May 24 CMS Quality Vendor Workgroup

May 24, 2018
12:00 – 1:30 p.m. ET
# Agenda

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Topic</th>
<th>Speaker</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| eCQI Resource Center Update, Direct Referenced Codes, Technical Release Notes, Annual Update for 2019 Reporting/Performance Overview | Shanna Hartman  
*CMS*  
Edna Boone  
*ESAC/Batelle*  
Juliet Rubini  
*Mathematica* |
| Update on OCR Cybersecurity and Breach Resources                      | Nick Heesters  
*Office for Civil Rights* |
| Medicare and Medicaid EHR Incentive Programs Name Change             | Ketchum on behalf of Kathleen Johnson        |
|                                                                        | Questions                                    |
eCQI Resource Center Update, Direct Referenced Codes, Technical Release Notes, eCQM Annual Update for 2019 Reporting/Performance Overview

Shanna Hartman, CMS
Edna Boone, ESAC/Battelle
Juliet Rubini - Mathematica
eCQM Annual Update for 2019
Reporting/Performance Overview

• eCQI Resource Center
  • eCQM specifications for Eligible Professionals, Eligible Clinicians, Eligible Hospitals and Critical Access Hospitals
  • eCQM supporting materials
  • eCQI standards information
    • Clinical Quality Language (CQL)
    • Quality Data Model (QDM)
    • Quality Reporting Document Architecture (QRDA)
• Tools and Resources
  • Education materials
  • Implementation resources
  • eCQM Tool Library
• Engagement Opportunities
Learn about eCQI resources and connect with the community of professionals who are dedicated to clinical quality improvement for better health.

**eCQMs**
- The who, what, when, where, and why of electronic Clinical Quality Measures (eCQMs)

**Education**
- A selection of educational materials and resources to broaden your eCQI knowledge

**Eligible Hospital and Critical Access Hospital eCQMs**
- eCQMs and supporting materials for use by Eligible Hospitals and Critical Access Hospitals

**Eligible Professional and Clinician eCQMs**
- eCQMs and supporting materials for use by Eligible Professionals and Clinicians

**Latest News**
- **May 04 2018**
  - New Available: Electronic Clinical Quality Measures (eCQM) Annual Update for 2019 Reporting/Performance
  - Updated eCQM Specifications and New eCQM Reading Guide Now Available
  - The Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) has posted the eCQM annual update for the 2019 reporting period for Eligible Hospitals and Critical Access Hospitals (CAHs) and the...

- **Apr 20 2018**
  - Now Accepting Public Comments on the Technical CQL-based Measure Specifications for the Quality Payment Program
  - Visit the JIRA Website to Submit Official Comments by May 9, 2018
  - The Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) clinical quality language (CQL)-based measure specifications for eCQMs under development for possible future consideration are now available for public...

**View the full event calendar here.**

**Upcoming Events**
- **May 08**
  - Cypress Tech Talk
  - 1:00pm EDT
  - In order to help ensure that these calls are meeting your needs, you are invited to submit your questions to the Cypress Talk List on the Friday prior to each planned call. View a schedule of all upcoming Cypress Tech Talks at: https://www.healthit.gov...

- **May 09**
  - FY 2019 IPPS Proposed Rule: Acute Care Hospital Quality Reporting Programs Overview
  - 2:00pm EDT
  - This Outreach and Education webinar for participants in...
Tab structure – eCQM Page

https://ecqi.healthit.gov/ecqms
Tab structure – CQL Page

CQL - Clinical Quality Language

Clinical Quality Language (CQL) is a Health Level Seven International (HL7) authoring language standard that’s intended to be human readable. It is part of the effort to harmonize standards used for electronic clinical quality measures (eCQMs) and clinical decision support (CDS). CQL provides the ability to express logic that is human readable yet structured enough for processing a query electronically. CQL is the expression logic used in Health Quality Measure Format (HQMF) beginning with the eCQMs intended for implementation in calendar year 2019. CQL replaces the logic expressions currently defined in the Quality Data Model (QDM) and QDM (beginning with v5.3) includes only the conceptual model for defining the data elements (the data model). Measure authors with access to the Measure Authoring Tool (MAT) can use the tool to author measures using CQL. Visit the MAT webpage for more information.

CQL allows for a more modular, flexible, and robust expression of the logic. It allows logic to be shared between measures and with decision support. Learn more about the advantages of CQL from the Benefits of CQL (pdf) presentation.

Find the CQL Standards
CQL Standards are located on the HL7 Website: CQL Specification.

Find the CQL-based QDM Reference
Eligible Hospital / Critical Access Hospital eCQMs

The electronic clinical quality measures (eCQMs) are updated for calendar year 2019 reporting for the Hospital Inpatient Quality Reporting (IQR) Program and the Medicare and Medicaid Promoting Interoperability programs for Eligible Hospitals and Critical Access Hospitals. Measures will not be eligible for 2019 reporting unless and until they are proposed and finalized through notice-and-comment rulemaking for each applicable program.

Each year, CMS makes updates to the eCQMs adopted for submission in CMS programs. CMS requires the use of updated eCQMs for all its quality programs because they include updated codes, logic corrections, and clarifications. Reporting eCQM data to the Hospital IQR Program and for aligned credit for reporting of eCQMs to the Promoting Interoperability programs requires that hospitals use the most current version of the eCQMs identified below for the applicable reporting period.

In addition, CMS may publish addenda to the eCQM updates. The addenda provide updates to the codes used in value sets based on code system changes.

CMS has updated eCQMs for potential inclusion in the following programs:

- Hospital Inpatient Quality Reporting (IQR) Program
- Medicaid Promoting Interoperability Program for Eligible Hospitals and Critical Access Hospitals (formerly known as the Medicaid Electronic Health Record (EHR) Incentive Program)
- Medicare Promoting Interoperability Electronic Health Record (EHR) Incentive Programs for Eligible Hospitals and Critical Access Hospitals (formerly known as the Medicare EHR Incentive Program)

Use the eCQM Materials and follow the eCQM Implementation Checklist to update your electronic health record and processes for eCQM use and reporting.

Select Reporting Period  Search  Apply  Reset

2019 REPORTING PERIOD ELIGIBLE HOSPITAL / CRITICAL ACCESS HOSPITAL ECQMS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>For Use</th>
<th>eCQM Materials</th>
<th>Published</th>
<th>File Type</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2019 Q1-Q4</td>
<td>Implementation Checklist eCQM Annual Update</td>
<td>May 2018</td>
<td>link</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2019 Q1-Q4</td>
<td>Guide for Reading eCQMs</td>
<td>May 2018</td>
<td>pdf</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2019 Q1-Q4</td>
<td>Eligible Hospitals Table of eCQMs</td>
<td>May 2018</td>
<td>pdf</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2019 Q1-Q4</td>
<td>eCQM Specifications for Eligible Hospitals</td>
<td>May 2018</td>
<td>zip</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2019 Q1-Q4</td>
<td>eCQM Value Sets</td>
<td>May 2018</td>
<td>link</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2019 Q1-Q4</td>
<td>Binding Parameter Specification (BPS)</td>
<td>May 2018</td>
<td>zip</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2019 Q1-Q4</td>
<td>eCQM Measure Logic Guidance v2.0</td>
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https://ecqi.healthit.gov/eh
Eligible Hospital / Critical Access Hospital eCQMs

The electronic clinical quality measures (eCQMs) are updated for calendar year 2019 reporting for the Hospital Inpatient Quality Reporting (IQR) Program and the Medicare and Medicaid Promoting Interoperability programs for Eligible Hospitals and Critical Access Hospitals. Measures will not be eligible for 2019 reporting unless and until they are proposed and finalized through notice-and-comment rulemaking for each applicable program.

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In addition, CMS may publish addenda to the eCQM updates. The addenda provide updates to the codes used in value sets based on code system changes.

CMS has updated eCQMs for potential inclusion in the following programs:

- Hospital Inpatient Quality Reporting (IQR) Program
- Medicare Promoting Interoperability Program for Eligible Hospitals and Critical Access Hospitals (formerly known as the Medicare Electronic Health Record (EHR) Incentive Program)
- Medicare Promoting Interoperability Electronic Health Record (EHR) Incentive Programs for Eligible Hospitals and Critical Access Hospitals (formerly known as the Medicare EHR Incentive Program)

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https://ecqi.healthit.gov/eh
Eligible Hospital / Critical Access Hospital eCQMs

- eCQM Specifications
- Technical Release Notes
- Implementation Guides
- QRDA Links

https://ecqi.healthit.gov/eh
## Elective Delivery

**eCQMs for 2019 Reporting Period**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CMS Measure ID</th>
<th>Version</th>
<th>NQF Number</th>
<th>Measure Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CMS113v7</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>D405</td>
<td>Patients with elective vaginal deliveries on elective cesarean births at ≥ 37 and ≥ 36 weeks of gestation completed.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Initial Factor Population:**
- Patients ≥ 18 years and ≤ 65 admitted to the hospital for pregnancy status. 
- In labor at delivery until birth and had a length of stay less than or equal to 128 days that ends during the measurement period.

**Denominator Statement:**
- Patients delivering newborns with ≥ 37 and ≥ 36 weeks of gestation completed.

**Numerator Statement:**
- Patients with elective deliveries by: 
  - Abnormal induction of labor when normal labor prior to procedure 
  - Cesarean birth while not in labor and with no history of a prior hysterectomy surgery.

**Numerator Exclusions:**
- Not applicable

**Denominator Exclusions:**
- None

**Measure Baseline:**
- The Joint Commission

**Measures:**
- CMS113v7

**Measure Version:**
- CMS113v7

**Improvement Notation:**
- Improvement noted as a decrease in the rate.

**Guidance:**
- Abnormal induction of labor: if the patient is not in labor at the time of delivery, the cesarean is captured as a corrected gestational age on the day of delivery.

**Meaningful Measure:**
- Preventive Care

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**Specifications**

- CMS113v7.html
- CMS113v7.zip
- CMS113v7_TRN.xlsx

Downloadable specifications

https://ecqi.healthit.gov/ecqm/measures/cms113v7
Eligible Hospital / Critical Access Hospital eCQMs – QRDA

QRDA - Quality Reporting Document Architecture

About Tools & Resources Previous Versions Education Connect

The Quality Reporting Document Architecture (QRDA) is the data submission standard used for a variety of quality measurement and reporting initiatives. QRDA creates a standard method to report quality measure results in a structured, consistent format and can be used to exchange eCQM data between systems.

Current QRDA Reference and Implementation Guides:

2019 Reporting and Performance Period

• 2019 CMS QRDA I Implementation Guide for Hospital Quality Reporting (pdf)
• 2019 CMS QRDA I Schematrons and Sample Files for Hospital Quality Reporting (zip)

2018 Reporting and Performance Period
For 2018 reporting, there are two CMS QRDA Implementation Guides: one CMS Implementation Guide for Eligible Hospitals and a separate CMS Implementation Guide for Eligible Clinicians.

• 2018 CMS QRDA I Implementation Guide for Hospital Quality Reporting (pdf)
• 2018 CMS QRDA I Schematrons, and Sample Files for Hospital Quality Reporting (zip)
• 2018 CMS QRDA III Implementation Guide for Eligible Professionals (EPs) and Eligible Clinicians (pdf) (Updated March 2018)
• 2018 CMS QRDA III Schematrons and Sample Files for Eligible Professionals (EPs) and Eligible Clinicians (zip)

2017 Reporting and Performance Period
The CMS QRDA Category I Implementation Guide for Eligible Hospitals for 2017 eCQM reporting is based on the HL7 QRDA Category I, STU Release 3.1 and further constrains the base HL7 QRDA Category I standard by providing CMS-specific requirements for Eligible Hospitals, such as requiring the CMS Certification Number when submitting QRDA Category I reports.

https://ecqi.healthit.gov/qrda

Find 2019 QRDA here and in eCQM Materials
Eligible Clinician/Eligible Professional eCQMs

The electronic clinical quality measures (eCQMs) are updated for calendar year 2019 reporting for eligible clinicians participating in the Quality Payment Program (QPP), the Merit-Based Incentive Payment System (MIPS) and Advanced Alternative Payment Models (Advanced APMs); Comprehensive Primary Care Plus (CPC+); and eligible professionals participating in the Medicaid Promoting Interoperability Program. Measures will not be eligible for 2019 reporting unless and until they are proposed and finalized through notice-and-comment rulemaking for each applicable program.

Each year, CMS makes updates to the eCQMs adopted for submission in CMS programs. CMS requires the use of updated eCQMs for all its quality programs because they include updated codes, logic corrections, and clarifications. Reporting eCQM data to CMS quality programs requires that an eligible professional or eligible clinician use the most current version of the eCQMs identified below for the applicable performance period. Performance period for eligible clinicians is defined as the measure data capture period of the calendar year between January 1 and December 31.

In addition, CMS may publish addenda to the eCQM updates. The addenda provide updates to the codes used in value sets based on code system changes.

CMS has updated eCQMs for potential inclusion in the following programs:

- Quality Payment Programs: The Merit-based Incentive Payment System (MIPS) and Advanced Alternative Payment Models (Advanced APMs)
- Advanced APM: Comprehensive Primary Care Plus (CPC+)
- Medicaid Promoting Interoperability Program for Eligible Professionals

Use the eCQM Materials and follow the eCQM Implementation Checklist to update your electronic health record and processes for eCQM use and reporting.

Select Performance/Reporting Period

2019 PERFORMANCE PERIOD ELIGIBLE PROFESSIONAL / ELIGIBLE CLINICIAN ECQMS

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https://ecqi.healthit.gov/ep
Direct Reference Codes

• What are direct referenced codes (DRCs)?
  • A direct referenced code is a single concept code that is used to describe a clinical element directly within the logic of electronic clinical quality measures (eCQMs).

• How are DRCs used in the measures?
  • DRCs replace single code value sets.
  • DRCs are sourced from terminologies like LOINC, SNOMED, CPT, CVX, RXNORM, and AdministrativeGender.

• Why are DRCs used instead of single code value sets?
  • Due to licensing agreements in the Value Set Authority Center (VSAC), single code value sets are no longer allowed. DRCs allow eCQMs to use the single code without violating licensing agreements.
### DRCs and 2019 Reporting/Performance

- Which measures use DRCs?
  - For 2019 Reporting/Performance, 47 measures use DRCs.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Program</th>
<th>Measures</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(42 measures)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eligible Hospitals and Critical Access Hospitals</td>
<td>CMS108, CMS190, CMS26, CMS31, CMS32</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(5 measures)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Additional DRC Information

• Where can I find more information on DRCs used in the measures?
  • The Direct Reference Codes Specified within eCQM HQMF files spreadsheet on the VSAC’s Download page provides information on the DRCs used in the 2019 specifications including the code, code description, code system, and eCQM ID.
  • Based on feedback from implementers, the file also includes the “Prior Value Set OID.” This column lists the OID used in the 2018 version of the measure specifications, if applicable.
Technical Release Notes (TRNs)

- Transition to CQL raised questions as to how best to describe changes to measures
  - Changes based on new standard
  - Changes as a result of annual maintenance
- Mathematica and CMS sought implementer input on how to provide a similar level of detail in TRNs with logic changes
  - Will continue to identify type of change, location of change, and source of change
  - No changes to TRNs related to header or value set changes
- We provide updated examples of “global” TRNs on new CQL concepts that are included in the TRNs for all measures (see next slides)
- We look forward to feedback on TRNs so we can continue to improve their usefulness to implementers
## Examples: Timing TRNs

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>AU 2017 TRN</th>
<th>AU 2018 TRN Changes</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Replaced the 'ends before start of' logical operator to address situations where time stamps are not attached to procedures, diagnosis, and immunizations. Wherever applicable, the operators have been changed to 'ends before or concurrent with start of'.</td>
<td>CQL introduces new timing changes such as removing references to specific operators. Global TRNs will address CQL updates and may not be able to quote previous QDM-based standards. Instead, a similar TRN for AU 2018 may be expressed as:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Updated timing operators to address situations where time stamps are not attached to procedures, diagnosis, and immunizations.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Changed logic from: '&lt; 1 day(s) starts before start of ('Physical Exam, Performed: Time of Delivery' starts during Occurrence A of $EncounterInpatient )' to '&lt;= 1 day(s) starts before or concurrent with start of ('Occurrence A of Assessment, Performed: Time of Delivery' starts during Occurrence A of $EncounterInpatient)' to support the organizations in calculating the gestational age using current EHR functionality.</td>
<td>See above. With transition to CQL, we will not be able to quote lines of logic in the TRNs. Instead, a similar TRN for AU 2018 may be expressed as:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Expanded the timing for the physical exam to determine the time of delivery to include the start time of the encounter.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Examples: TRNs for New CQL Concepts

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CQL concept</th>
<th>AU 2018 TRN</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Overall change from QDM-based logic to CQL-based logic</td>
<td>Updated measure logic from Quality Data Model (QDM)-based logic to Clinical Quality Language (CQL)-based logic. Information on CQL can be found at the eCQI Resource Center (<a href="https://ecqi.healthit.gov/cql">https://ecqi.healthit.gov/cql</a>). Information about specific versions of the new standards in use for CMS reporting periods can be found at the eCQI Resource Center (<a href="https://ecqi.healthit.gov/ecqm-tools-key-resources">https://ecqi.healthit.gov/ecqm-tools-key-resources</a>). Switching from QDM to CQL brings with it many changes, as well as enhanced expression capability, but only those changes with significant impact will be outlined in technical release notes. For example, in the case of timing operators, changes may only be summarized if those changes impact the measure calculation.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Context</td>
<td>CQL libraries contain sets of CQL definitions, or CQL expression statements. A context statement, patient or population, can now be used in a CQL library to clearly establish how the subsequent list of CQL expressions will be interpreted. A &quot;Population&quot; context will interpret the CQL expression with reference to the entire population of the item being counted, patients or encounters. A &quot;Patient&quot; context will interpret the CQL expression with reference to a single patient. Context statements are not required, but one or more context statements may be used within a library to help clarify how the CQL expressions will be interpreted. Patient context is the default if none is specified.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Library use</td>
<td>Replaced measure-defined definitions with similar definitions and functions from shared libraries for consistency across measures.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Resource Center Contact Information

• For comments, suggestions, eCQI questions, and request to post events and news
  • ecqi-resource-center@hhs.gov
• Shanna Hartman –
  • Shanna.Hartman@cms.hhs.gov
• Edna Boone
  • Edna@govhealth.com
• Juliet Rubini
  • Jrubini@mathematica-mpr.com
Update on OCR Cybersecurity and Breach Resources

Nick Heesters

Office for Civil Rights
Agenda

• OCR Cybersecurity Resources
• OCR Breach Reporting Tool
OCR CYBERSECURITY RESOURCES
HIT Developer Portal

- OCR launched platform for mobile health developers in October 2015; purpose is to understand concerns of developers new to health care industry and HIPAA standards
- Users can submit questions, comment on other submissions, vote on relevancy of topic
- OCR will consider comments as we develop our priorities for additional guidance and technical assistance
- Guidance issued in February 2016 about how HIPAA might apply to a range of health app use scenarios
- FTC/ONC/OCR/FDA Mobile Health Apps Interactive Tool on Which Laws Apply issued in April 2016
Cloud Computing Guidance

- OCR released guidance clarifying that a CSP is a business associate – and therefore required to comply with applicable HIPAA regulations – when the CSP creates, receives, maintains or transmits identifiable health information (referred to in HIPAA as electronic protected health information or ePHI) on behalf of a covered entity or business associate.

- When a CSP stores and/or processes ePHI for a covered entity or business associate, that CSP is a business associate under HIPAA, even if the CSP stores the ePHI in encrypted form and does not have the key.

- CSPs are not likely to be considered “conduits,” because their services typically involve storage of ePHI on more than a temporary basis.


Cyber Security Guidance Material

• HHS OCR has launched a Cyber Security Guidance Material webpage, including a Cyber Security Checklist and Infographic, which explain the steps for a HIPAA covered entity or its business associate to take in response to a cyber-related security incident.
  – Cyber Security Checklist - PDF
  – Cyber Security Infographic [GIF 802 KB]

https://www.hhs.gov/hipaa/for-professionals/security/guidance/cybersecurity/index.html
Cyber-Attack Quick Response

Experienced a ransomware attack or other cyber-related security incident? This Cyber-Attack Quick Response guide will explain steps that a HIPAA covered entity or its business associate should take to respond.

**RESPOND**

The entity must execute response and mitigation procedures, and contingency plans.

**REPORT CRIME**

The entity should report the crime to criminal law enforcement agencies.

**REPORT THREAT**

The entity should report all cyber threat indicators to the appropriate federal agencies and ISAOs.

**ASSESS BREACH**

The entity must assess the incident to determine if there is a breach of protected health information.

---

**If YES**

All breaches must be reported to the affected individuals no later than 60 days from occurrence. If the breach affects 500 or more individuals, the entity must report to OCR and the media as soon as possible, but no later than 60 days from the occurrence. If the breach affects fewer than 500 individuals, the entity must report to OCR no later than 60 days after the calendar year of the breach.

**If NO**

The entity must document and retain all information considered during the risk assessment of the cyber-attack, including how it determined no breach occurred.
Cybersecurity Newsletters

- Began in January 2016
- Recent 2017-2018 Newsletters
  - October 2017 (Mobile Devices and PHI)
  - November 2017 (Insider Threats and Termination Procedures)
  - December 2017 (Cybersecurity While on Holiday)
  - January 2018 (Cyber Extortion)
  - February 2018 (Phishing)

Ransomware Guidance

• OCR recently released guidance on ransomware. The new guidance reinforces activities required by HIPAA that can help organizations prevent, detect, contain, and respond to threats.

• http://www.hhs.gov/hipaa/for-professionals/security/guidance/index.html
OCR BREACH REPORTING TOOL
Breach Notification Requirements

- Covered entity must notify affected individuals, HHS, and in some cases, the media, of breach.
- Business associate must notify covered entity of breach.
- Notification to be provided without unreasonable delay (but no later than 60 calendar days) after discovery of breach.
  - Annual reporting to HHS of smaller breaches (affecting less than 500 individuals) permitted.
- OCR posts breaches affecting 500+ individuals on OCR website.
The New HIPAA Breach Reporting Tool

• The revised web tool still publicly reports all breaches involving 500 or more records – but presents that information in a more understandable way.

• The HBRT also features improved navigation for both those looking for information on breaches and ease-of-use for organizations reporting incidents.

• The tool helps educate industry on the types of breaches that are occurring, industry-wide or within particular sectors, and how breaches are commonly resolved following investigations launched by OCR, which can help industry improve the security posture of their organizations.
As required by section 13402(e)(4) of the HITECH Act, the Secretary must post a list of breaches of unsecured protected health information affecting 500 or more individuals. The following breaches have been reported to the Secretary:

**Cases Currently Under Investigation**

This page lists all breaches reported within the last 24 months that are currently under investigation by the Office for Civil Rights.

https://ocrportal.hhs.gov/ocr/breach/breach_report.jsf
As required by section 13402(e)(4) of the HITECH Act, the Secretary must post a list of breaches of unsecured protected health information affecting

**Cases Currently Under Investigation**

This page lists all breaches reported within the last 24 months that are currently under investigation by the Office for Civil Rights.

**Breach Submission Date:**

From: [blank]  To: [blank]

**Type of Breach:**

- [ ] Hacking/IT Incident
- [ ] Improper Disposal
- [ ] Theft
- [ ] Unauthorized Access/Disclosure
- [ ] Loss
- [ ] Unknown
- [ ] Other

**Location of Breach:**

- [ ] Desktop Computer
- [ ] Electronic Medical Record
- [ ] Email
- [ ] Laptop
- [ ] Network Server
- [ ] Other Portable Electronic Device
- [ ] Paper/Films
- [ ] Other

**Type of Covered Entity:**

-- Choose Covered Entity Type --

**State:**

-- Choose State --

**Business Associate Present?:**

--

**Description Search:**

[blank]

**CE / BA Name Search:**

[blank]

[Apply Filters]
September 2009 through February 28, 2018

• Approximately 2,222 reports involving a breach of PHI affecting 500 or more individuals
  – Theft and Loss are 46% of large breaches
  – Hacking/IT now account for 19% of incidents
  – Laptops and other portable storage devices account for 25% of large breaches
  – Paper records are 21% of large breaches
  – Individuals affected are approximately 177,298,024

• Approximately 341,002 reports of breaches of PHI affecting fewer than 500 individuals
http://www.hhs.gov/hipaa

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Medicare and Medicaid EHR Incentive Programs
Name Change
Ketchum on behalf of Kathleen Johnson
Medicare and Medicaid Promoting Interoperability Programs

- Align with the overhaul of the EHR Incentive Programs
- Enhanced focus on measures and objectives that drive interoperability
- Enhanced focus on the secure exchange of healthcare data and patient access
Questions?

cmsqualityteam@ketchum.com
Thank you!
The next CMS Quality Vendor Workgroup will tentatively be held on **Thursday, June 21, 2018 from 12 – 1:30 p.m. ET**. CMS will share more information when it becomes available.