Overview

What is Electronic Prescribing for Controlled Substances?

Electronic prescribing is the act of electronically issuing a prescription from the prescriber directly to a pharmacy with the use of electronic health record technology, or other stand-alone electronic prescribing system. Electronic prescribing for controlled substances (EPCS) has many benefits such as improved patient safety, medication adherence, and workflow efficiencies, fraud deterrence, and reduced burden. Section 2003 of the SUPPORT Act mandates that the prescribing of a Schedule II, III, IV, or V controlled substance under Medicare Part D prescription drug plans and Medicare Advantage prescription drug (MA-PD) plans be done electronically in accordance with an electronic prescription drug program. The first measurement year for compliance with the requirements of the EPCS Program begins January 1, 2023 and ends December 31, 2023.

EPCS Program Requirements

Prescribers must electronically prescribe at least 70 percent of their Schedule II, III, IV, and V controlled substances for patients with Medicare Part D, except in cases where an exception or an approved waiver applies. The CMS EPCS Program is separate from any state EPCS program requirements. Prescribers will be exempt from, or particular prescriptions will not be considered for purposes of determining compliance with, this requirement in the following situations:

- Prescriptions for controlled substances issued when the prescriber and dispensing pharmacy are the same entity.
- Prescribers who issue 100 or fewer qualifying Medicare Part D controlled substance prescriptions in the measurement year.
- Prescriptions for controlled substances issued when the prescriber is located in the geographic area of an emergency or disaster declared by a Federal, State, or local government entity.
- Prescribers who receive a CMS-approved waiver because the prescriber is unable to conduct electronic prescribing of controlled substances due to circumstances beyond the prescriber's control.

Prescriptions written for a beneficiary in a long-term care (LTC) facility will not be included in determining compliance until January 1, 2025.
Getting Started with the 2023 EPCS Program in 4 Steps

**Step 1: Set up electronic prescribing**  
*When: Now*

Practitioners issuing electronic prescriptions for controlled substances must use a software application that meets all Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA) requirements.

Remember to check your state laws – you may need additional registration for controlled substance prescriptions and/or have state-specific EPCS requirements.

**Step 2: Prescribe Schedule II, III, IV, and V controlled substance prescriptions**  
*When: During 2023*

Utilize prescribing procedures and workflows that allow electronic prescribing for controlled substances using a software application that meets all DEA requirements.

**Step 3: Review your EPCS compliance**  
*When: Mid-2024*

The EPCS Program compliance analysis will occur after the close of the measurement year to determine which prescribers did not meet the program requirement of electronically prescribing at least 70% of all Schedule II, III, IV, and V controlled substance prescriptions under Medicare Part D during the measurement year (excluding exceptions).

Once the compliance analysis is completed, CMS will send non-compliance notices to prescribers who are violating the EPCS requirement. Notices will be sent by e-mail when possible, to available e-mail addresses in the Medicare Provider Enrollment, Chain, and Ownership System (PECOS) and the National Plan and Provider Enumeration System (NPPES), and by regular mail if there is no e-mail address in PECOS or NPPES. CMS strongly recommends that all prescribers keep their e-mail address accurate and up to date in both systems.

Prescribers will also be able to log into an EPCS Dashboard via their Health Care Quality Information Systems (HCQIS) Access Roles and Profile (HARP) account to review their annual compliance status. Please subscribe to the EPCS listserv (Click to subscribe) to receive announcements regarding non-compliance notices and accessing the EPCS Dashboard.

If you are not set up with a HARP account, learn about setting one up here: HARP Registration

**Step 4: Submit a waiver (if appropriate)**  
*When: Second Half of 2024*

Waiver applications may be submitted by prescribers who are non-compliant for the measurement year when circumstances beyond their control prevented them from electronically prescribing controlled substances. A link to the waiver application will be available on the CMS EPCS website in late 2024.
after the 2023 compliance analysis is complete. Waiver requests will be accepted for 60 days after the non-compliance notices are delivered. Once approved, waivers will be issued for a period of up to the entire 2023 Measurement Year. Waivers for the 2023 measurement year will be granted in late 2024. Please subscribe to the EPCS listserv (Click to subscribe) to receive announcements regarding waiver applications.

Where Can I Get Help?

Visit the EPCS website for other help and support information and to learn more about EPCS.

View the Calendar Year 2023 Physician Fee Schedule Final Rule. The rule implements Phase 2 of the Section 2003 of the SUPPORT Act.

Contact the EPCS Help Desk at 1-866-288-8292, Monday through Friday 8 am – 8 pm Eastern Time, or by Email at: EPCS-EPrescribe@cms.hhs.gov.

Send CMS feedback about this document