for Clinical Standards and Quality, Coverage and Analysis Group, S3-02-01, 7500 Security Boulevard, Baltimore, MD 21244

### Statement

Studies published in peer reviewed journals including randomized control trials have demonstrated the efficacy of arterial pneumatic compression devices (APCDs) in treating patients with peripheral arterial disease (PAD); for intermittent claudication and critical limb ischemia. My personal experience strongly supports it use.

APCDs should therefore be covered as reasonable and necessary with consistent, nation-wide coverage as follows.

For intermittent claudication, APCDs should be available to prescribing physicians when the patient is unwilling or unable to undergo a supervised exercise program or if the supervised exercise program was unable to provide satisfactory results.

For patients with critical limb ischemia, APCDs should be available to prescribing physicians:

1. As a first line therapy for limbs not in immediate need for surgical revascularization or,
2. For limbs that are not candidates for surgical revascularization or,
3. For limbs that have had failed revascularization.

Prescriptions should require an initial treatment for at least three months to allow for collateral artery formation.

APCDs need a separate policy from venous / lymphatic types of pneumatic compression devices since they apply very different modes of compression (short duration pulses at high pressure) for completely different medical indications. The timing and pressures associated with venous / lymphatic types of pneumatic compression are contraindicated for PAD.

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