

Eligible Professional Meaningful Use Core Measures Measure 9 of 17

Stage 2

Date updated: November, 2014

| Protect Electronic Health Information | |
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| Objective | Protect electronic health information created or maintained by the certified EHR technology (CEHRT) through the implementation of appropriate technical capabilities. |
| Measure | Conduct or review a security risk analysis in accordance with the requirements under 45 CFR 164.308(a) (1), including addressing the encryption/security of data stored in CEHRT in accordance with requirements under 45 CFR 164.312 (a)(2)(iv) and 45 CFR 164.306(d)(3), and implement security updates as necessary and correct identified security deficiencies as part of the provider's risk management process for EPs. |
| Exclusion | No exclusion. |

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Attestation Requirements

YES/NO

Eligible professionals (EPs) must attest YES to conducting or reviewing a security risk analysis and implementing security updates as needed to meet this measure.

Additional Information

- EPs must conduct or review a security risk analysis of CEHRT including addressing encryption/security of data, and implement updates as necessary at least once prior to the end of the EHR reporting period and attest to that conduct or review. The testing could occur prior to the beginning of the first EHR reporting period. However, a new review would have to occur for each subsequent reporting period.
- The parameters of the security risk analysis are defined 45 CFR 164.308(a)(1) which was created by the HIPAA Security Rule. Meaningful use does not impose new or expanded requirements on the HIPAA Security Rule nor does it require specific use of every certification and standard that is included in certification of EHR technology. More information on the HIPAA Security Rule can be found at <http://www.hhs.gov/ocr/privacy/hipaa/administrative/securityrule/>.
- In order to meet this objective and measure, an EP must possess the capabilities and standards of CEHRT at 45 CFR 170.314(d)(4), (d)(2), (d)(3), (d)(7), (d)(1), (d)(5), (d)(6), (d)(8), and optionally (d)(9).



Certification and Standards Criteria

Below is the corresponding certification and standards criteria for electronic health record technology that supports achieving the meaningful use of this objective.

| Certification Criteria | |
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| <p>§ 170.314(d)(1) Authentication, access control, and authorization</p> | <p>(i) Verify against a unique identifier(s) (e.g., username or number) that a person seeking access to electronic health information is the one claimed; and</p> <p>(ii) Establish the type of access to electronic health information a user is permitted based on the unique identifier(s) provided in paragraph (d)(1)(i) of this section, and the actions the user is permitted to perform with the EHR technology.</p> |
| <p>§ 170.314(d)(2) Auditable events and tamper-resistance</p> | <p>(i) Record actions. EHR technology must be able to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (A) Record actions related to electronic health information in accordance with the standard specified in § 170.210(e)(1); (B) Record the audit log status (enabled or disabled) in accordance with the standard specified in § 170.210(e)(2) unless it cannot be disabled by any user; and (C) Record the encryption status (enabled or disabled) of electronic health information locally stored on end-user devices by EHR technology in accordance with the standard specified in § 170.210(e)(3) unless the EHR technology prevents electronic health information from being locally stored on end-user devices (see 170.314(d)(7) of this section). <p>(ii) Default setting. EHR technology must be set by default to perform the capabilities specified in paragraph (d)(2)(i)(A) of this section and, where applicable, paragraphs (d)(2)(i)(B) or (C), or both paragraphs (d)(2)(i)(B) and (C).</p> <p>(iii) When disabling the audit log is permitted. For each capability specified in paragraphs (d)(2)(i)(A) through (C) of this section that EHR technology permits to be disabled, the ability to do so must be restricted to a limited set of identified users.</p> <p>(iv) Audit log protection. Actions and statuses recorded in accordance with paragraph (d)(2)(i) of this section must not be capable of being changed, overwritten, or deleted by the EHR technology.</p> <p>(v) Detection. EHR technology must be able to detect whether the audit log has been altered.</p> |
| <p>§ 170.314(d)(3) Audit report(s)</p> | <p>Enable a user to create an audit report for a specific time period and to sort entries in the audit log according to each of the data specified in the standards at § 170.210(e).</p> |
| <p>§170.314(d)(4) Amendments</p> | <p>Enable a user to electronically select the record affected by a patient's request for amendment and perform the capabilities specified in paragraphs (d)(4)(i) or (ii) of this section.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) Accepted amendment - For an accepted amendment, append the amendment to the affected record or include a link that indicates the amendment's location. (ii) Denied amendment - For a denied amendment, at a minimum, append the request and denial of the request to the affected record or include a link that indicates this information's location. |

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| § 170.314(d)(5) Automatic log-off | Prevent a user from gaining further access to an electronic session after a predetermined time of inactivity. |
| § 170.314(d)(6) Emergency access | Permit an identified set of users to access electronic health information during an emergency. |
| § 170.314(d)(7) End-user device encryption | <p>Paragraph (d)(7)(i) or (ii) of this section must be met to satisfy this certification criterion.</p> <p>(i) EHR technology that is designed to locally store electronic health information on end-user devices must encrypt the electronic health information stored on such devices after use of EHR technology on those devices stops.</p> <p>(A) Electronic health information that is stored must be encrypted in accordance with the standard specified in § 170.210(a)(1).</p> <p>(B) Default setting. EHR technology must be set by default to perform this capability and, unless this configuration cannot be disabled by any user, the ability to change the configuration must be restricted to a limited set of identified users.</p> <p>(ii) EHR technology is designed to prevent electronic health information from being locally stored on end-user devices after use of EHR technology on those devices stops.</p> |
| § 170.314(d)(8) Integrity | <p>(i) Create a message digest in accordance with the standard specified in §170.210(c).</p> <p>(ii) Verify in accordance with the standard specified in § 170.210(c) upon receipt of electronically exchanged health information that such information has not been altered.</p> |
| § 170.314(d)(9) Optional-Accounting of disclosures | Record disclosures made for treatment, payment, and health care operations in accordance with the standard specified in § 170.210(d). |

| Standards Criteria | |
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| § 170.210(e)(1), § 170.210(e)(2) and § 170.210(e)(3) Record actions related to electronic health information, audit log status, and encryption status | <p>(i) The audit log must record the information specified in sections 7.2 through 7.4, 7.6, and 7.7 of the standard specified at § 170.210(h) when EHR technology is in use.</p> <p>(ii) The date and time must be recorded in accordance with the standard specified at § 170.210(g).</p> <p>(i) The audit log must record the information specified in sections 7.2 and 7.4 of the standard specified at § 170.210(h) when the audit log status is changed.</p> <p>(ii) The date and time each action occurs in accordance with the standard specified at § 170.210(g).</p> <p>The audit log must record the information specified in sections 7.2 and 7.4 of the standard specified at § 170.210(h) when the encryption status of electronic health information locally stored by EHR technology on end-user devices is changed. The date and time each action occurs in accordance with the standard specified at § 170.210(g).</p> |

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| <p>§ 170.210(a)(1) Encryption and decryption of electronic health information</p> | <p>Any encryption algorithm identified by the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) as an approved security function in Annex A of the Federal Information Processing Standards (FIPS) Publication 140-2 (incorporated by reference in §170.299).</p> |
| <p>§ 170.210(c) Create message digest</p> | <p>A hashing algorithm with a security strength equal to or greater than SHA-1 (Secure Hash Algorithm) as specified by the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) in FIPS PUB 180-4 (March, 2012) must be used to verify that electronic health information has not been altered.</p> |
| <p>§ 170.210(d) Record treatment, payment, and health care operations disclosures</p> | <p>The date, time, patient identification, user identification, and a description of the disclosure must be recorded for disclosures for treatment, payment, and health care operations, as these terms are defined at 45 CFR 164.501.</p> |