

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES  
Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services



Official CMS Information for  
Medicare Fee-For-Service Providers

# Medicare Claim Review Programs: MR, NCCI Edits, MUEs, CERT, and Recovery Audit Program



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## Background

The Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) implemented several initiatives to prevent improper payments before a claim is processed, and to identify and recoup improper payments after the claim is processed. The overall goal of CMS' claim review programs is to reduce payment error by identifying and addressing billing errors concerning coverage and coding made by providers. The Government estimates that about 8.6 percent of all Medicare Fee-For-Service (FFS) claim payments are improper. For the most current information, visit <http://paymentaccuracy.gov/programs/medicare-fee-service> on the Internet.

CMS employs a variety of contractors to process claims submitted by physicians, hospitals, and other health care providers/suppliers, and submits payment to those providers in accordance with the Medicare rules and regulations. The contractors discussed in this booklet are described in Table 1.

**Table 1. Medicare Contractors and Their Responsibilities**

| Type of Contractor   | Responsibility  |
|--|---|
| Affiliated Contractors (ACs) – Medicare claims processing contractors such as carriers and Fiscal Intermediaries (FIs)<br>Medicare Administrative Contractors (MACs) | Process claims submitted by physicians, hospitals, and other health care providers/suppliers, and submit payment to those providers in accordance with Medicare rules and regulations. This includes identifying and correcting underpayments and overpayments. |
| Program Safeguard Contractors (PSCs)/<br>Zone Program Integrity Contractors (ZPICs)  | Identify cases of suspected fraud and take appropriate corrective actions.  |
| Comprehensive Error Rate Testing (CERT) contractors – CERT Documentation Contractor (CERT DC) and CERT Review Contractor (CERT RC)                                   | Collect documentation and perform reviews on a statistically-valid random sample of Medicare FFS claims to produce an annual improper payment rate.   |
| Recovery Auditors  | Identify and correct underpayments and overpayments, as part of the Recovery Audit Program.   |

This booklet describes the five claim review programs and their role in the life cycle of Medicare claims processing. The columns in Table 2 divide the programs based on performance of prepayment or postpayment reviews.



**Table 2. Medicare Prepayment and Postpayment Claim Review Programs**

| Prepayment Claim Review Programs*               | Postpayment Claim Review Programs               |
|---|---|
| National Correct Coding Initiative (NCCI) Edits | Comprehensive Error Rate Testing (CERT) Program |
| Medically Unlikely Edits (MUEs)                 | Recovery Audit Program                          |
| Medical Review (MR)                             | Medical Review (MR)                             |

\* In 2012, CMS introduced the Recovery Audit Prepayment Review Demonstration, which allows Recovery Auditors to conduct **prepayment** reviews on certain types of claims that historically result in high rates of improper payments. The demonstration focuses on 11 states: California, Florida, Illinois, Louisiana, Michigan, Missouri, New York, North Carolina, Ohio, Pennsylvania, and Texas.

The first two programs (NCCI edits and MUEs) review claims **before** they are paid (prepayment review). The second two programs (CERT and the Recovery Audit Program) review claims **after** they are paid (postpayment review). The MR Program can perform both prepayment and postpayment reviews. Table 5, provided on pages 8 and 9, summarizes the five programs and how they proactively identify potential billing errors concerning coverage and coding.

## National Correct Coding Initiative (NCCI) Edits

### Performed by: ACs/MACs

CMS developed the NCCI to promote national correct coding methods and to control improper coding that leads to inappropriate payment in Medicare Part B claims. The coding policies are based on coding conventions defined in the American Medical Association (AMA) Current Procedural Terminology (CPT) Manual, Healthcare Common Procedure Coding System (HCPCS) Manual, national and local Medicare policies and edits, coding guidelines developed by national societies, standard medical and surgical practice, and current coding practice. NCCI edits are updated quarterly.

**Prior to April 1, 2012**, the NCCI contained two tables of prepayment edits: the Column One/Column Two Correct Coding Edits table and the Mutually Exclusive Edits table. Each included code pairs that should not be reported together for a number of reasons explained in the NCCI Coding Policy Manual.

**Effective April 1, 2012**, the Mutually Exclusive Edits table is no longer a separate table. The edits in the Mutually Exclusive Edits table are consolidated into the Column One/Column Two Correct Coding Edits table, **not** deleted.

If a provider submits the two codes of an edit pair, the Column One code is eligible for payment and the Column Two code is denied. However, if both codes are clinically appropriate and an appropriate NCCI-associated modifier is used, the codes in both columns are eligible for payment. The medical record must include supporting documentation for the appropriate NCCI-associated modifier.

HCPCS/CPT codes representing services denied based on NCCI edits may not be billed to Medicare beneficiaries. Because these denials are based on incorrect coding rather than medical necessity, the provider cannot use an “Advance Beneficiary Notice of Noncoverage” (Form CMS-R-131) to seek payment from a Medicare beneficiary. Furthermore, because the denials are based on incorrect coding rather than a legislated Medicare benefit exclusion, the provider cannot seek payment from the beneficiary with or without a “Notice of Exclusions from Medicare Benefits” form.

**NOTE:** Outpatient Code Editor (OCE) edits and NCCI edits are two different editing systems used to process claims. The NCCI edits are used to process physician services under the Medicare Physician Fee Schedule (PFS), while the OCE edits are used to process hospital outpatient services under the Hospital Outpatient Prospective Payment System (OPPS). While a number of the NCCI edits are included in the OCE edits, the OCE edits are used exclusively under the OPPS – they are not used within the Medicare PFS.

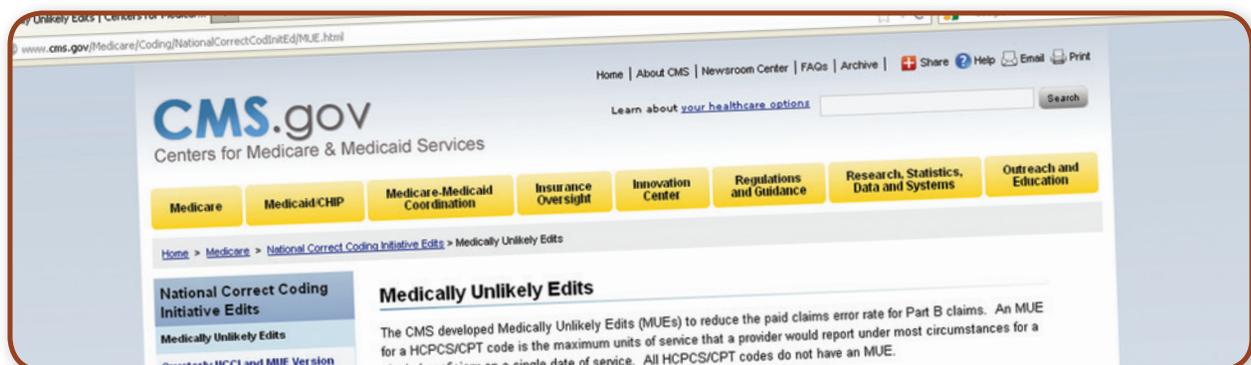
## Medically Unlikely Edits (MUEs)

### Performed by: ACs/MACs

CMS developed MUEs to reduce the paid claims error rate for Medicare claims. Just like the NCCI edits, the MUEs are automated prepayment edits that help prevent inappropriate payments. The AC’s/MAC’s systems analyze the procedures on the submitted claim to determine if they comply with the MUE policy.

An MUE for an HCPCS/CPT code is the maximum units of service that a provider would report, under most circumstances, for a single beneficiary on a single date of service. MUEs do not exist for all HCPCS/CPT codes. Prior to implementation of MUEs, national health care organizations are offered an opportunity to review and comment about proposed edits. While the majority of MUEs are publicly available on the CMS website, CMS will not publish all MUE values because of fraud and abuse concerns. CMS updates MUEs quarterly.

Providers should not interpret MUE values as utilization guidelines. MUE values do **not** represent units of service that may be reported without concern about medical review. Providers should continue to report only services that are medically reasonable and necessary. Table 3 provides answers to Frequently Asked Questions (FAQs).





**Table 3. MUEs FAQs**

| Question   | Answer  |
|--|---|
| <p>1. How are claims adjudicated with MUEs?</p>  | <p>All CMS ACs/MACs adjudicate MUEs against each line of a claim rather than the entire claim. Thus, if an HCPCS/CPT code is reported on more than one line of a claim by using CPT modifiers, each line with that code is separately adjudicated against the MUE.</p> <p>ACs/MACs deny the entire claim line if the units of service on the claim line exceed the MUE value for the HCPCS/CPT code on the claim line. Because claim lines were denied, the denial may be appealed. Submit appeals to local ACs/MACs, not the MUE contractor, Correct Coding Solutions, LLC.</p>  |
| <p>2. How do I report medically reasonable and necessary units of service in excess of an MUE value?</p>           | <p>Because each line of a claim is adjudicated separately against the MUE value for the code on that line, the appropriate use of CPT modifiers to report the same code on separate lines of a claim will enable a provider/supplier to report medically reasonable and necessary units of service in excess of an MUE value. CPT modifiers such as -76 (repeat procedure by same physician), -77 (repeat procedure by another physician), anatomic modifiers (e.g., -RT, -LT, -F1, -F2), -91 (repeat clinical diagnostic laboratory test), and -59 (distinct procedural service) will accomplish this purpose. Modifier -59 should be used only if no other modifier describes the service. The medical record must include supporting documentation for the appropriate modifier.</p> |
| <p>3. How are claim lines adjudicated against an MUE for a repetitive service reported on a single claim line?</p> | <p>Some contractors allow providers to report repetitive services performed over a range of dates on a single line of a claim with multiple units of service. If a provider reports services in this fashion, the provider should report the “from date” and “to date” on the claim line. Contractors are instructed to divide the units of service reported on the claim line by the number of days in the date span and round to the nearest whole number. This number is compared to the MUE value for the code on the claim line.</p>   |

Table 3. MUEs FAQs (cont.)

| Question   | Answer   |
|--|--|
| <p>4. How were MUEs developed?</p>   | <p>MUEs were developed based on HCPCS/CPT code descriptors, CPT coding instructions, anatomic considerations, established CMS policies, nature of service/procedure, nature of analyte, nature of equipment, and clinical judgment. All edits based on clinical judgment, as well as many others, were reviewed by workgroups of contractor medical directors.</p> <p>Prior to implementation of MUEs, the proposed edits were released for a review and comment period to the AMA, national medical/surgical societies, and other national health care organizations, including non-physician professional societies, hospital organizations, laboratory organizations, and Durable Medical Equipment (DME) organizations.</p> <p>MUE files are updated quarterly, including MUEs for additional codes.</p>   |
| <p>5. How do I request a change in the MUE value for an HCPCS/CPT code?</p>  | <p>If a provider/supplier, health care organization, or other interested party believes that an MUE value should be modified, it may write Correct Coding Solutions, LLC at the address below. The party should include its rationale and any supporting documentation. However, it is generally recommended the party contact the national health care organization whose members perform the procedure prior to writing to Correct Coding Solutions, LLC. The national health care organization may be able to clarify the reporting of the code in question. If the national health care organization agrees the MUE value should be modified, its support and assistance may be helpful in requesting the modification of an MUE value.</p> <p>Requests for modification of an MUE value should be sent to the following:</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">National Correct Coding Initiative<br/>Correct Coding Solutions, LLC<br/>P.O. Box 907<br/>Carmel, IN 46082-0907<br/>Fax: 317-571-1745</p> |
| <p>6. How do I make an inquiry about the MUE Program other than about MUE values for specific HCPCS/CPT codes?</p> | <p>Inquiries about the MUE Program other than those related to MUE values for specific HCPCS/CPT codes should be sent to the following:</p> <p>Valeria Allen (<a href="mailto:valeria.allen@cms.hhs.gov">valeria.allen@cms.hhs.gov</a>)</p>  |

## Medical Review (MR) Program

### Performed by: ACs/MACs

Through error rates produced by the CERT Program, vulnerabilities identified through the Recovery Audit Program, analysis of claims data, and evaluation of other information (e.g., complaints), ACs/MACs identify suspected billing problems. ACs/MACs target MR activities at identified problem areas appropriate for the severity of the problem.

If the AC/MAC verifies that an error exists through a review of a sample of claims, it classifies the severity of the problem as minor, moderate, or significant and imposes corrective actions appropriate for the severity of the infraction. The following types of corrective actions can result from MR:

- **Provider Notification/Feedback** – When it detects problems at minor, moderate, or significant levels, the AC/MAC informs the provider of appropriate billing procedures.
- **Prepayment review** – Prepayment review involves MR of a claim prior to payment. Providers with identified problems submitting correct claims may be placed on prepayment review, in which a percentage of their claims undergo MR before the AC/MAC authorizes payment. Once providers re-establish the practice of billing correctly, prepayment review ends.
- **Postpayment review** – Postpayment review involves MR of a claim after payment. Postpayment review is commonly performed by using statistically-valid sampling. Sampling allows estimation of an underpayment or overpayment (if one exists) without requesting all records on all claims from providers. This reduces the administrative burden for Medicare and costs for both Medicare and providers.

To help prevent improper payments, the AC's/MAC's Provider Outreach and Education (POE) department provides education for providers submitting claims.

Both prepayment and postpayment reviews may require providers to submit medical records. Following a request for medical records, the provider must submit them within the specified time frame or the AC/MAC will deny the claim.

**NOTE:** In addition to ACs/MACs, other entities such as PSCs/ZPICs perform MR.

### Electronic Submission of Medical Documentation (esMD)

In September 2011, providers began submitting medical record documentation electronically in some cases under the esMD Program. For a brief video that provides an overview of the esMD Program, click on the image below. For more information, visit <http://www.cms.gov/Research-Statistics-Data-and-Systems/Computer-Data-and-Systems/ESMD> or <http://www.cms.gov/Outreach-and-Education/Medicare-Learning-Network-MLN/MLNMattersArticles/Downloads/SE1110.pdf> on the CMS website. For the latest updates, search for the #CMS\_esMD topic on <http://www.twitter.com> on the Internet.



Click the image to play the video

## Comprehensive Error Rate Testing (CERT) Program

### Performed by: CERT RC and CERT DC

CMS developed the CERT Program to produce a national Medicare FFS improper payment rate. After the claims process, CERT randomly selects a statistically-valid sample of Medicare FFS claims and requests documentation from the provider/supplier that submitted the sampled claim. CERT review professionals review the claim and the supporting documentation to determine whether the claim was paid appropriately according to Medicare coverage, coding, and billing rules. To accurately measure the performance of the ACs/MACs and to gain insight into the causes of errors, CMS calculates both a national Medicare FFS improper payment rate and a provider compliance error rate and publishes the results of these reviews annually. Table 4 describes these error rates in more detail.

**Table 4. CERT Error Rates**

| Type of Error Rate                 | Description  |
|------------------------------------|--|
| Medicare FFS Improper Payment Rate | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Based on dollars paid after the AC/MAC made its payment decision on the claims (including fully and partially denied FFS claims)</li> <li>Equal to the percentage of total dollars that all Medicare FFS contractors erroneously paid or denied</li> <li>Gross rate calculated by adding underpayments to overpayments and dividing that sum by total dollars paid</li> <li>Good indicator of how claims errors in the Medicare FFS Program impact the Medicare Trust Fund</li> </ul> |
| Provider Compliance Error Rate     | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Based on how the claims looked when they first arrived at the AC/MAC before it applied any edits or conducted any reviews</li> <li>Good indicator of how well the AC/MAC educates the provider community because it measures how well providers prepare claims for submission</li> </ul>  |
| Other Error Rates                  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>May be included in the CERT report to provide the most specific information available to target problem areas (including error rates by service type and by provider type)</li> </ul>   |

When performing these reviews, the CERT contractor follows Medicare regulations, billing instructions, National Coverage Determinations (NCDs), coverage provisions, and the respective AC’s/MAC’s Local Coverage Determinations (LCDs).

Claims selected for CERT review are subject to potential postpayment denials, payment adjustments, or other administrative or legal actions depending on the result of the review. Normal appeals rights and processes apply.

## Recovery Audit Program

### Performed by: Medicare FFS Recovery Auditors

Recovery Auditors (formerly known as Recovery Audit Contractors or RACs) review past Medicare FFS claims for potential overpayments or underpayments, reviewing medical records when necessary to make appropriate determinations. When performing these reviews, Recovery Auditors follow Medicare regulations, billing instructions, NCDs, coverage provisions, and the respective AC’s/MAC’s LCD. The Recovery Auditors do not develop or apply their own coverage, payment, or billing policies.

In general, Recovery Auditors do not review a claim previously reviewed by another entity. Recovery Auditors analyze claims data using their proprietary software to identify claims that clearly (or likely) contain improper payments. If a Recovery Auditor finds an improper payment, it sends a file to the AC/MAC to adjust the claim and recoup payment. In the case of claims that likely contain improper payments, the Recovery Auditor requests the medical record from the provider, reviews the claim and medical record, and makes a determination as to whether the claim contains an overpayment, an underpayment, or a correct payment.

If the review of the records indicates a denial or adjustment, providers will receive overpayment/underpayment notification letters. Providers can appeal denials (including no documentation denials) following the normal appeals processes by submitting documentation supporting their claims.

**Table 5. Summary of MR, NCCI Edits, MUEs, CERT, and Recovery Audit Program**

|                            | NCCI Edits  | MUEs   | MR Program                      | CERT Program                    | Recovery Audit Program          |
|----------------------------|---|--|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| <b>Providers Impacted</b>  | Providers who submit claims for Part B services using HCPCS/CPT codes | Providers/ suppliers who submit claims for Part B services using HCPCS/CPT codes | Providers who submit FFS claims | Providers who submit FFS claims | Providers who submit FFS claims |
| <b>Medicare Contractor</b> | NCCI Contractor develops the edits<br><br>ACs/MACs operate the edits  | NCCI Contractor develops the edits<br><br>ACs/MACs operate the edits             | ACs<br><br>MACs                 | CERT RC<br><br>CERT DC          | Medicare Recovery Auditors      |

Table 5. Summary of MR, NCCI Edits, MUEs, CERT, and Recovery Audit Program (cont.)

|   | NCCI Edits   | MUEs  | MR Program   | CERT Program  | Recovery Audit Program  |
|---|--|---|--|---|---|
| <b>Claims Impacted</b>                    | All Part B practitioner, Ambulatory Surgical Center (ASC), and hospital OPPS claims screened | All Part B practitioner, ASC, outpatient hospital, DME, and therapy claims screened | Targeted claim review – number varies by AC’s/MAC’s MR strategy  | Limited random claim sample   | Widespread or targeted claim review – number varies by Recovery Auditor’s audit strategy  |
| <b>Prepayment Edit</b>                    | Yes – tables updated quarterly   | Yes – tables updated quarterly  | Yes  | No  | No*   |
| <b>Postpayment Medical Record Review</b>  | No   | No  | Yes  | Yes   | No – if clear payment error<br>Yes – if likely payment error  |
| <b>Provider Response to Audit Request</b> | N/A  | N/A   | Providers must submit medical records to the AC/MAC within 30 days from the receipt date of the initial letter | Providers must submit medical records to the CERT DC within 75 days from the receipt date of the letter | Providers must submit medical records to the Recovery Auditor (or request an extension) within 45 days from the date of the initial letter requesting medical records |
| <b>Right to Appeal</b>                    | Yes  | Yes   | Yes  | Yes   | Yes   |

\* In 2012, CMS introduced the Recovery Audit Prepayment Review Demonstration, which allows Recovery Auditors to conduct **prepayment** reviews on certain types of claims that historically result in high rates of improper payments. The demonstration focuses on 11 states: California, Florida, Illinois, Louisiana, Michigan, Missouri, New York, North Carolina, Ohio, Pennsylvania, and Texas.

## Resources

Table 6 provides a list of resources for more information.

**Table 6. Resources**

| Topic      | Resources  |
|------------|--|
| NCCI Edits | <p>Overview Web Page (including FAQs)<br/> <a href="http://www.cms.gov/Medicare/Coding/NationalCorrectCodInitEd">http://www.cms.gov/Medicare/Coding/NationalCorrectCodInitEd</a></p> <p>“Medicare Claims Processing Manual,” Chapter 23, Section 20.9<br/> <a href="http://www.cms.gov/Regulations-and-Guidance/Guidance/Manuals/Downloads/clm104c23.pdf">http://www.cms.gov/Regulations-and-Guidance/Guidance/Manuals/Downloads/clm104c23.pdf</a></p> <p>“How to Use the National Correct Coding Initiative (NCCI) Tools”<br/> <a href="http://www.cms.gov/Outreach-and-Education/Medicare-Learning-Network-MLN/MLNProducts/Downloads/How-To-Use-NCCI-Tools.pdf">http://www.cms.gov/Outreach-and-Education/Medicare-Learning-Network-MLN/MLNProducts/Downloads/How-To-Use-NCCI-Tools.pdf</a></p> <p>Providers/suppliers who have concerns regarding specific NCCI Edits can submit comments in writing to:</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">National Correct Coding Initiative<br/>                     Correct Coding Solutions, LLC<br/>                     P.O. Box 907<br/>                     Carmel, IN 46082-0907<br/>                     Attention: Niles R. Rosen, M.D., Medical Director, and Linda S. Dietz,<br/>                     RHIA, CCS, CCS-P, Coding Specialist<br/>                     Fax: 317-571-1745</p> <p>You can obtain the “National Correct Coding Policy Manual” by purchasing the manual (or sections of the manual) from the National Technical Information Service (NTIS) at <a href="http://www.ntis.gov/products/cci.aspx">http://www.ntis.gov/products/cci.aspx</a> on the Internet, or by contacting NTIS at 1-800-363-2068 or 703-605-6060.</p> |
| MUEs       | <p>MUEs Web Page<br/> <a href="http://www.cms.gov/Medicare/Coding/NationalCorrectCodInitEd/MUE.html">http://www.cms.gov/Medicare/Coding/NationalCorrectCodInitEd/MUE.html</a></p>  |
| MR Program | <p>Medical Review Web Page<br/> <a href="http://www.cms.gov/Research-Statistics-Data-and-Systems/Monitoring-Programs/Medical-Review">http://www.cms.gov/Research-Statistics-Data-and-Systems/Monitoring-Programs/Medical-Review</a></p> <p>“Medicare Program Integrity Manual”<br/> <a href="http://www.cms.gov/Regulations-and-Guidance/Guidance/Manuals/Internet-Only-Manuals-IOMs-Items/CMS019033.html">http://www.cms.gov/Regulations-and-Guidance/Guidance/Manuals/Internet-Only-Manuals-IOMs-Items/CMS019033.html</a></p>  |

Table 6. Resources (cont.)

| Topic                        | Resources   |
|------------------------------|---|
| CERT Program                 | <p>CERT Web Page<br/> <a href="http://www.cms.gov/Research-Statistics-Data-and-Systems/Monitoring-Programs/CERT">http://www.cms.gov/Research-Statistics-Data-and-Systems/Monitoring-Programs/CERT</a></p> <p>CERT Reports Web Page<br/> <a href="http://www.cms.gov/Research-Statistics-Data-and-Systems/Monitoring-Programs/CERT/CERT-Reports.html">http://www.cms.gov/Research-Statistics-Data-and-Systems/Monitoring-Programs/CERT/CERT-Reports.html</a></p> <p>CERT DC Website<br/> <a href="https://www.certprovider.com">https://www.certprovider.com</a></p>   |
| Recovery Audit Program       | <p>Recovery Audit Program Web Page<br/> <a href="http://www.cms.gov/Research-Statistics-Data-and-Systems/Monitoring-Programs/Recovery-Audit-Program">http://www.cms.gov/Research-Statistics-Data-and-Systems/Monitoring-Programs/Recovery-Audit-Program</a></p> <p>Recovery Auditors Contact Information<br/> <a href="http://www.cms.gov/Research-Statistics-Data-and-Systems/Monitoring-Programs/Recovery-Audit-Program/Downloads/RACAbbr.pdf">http://www.cms.gov/Research-Statistics-Data-and-Systems/Monitoring-Programs/Recovery-Audit-Program/Downloads/RACAbbr.pdf</a></p>   |
| Additional Helpful Resources | <p>For more information about provider compliance, visit <a href="http://www.cms.gov/Outreach-and-Education/Medicare-Learning-Network-MLN/MLNProducts/ProviderCompliance.html">http://www.cms.gov/Outreach-and-Education/Medicare-Learning-Network-MLN/MLNProducts/ProviderCompliance.html</a> on the CMS website, or scan the Quick Response (QR) code on the right with your mobile device.</p> <p>Office of Inspector General (OIG) Compliance Education Materials<br/> <a href="https://oig.hhs.gov/compliance/101">https://oig.hhs.gov/compliance/101</a></p> <p>Medicare Appeals Process<br/> <a href="http://www.cms.gov/Outreach-and-Education/Medicare-Learning-Network-MLN/MLNProducts/Downloads/MedicareAppealsProcess.pdf">http://www.cms.gov/Outreach-and-Education/Medicare-Learning-Network-MLN/MLNProducts/Downloads/MedicareAppealsProcess.pdf</a></p> <p>Medicare Claims Processing Contractors Contact Information<br/> <a href="http://www.cms.gov/Research-Statistics-Data-and-Systems/Monitoring-Programs/Provider-Compliance-Interactive-Map">http://www.cms.gov/Research-Statistics-Data-and-Systems/Monitoring-Programs/Provider-Compliance-Interactive-Map</a></p> <p>The MLN Educational Web Guides MLN Guided Pathways to Medicare Resources help providers gain knowledge on resources and products related to Medicare and the CMS website. For more information about how you can help protect the Medicare Trust Fund, refer to the “Protecting the Medicare Trust Fund” section in the “MLN Guided Pathways to Medicare Resources – Basic Curriculum for Health Care Professionals, Suppliers, and Providers” booklet at <a href="http://www.cms.gov/Outreach-and-Education/Medicare-Learning-Network-MLN/MLNEdWebGuide/Downloads/Guided_Pathways_Basic_Booklet.pdf">http://www.cms.gov/Outreach-and-Education/Medicare-Learning-Network-MLN/MLNEdWebGuide/Downloads/Guided_Pathways_Basic_Booklet.pdf</a> on the CMS website. For all other “Guided Pathways” resources, visit <a href="http://www.cms.gov/Outreach-and-Education/Medicare-Learning-Network-MLN/MLNEdWebGuide/Guided_Pathways.html">http://www.cms.gov/Outreach-and-Education/Medicare-Learning-Network-MLN/MLNEdWebGuide/Guided_Pathways.html</a> on the CMS website.</p>  |



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