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**CENTERS FOR MEDICARE & MEDICAID SERVICES**

***REQUEST FOR COMMENT***

**ENHANCED PART D OUT-OF-POCKET COST MODEL**

**USER GUIDE**

**JUNE 2020**

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## Introduction

CMS is considering modifying the Out-of-Pocket Cost (OOPC) Model in order to improve the input data used for estimating the Part C model and to use an alternative to the MCBS sample data for the Part D model. These Request for Comment (RFC) versions are available to plans for comment.

The OOPC Model is a set of programs used to calculate the estimated out-of-pocket costs using a beneficiary sample to determine the value of the benefits being offered by a Plan Benefit Package (PBP). The purpose of this User Guide is to provide Medicare Advantage Organizations (MAOs) and Prescription Drug Plan (PDP) Sponsors with the technical information required to generate OOPC values in order to evaluate the changes to the OOPC model.

Questions can be directed as follows:

For technical questions about the OOPC model, please submit an email to [OOPC@cms.hhs.gov](mailto:OOPC@cms.hhs.gov)

For Part D policy related questions about meaningful difference, please submit an email to [partdbenefits@cms.hhs.gov](mailto:partdbenefits@cms.hhs.gov)

For Bid Pricing Tool (BPT) questions, please submit questions to [actuarial-bids@cms.hhs.gov](mailto:actuarial-bids@cms.hhs.gov)

The OOPC Model is designed to enable plan organizations to review benefit structures using the software and data used by CMS to evaluate annual bid submissions. The OOPC Model reports OOPC values at the plan level. The section, **Development of the Out-of-Pocket Cost (OOPC) Data**, summarizes CMS's process to produce the OOPC values. Plan Sponsors are encouraged to review the more comprehensive Methodology document located in the most recently posted Plan version OOPC Model package at

<https://www.cms.gov/Medicare/Prescription-Drug-Coverage/PrescriptionDrugCovGenIn/OOPCResources.html>

The RFC version of the Part D model uses a 0.1% sample of Part D beneficiary drug utilization rather than the MCBS sample data that had been used in previous versions of the model.

Organizations use their own completed 2021 PBP data as input to the software. After the user has successfully input their data for a particular contract/plan into the PBP, and exit/validated the PBP (a given organization may have multiple plans for a given contract), then the data is ready for use in the model. Users download the OOPC Model and follow the directions for where to copy the SAS programs and SAS data that serve as the other inputs. The user edits several small SAS programs and then executes them.

The RFC Part D OOPC Model package (**OOPC2021-RFC-PartD.zip**) consists of a set of provided input datasets (SAS transport format) and a series of SAS programs. The programs import PBP, formulary, and utilization data calculate person-plan-level costs for Part D benefits, summarize the costs to the plan level, and output the results to a plan-level Excel workbook.

The RFC Part D Model produces OOPC values separately for the Part D benefit. The model utilizes a plan's completed PBP and drug formulary data.

This User Guide for the enhanced RFC Part D Model describes the contents of the OOPC software package, provides specific instructions on how to calculate OOPC values for the Part D benefit, and explains how to generate output values in the form of an Excel workbook.

## Resource Requirements

Operation of the Model requires that the user be familiar with PC file management and operating SAS software.

**Model Requirements:** The Models have been tested on a variety of PCs. The user will need WINZIP (or similar software) to unzip the OOPC model package and storage space to accommodate the downloadable files that total over 5 MB zipped. A version of PC SAS with SAS/ACCESS Interface to PC Files installed will be required. The Model was developed and tested using SAS Version 9.4 on 64-bit machines using Windows Office 16. Microsoft Excel is required for generating and using the model output. Testing has been done using 2016 and 2019 versions of Excel and Access.

**Processing Time:** The programs that import the various input files will run quickly. The other programs for the Part D calculations incorporate many different variables and combinations of covered/non-covered drugs, pricing structures, and formularies. Running a single or a few plans at a time will shorten the run time, especially when fewer drug formularies are involved.

## Input Datasets Included in the Software Package

### Drug Utilization Data Provided by CMS

The software includes three SAS transport datasets. The person-level (PERSON.XPT) file contains information on the cohort of beneficiaries drawn from the CMS Common Medicare Environment (CME) files. The BENE\_SCRIPT.XPT file lists the drug names and scripts for each sample beneficiary extracted from the PDE file. The RxCUI\_REFERENCE.XPT file lists all of the RxCUIs used in the OOPC model, along with their associated Brand/Generic status, and average prices. The datasets are used after they are converted to SAS datasets with a SAS program included in the package (CIMPORT.SAS).

**Note:** The RxCUI\_Reference file used as input in the model has been created using the Formulary Reference File, Substitution files, and Applicable/NonApplicable drug description files available in March 2020.

## Input Datasets Provided by the User

### Plan List

The user will provide a text file list of the plans to be included in an OOPC run. This file (**PLANFILE.TXT**) will consist of a combined Contract/Plan/Segment identifier. Part D plans do not have segment identifier, but one is required to be added as “000” for this file. For example, PDP plan S9999 001 will appear as S9999001000.

### *Planfile.txt Record Layout*

**Required File Format = ASCII File - Tab Delimited**

**Do not include a header record**

**Filename extension should be “.TXT”**

Field Name	Field Type	Field Length	Field Description	Sample Field Value(s)
Contract_Plan_Segment	CHAR	11	Unique Contract/Plan/Segment identifier	S9999001000

Parts of an example file look like:

```
S9999001000
S9998001000
S9997002000
```

**Note:** Only plans in the plan list will be run in the OOPC calculation, even if more plans exist in a user’s PBP database.

### PBP Data

Each year, plan personnel and other users are required to enter their benefit data into the Plan Benefit Package (PBP) software in order to submit a bid. Plans are provided with instructions each year on how to enter data into the PBP software. See the PBP System Reference Guide for PBP instructions.

**PBP Data Input to OOPC Tool:** As part of this bid submission process, the PBP data is automatically stored in a database. The OOPC Model reads a plan’s PBP data from the Access database as input. The PBP-created databases required as input to the Model are **PBP2021.MDB** and **PBPPLANS2021.MDB**. The location of these files is a user input in the OOPC software.

**Note:** The OOPC Model should point to the databases associated with the PBP Super User. If there are other PBP data entry users, the Super User should ensure that he or she has received the most up-to-date data entry before running the OOPC Model.

### Drug Formulary Data

For producing the Part D OOPC values, plan organizations with Part D benefits (PDPs and MA-PDs) will produce four files that describe the plan’s formulary.

The first file, **FORMULARY.TXT**, needs to contain a tab-delimited list of the drugs for each formulary of the plans to be included in an OOPC calculation. This file and other .txt files described below should not contain header, or label rows, and should keep any leading zeroes. Each row in the file will contain, in this order: a formulary identifier, an RxCUI, and a tier-level identifier (1-7). This information can be obtained from the plan organization’s formulary.

#### *Formulary.txt Record Layout*

**Required File Format = ASCII File - Tab Delimited**

**Do not include a header record**

**Filename extension should be “.TXT”**

Field Name	Field Type	Field Length	Field Description	Sample Field Value(s)
Formulary ID	CHAR	8	Unique Formulary Identifier	00021990
RxCUI	Number	Maximum of 8 digits	Rx Norm concept unique identifier from the active CY2021 Formulary Reference File	721775
Tier Level	CHAR	1	Defines the Cost Share Tier level associated with the drug	1 = Tier Level 1 2 = Tier Level 2 3 = Tier Level 3 4 = Tier Level 4 5 = Tier Level 5 6 = Tier Level 6 7 = Tier Level 7

Parts of an example file look like:

```
00021990 721775      1
00021991 721793      1
00021992 721795      2
00021993 721797      3
00021994 722113      2
```

**Note:** The Formulary ID needs to have an 8-digit field length. Any entries greater or less than 8 digits will not be read or used by the model.

The second file, **GAP\_DRUGS.TXT** contains a tab-delimited list of all plans and drugs (RxCUIs) for each plan that has partial tier coverage. This information can be obtained from the plan organizations’ supplemental formulary file submissions. The file will be submitted with a contract identifier and a plan identifier (no segment identifier required).

The third file, **FFF.TXT**, contains a tab-delimited list of all plans and drugs (RxCUIs) for each plan that offers Free First Fill coverage. This information can be obtained from the plan organizations’ supplemental formulary file submissions. The file will be submitted with a Contract identifier and a Plan identifier (no segment identifier required).

**Note:** If a plan has no partial tier coverage or no Free First Fill drugs, a blank version (i.e., no rows) of the **GAP\_DRUGS.TXT** or the **FFF.TXT** file needs to be created and saved.

***Gap Drugs.txt/FFF.txt Record Layout***

**Required File Format = ASCII File - Tab Delimited**

**Do not include a header record**

**Filename extension should be “.TXT”**

Field Name	Field Type	Field Length	Field Description	Sample Field Value(s)
Contract ID	CHAR	5	Contract Number	S9999
Plan ID	CHAR	3	Plan Identifier	001
RxCUI	Number	Maximum of 8 digits	Rx Norm concept unique identifier from the active CY2021 Formulary Reference File	721775

Parts of an example file look like:

```
S9999      001      721797
S9999      001      722113
```

The fourth file, **PLAN\_FORMULARY.TXT**, contains a tab-delimited list of all contract, plan, and formulary identifiers that are to be run. The list of plans needs to correspond exactly with the list of plans in the **PLANFILE.TXT** file described above, although only the contract plan and plan identifiers are required.

***Plan Formulary.txt Record Layout***

**Required File Format = ASCII File - Tab Delimited**

**Do not include a header record**

**Filename extension should be “.TXT”**

<b>Field Name</b>	<b>Field Type</b>	<b>Field Length</b>	<b>Field Description</b>	<b>Sample Field Value(s)</b>
Contract ID	CHAR	5	Contract Number	S9999
Plan ID	CHAR	3	Plan Identifier	001
Formulary ID	CHAR	8	Unique Formulary	00021990

Parts of an example file look like:

```
S9999      001      00021994
S9998      001      00021990
S9997      002      00021991
```

## **Programs Included in the Software Package**

The complete list of SAS Programs utilized by the model can be found in the Contents of the Zip File section below. The key programs that launch the computations are described below:

**CIMPORT.SAS** converts the SAS transport files supplied with this software into SAS datasets.

**PARTD\_FORM.SAS** takes the Part D related formulary files described above and converts them into SAS format.

**OOPCV1P.SAS** supplies user-defined parameters needed to run the OOPC Model and calls the other SAS programs that carry out the calculations.

## **Instructions for Running the Model and Creating OOPC Values**

Please read and follow the instructions carefully before running the software. Note that this assumes the PBP has already been completed for the plan(s) of interest.

**Step 1:** Create a text file (**PLANFILE.TXT**) that lists the plans to be used in the OOPC run.

**Step 2:** Create text files for the formulary information of the plans to be run: **FORMULARY.TXT**, **PLAN\_FORMULARY.TXT**, **GAP\_DRUGS.TXT**, and **FFF.TXT** and copy them to a created formulary directory: e.g., c:\oopc\_d\formulary. Make a note of the location of these files.

**Step 3:** Set up directory locations for all files.

- a. Copy the file **OOPC2021-RFC-PartD.zip** to a working directory (e.g., c:\oopc\_d) and unzip its contents to that directory

- b. In the working directory, extract CIMPORT.SAS, OOPCVIP.SAS, and PARTD\_FORM.SAS to create the **c:\oopc\_d\programs** directory for the SAS programs modified by the user.
- c. In the working directory, extract all other programs in the zip file to create the **c:\oopc\_d\input** directory for the input files and the programs that are not changed by the user.
- d. Set up a directory for the output spreadsheet file (e.g., **c:\ oopc\_d\output**).
- e. Copy the **PLANFILE.TXT** file to the newly created programs file directory. (e.g., **c:\oopc\_d\program**).

**Step 4:** Edit the program **CIMPORT.SAS** as necessary so that the location (**in bold below**) of the input data is specified for all of the .XPT files. The programs provided in the model package contain, as defaults, the directory locations listed above. The user can change these locations, as desired.

```
* PROGRAM: CIMPORT.SAS;
* DESCRIPTION: IMPORT THE INPUT FILES TO THE OOPC PROCESS;

%LET DATALOC = %str(c:\oopc_d\input);
```

Then run **CIMPORT.SAS**.

For all SAS runs, check the SAS Log to make sure the text string **ERROR** does not appear anywhere. (In the **Troubleshooting** section below are noted several sources of problems when setting up and running the programs).

**Note:** The SAS CIMPORT program only needs to be run once, prior to the first OOPC run.

**Step 6:** Import **FORMULARY.TXT**, **PLAN\_FORMULARY.TXT**, **GAP\_DRUGS.TXT**, and **FFF.TXT** files by editing the provided **PARTD\_FORM.SAS** program, as necessary, for the correct directory locations and files.

```
*PROGRAM: PARTD_FORM.SAS;
*DESCRIPTION: CREATES SAS FILES FOR FOUR TAB DELIMITED FILES;
%LET DIR = C:\OOPC_D\formulary;
%LET FORMFILE = FORMULARY.TXT;
%LET PLANFORM = PLAN_FORMULARY.TXT;
%LET GAPDRUGS = GAP_DRUGS.TXT;
%LET FFFDRUGS = FFF.TXT;
```

Then run **PARTD\_FORM.SAS**.

**Note:** Once this step is finished, and if there is no change in the formulary data, the user does not need to redo this step for subsequent runs. As necessary, the user may create and use different formulary text files and rerun **PARTD\_FORM.SAS**.

**Step 7:** Edit the program **OOPCV1P.SAS** as shown below to indicate the directories (**in bold**) where the SAS programs and input files are stored. The programs provided in the model package contain, as defaults, the directory locations listed above. Also, edit the program to indicate where the PBP data are stored. And finally, edit the program to identify the location and name of the output spreadsheet file. The output spreadsheet name can be changed as necessary.

For example, in the “**OOPC** =&OUTPUT.**OOPC\_RUN**&file\_date.” line, to identify the first run for a given day, change the default label “**OOPC\_RUN**” to “**OOPC\_RUN1\_**” (The “&file\_date” function automatically outputs the date of the run.)

```
* PROGRAM: OOPCV1P.SAS;
* DESCRIPTION: MAIN OOPC PROGRAM;

%LET INPUTDIR =      c:\oopc_d\input;
%LET PROGDIR =      c:\oopc_d\programs;
%LET PBPDIR =      c:\ pbp2021;
%LET FORMDIR =      c:\oopc_d\formulary;
%LET PLANFILEDIR =  c:\oopc_d\programs;
%LET OUTPUT =      c:\oopc_d\output;

%OOPCV1M(RUNYEAR      =2021,
        INP           =IN1.PERSON,
        CATEG        =IN1.CATEGORY,
        PBP          =&PBPDIR,
        FORMULARY    =&FORMDIR,
        PLANFILE     =&PLANFILEDIR\PLANFILE.TXT,
        OOPC         =&OUTPUT.OOPC_RUN&file_date.);
```

Then run **OOPCV1P.SAS**.

When checking the SAS Log for the run, the run time is determined by looking at the last few lines of a successful run. For example,

**NOTE: The SAS System used:**

```
real time      1:36.67
cpu time       43.10 seconds
```

The resulting Excel spreadsheet file (.xlsx) will be written to the designated output file directory when the program finishes running successfully. The field **PartD** displays the Part D OOPC.

An example (truncated) of the resulting spreadsheet output is shown below (test data):

PLAN_NAME	BENEFIT_YEAR	PARTD	PBP_VERSION_DATE
RFB MA-PD A/B Full Network EA (PFFS)	2021	129.008346	12FEB2020:09:02:14
RFB MA-PD A/B DS (HMO-POS)	2021	178.0785887	12FEB2020:09:08:10
1876 MA-Only A/B (Cost)	2021	279.331	12FEB2020:09:10:46
RFB MA-PD A/B Partial Network AE (PFFS)	2021	129.008346	12FEB2020:09:12:30
MA-PD A/B SNP Chronic/Disabling EA (HMO-POS SNP)	2021	129.008346	12FEB2020:09:33:51
MA-PD A/B Full Network BA (PFFS)	2021	178.0785887	12FEB2020:09:36:20
MA-Only A/B Full Network (MSA)	2021	279.331	12FEB2020:09:36:32
RFB MA-PD A/B DS (PPO)	2021	129.008346	12FEB2020:09:42:28
MA-PD A/B EA (PPO)	2021	156.4093657	12FEB2020:10:37:11
RFB MA-PD A/B DS (HMO)	2021	178.0785887	12FEB2020:10:36:49
MA-PD A/B BA (Regional PPO)	2021	178.1304606	12FEB2020:10:41:34
PD-Only EA (PDP)	2021	187.2508612	12FEB2020:08:42:01

**Note:** The PBP\_Version\_Date is displayed for reference purposes.

## Rerunning the Model

**Change Plan Benefits for a Plan:** To change the plan benefit assumptions, for the same plan(s) first modify the appropriate PBP data entry.

**Change Plans:** To change plans, modify the PBP data entry, change the PLANFILE.TXT and if necessary, the formulary .txt files.

**Change Formulary files/Same plan:** To change formulary assumptions for the same plan(s), change the formulary.txt files.

**For any of the above changes,** after changing input files, and rerunning **PARTD\_FORM.SAS**, as necessary, rerun **OOPCV1P.SAS**, while changing the Excel output file name.

## Contents of the Output (Excel) File

The output from the OOPC Model is a single Excel file. The table below lists the labels as they appear in the output file and in the corresponding detailed heading.

**Note:** Labels used in the output file are restricted to no more than 32 characters by SAS.

Label Used in Output Files	Detailed Heading/Description
Contract_Number	Contract Number
Plan_ID	Plan ID
Plan_Name	Plan Name
Benefit_Year	Benefit Year/PBP for Estimated OOPC Values
PartD	Part D OOPC Value

Label Used in Output Files	Detailed Heading/Description
PBP_Version_Date	PBP Version Date

## Contents of the ZIP File (OOPC2021-RFC-PartD.zip)

AE\_CALCS.SAS  
 BASEID\_DRUGS.SAS  
 BA\_CALCS.SAS  
 BENEFIT\_OOPC\_COST\_CALCULATION.SAS  
 BENE\_SCRIPT.XPT  
 BUILD\_FFF\_FORMAT.SAS  
 BUILD\_GAPDRUGS\_FORMAT.SAS  
 BUILD\_LOOKUP\_CMS\_SUB.SAS  
 BUILD\_LOOKUP\_SUB.SAS  
 CLEANUP.SAS  
 CONVERT.SAS  
 DS\_CALCS.SAS  
 EA\_CALCS.SAS  
 FFS\_BENEFIT\_OOPC\_COST\_CALCULATION.SAS  
 FRF\_XWALK.XPT  
 OOPCV1M.SAS  
 PBP\_DRUG\_VARIABLES.SAS  
 PBP\_IMPORT.SAS  
 PBP\_IMPORT\_CMS.SAS  
 PBP\_IMPORT\_PARTD.SAS  
 PBP\_IMPORT\_PARTD\_CMS.SAS  
 PERSON.XPT  
 PLAN\_CATNAME\_NEW.SAS  
 RXCUI\_REFERENCE.XPT  
 CIMPORT.SAS  
 OOPCV1P.SAS  
 PARTD\_FORM.SAS

## Development of the Out-of-Pocket Cost (OOPC) Data

The RFC version of the Enhanced Part D OOPC Model was developed using the methodology summarized below.

Average monthly Part D out-of-pocket costs are calculated for each health plan. CMS applies the data entered into the Plan Benefit Packages (PBPs) to compute the out-of-pocket costs based on formulary and co-payments/coinsurance for each drug.

CMS made the following basic assumptions related to the out-of-pocket cost estimates for prescription drugs:

- PDE drug events (National Drug Code (NDC)-based) are mapped into RxCUI codes to apply a particular plan's tier-formulary based cost sharing. The PDE drug events used by the enhanced OOPC model is based on a random 0.1% sample of 2019 PDE events. Prescription Drug Event (PDE) claims data (2019) were used to calculate average drug prices. A plan's deductible is also taken into account. A more complete description can be found under the **Part D OOPC** section.

## Part D OOPC

The estimated OOPC values are based upon the drug information found in the PDE file provided for the individual sample beneficiaries. The beneficiaries used to identify the drug utilization come from a random 0.1% sample of PDE data. The data are used in conjunction with the Calendar Year (CY) 2021 Plan Benefit Packages submitted by plans that detail the drug benefit cost sharing and plan coverage as well as the CY 2021 plan-level formulary submissions. The NDC on each PDE record is mapped into an RxCUI using the appropriate CMS formulary reference file (FRF).

An average price for each RxCUI is calculated using the 2019 PDE claims data. The average price is calculated as the total gross expenditure (ingredient cost + dispensing fee + taxes + vaccination fee) divided by the number of 30-day equivalent prescriptions.

Using each plan's drug coverage status and PBP-based cost sharing information (deductible, initial coverage limit, co-copayments and/or coinsurance, gap coverage, etc.), the beneficiary's out-of-pocket costs are calculated. The calculations are performed according to the type of Part D plan (Defined Standard, Basic Alternative, Actuarially Equivalent, or Enhanced Alternative) and the associated cost share structure. The calculations are based on the assumption that each prescription is for a one-month (30-day) supply of drugs (rather than a 60- or 90-day supply) from an In-Network Pharmacy. In the event that both a preferred and a non-preferred pharmacy exist, the calculations are based on the preferred pharmacy cost-sharing.

If the RxCUI that represents a drug is not on a plan's formulary, this drug is assumed to be non-covered and the full cost, as reflected by the average price, is added to a plan's OOPC value. Generic substitution is assumed such that when a generic version of a brand drug exists and is covered on the plan's formulary, the generic version is the one included in the calculations, provided it has lower cost sharing. Therapeutic substitution (e.g., drugs in the same therapeutic class) is not assumed. In addition, Food and Drug Administration (FDA) application type is utilized to determine the applicable/nonapplicable status of drugs for purposes of coverage gap cost-sharing estimates.

This data creation process results in a file that includes the total cost of the drug for each sample beneficiary and prescription, as well as each plan's associated cost sharing structure for that drug. The beneficiary level OOPC values are then averaged at the plan level (across all beneficiaries in the data sample) in order to yield nationally representative data.

## Troubleshooting

Below are several areas where users may have problems running the model.

### Wrong or Missing Directory Locations

If an “input” directory is empty, the following type of error can show up in the SAS log while attempting to run the **CIMPORT.SAS** or **Part D\_FORM.SAS** programs.

**NOTE: Library IN does not exist.**

**ERROR: Library IN does not exist.**

**NOTE: Library OUTPUT does not exist.**

**ERROR: Physical file does not exist, c:\oopc\_d\input\person.xpt**

If an incorrect directory name for input data is listed in the **OOPCV1P.SAS** program, the following type of error may be displayed in the SAS log.

`%LET DIR = c:\oopc_d\formulary (correct)`

`%LET DIR = c:\oopc_d\form (incorrect)`

**ERROR: Library FORMULARY does not exist.**

**ERROR: Unable to open catalog FORMULARY.FORMATS.**

### Problems with Output Files

Each new SAS run should have a new unique output file name designated in the **OOPCV1P.SAS** program. If you do not change the name from a previously created Excel file, the new SAS run will overwrite the old file contents, or if the current Excel file is open, will not produce output at all. An example error message is shown below:

**ERROR: The MS Excel table OOPCS\_2021 has been opened for OUTPUT. This table already exists, or there is a name conflict with an existing object. This table will not be replaced. This engine does not support the REPLACE option.**

**ERROR: Export unsuccessful. See SAS Log for details.**

Another message will be generated if you forget to create an output directory. For example,

**ERROR: Connect: 'c:\oopc\_d\output\OOPC\_RUN2021V1\_20210415.xls' is not a valid path. Make sure that the path name is spelled correctly and that you are connected to the server on which the file resides.**

**ERROR: Error in the LIBNAME statement.**

Also, you may submit a run, find no “Error” messages in the **OOPCV1P.SAS** program, and yet find no Excel output file. One way this can happen is if the plan identifiers in the **PLANLIST.TXT** file are filled out without the final 3 segment identifiers, e.g.:

S9999001

## Problems with Insufficient Hard Drive Space

If you have been running the model repeatedly, you may encounter the following error message:

**WARNING: File 'WORK.xxxxxx.DATA' is shorter than expected.**  
**ERROR: The file WORK.xxxxxx.DATA is shorter than expected.**  
**ERROR: The file WORK.xxxxxx.DATA is shorter than expected.**  
**ERROR: The file WORK.xxxxxx.DATA is shorter than expected.**  
**WARNING: Data set WORK.yyyyyy was not replaced because this step was stopped.**  
**ERROR: The open failed because library member WORK.xxxxxx.DATA is damaged.**  
**ERROR: The open failed because library member WORK.xxxxxx.DATA is damaged.**  
**ERROR: The open failed because library member WORK.xxxxxx.DATA is damaged.**

This problem means that SAS does not have sufficient hard disk space for its temporary files. You can reboot your machine so that more memory is available to SAS. Also, check that you do not have 'leftover' SAS temporary directories. An example of SAS temporary directories that may remain from other sessions under 'My Computer' is:

```
c:\Documents and Settings\yourname\Local Settings\Temp\SAS Temporary  
Files\  
with subdirectories such as:  
TD_XXXXX  
SAS_util000100000150_machinename
```

## Part D Output Expected, but Blank

When you have completed your PBP data entry, make sure you have exit/validated from the program. Also, output may not be produced if the formulary IDs are not formatted correctly (i.e., tab-delimited) or if they are formatted differently in the two input files:

**FORMULARY.TXT** and **PLAN\_FORMULARY.TXT**.

## Running the Model Using an Older Version of SAS 9.3

The OOPC Model has been developed and tested using SAS 9.4. Prior versions of SAS may not support all the functions and procedure used in the software.