Model Monthly Drug Claim EOB

**Instructions to Health Plans**

**NOTE: Do not include these instruction pages when you send EOBs to members.**

This is a model Explanation of Benefits (EOB) for monthly reporting of drug claims only.

Michigan MMPs are required to use this EOB model for monthly reporting of drug claims.

Plans are not required to send an EOB if the member has no drug claims in the reporting period.

**Claims that must be included within the EOB**

* Insert Part D drug claims and non-Part D (Medicaid) drug and non-Part D (Medicaid) over-the-counter product claims from all pharmacy settings (mail order, retail, LTC) in the Drug Claims section (Section A). Note that Part A and Part B drug claims should not be included.
* Drug claim information must include the name of the drug, followed by quantity, strength and form (for example: 25 mg tabs) and the name of the pharmacy.
* Prior-year fills that do not apply to the current EOB do not need to be included in this EOB and do not require a separate EOB.
* Plans must include all drug claims processed during the reporting period. Any benefit information that cannot be included timely must be accounted for in a following reporting period.

**Instructions within the template**

* Italicized blue text in square brackets is information for the plans. Do not include it in the EOB.
* Non-italicized blue text in square brackets is text that can be inserted or used as replacement text in the EOB. Use it as applicable.
* The first time the plan name is mentioned, the plan type designation “(Medicare-Medicaid Plan)” must be included after the plan name, as detailed in the State-specific Marketing Guidance for Medicare-Medicaid Plans. Do not use ICO when referring to the Medicare-Medicaid Plan. Use health plan or MI Health Link where appropriate.
* When instructions say to insert the month and year, spell out the full name of the month (for example: January 2024).
* Where the template instructs inclusion of a phone number, plans must ensure it is a toll-free number and include a toll-free TTY number and days and hours of operation.

**Permissible document alterations**

* Minor grammar or punctuation changes are permissible.
* Plans may change references of “member” to “enrollee” as they choose.
* References to “year” or “calendar year” may be changed to “plan year.”
* Plans should make every effort to use a reporting period that aligns with a complete calendar month. However, if your plan uses a reporting period that does not correspond exactly to a calendar month, you may substitute the date range for your reporting period (for example: 1/1/24 to 2/3/24 **or** January 1 – February 3, 2024) whenever instructions say to insert the month and year.
* Consistent with the “Modernizing Part D and Medicare Advantage to Lower Drug Prices and Reduce Out-of-Pocket Expenses” final rule (CMS-4180-F), CMS required plans to include negotiated price increases and lower cost therapeutic alternatives in their members’ Part D EOBs beginning January 1, 2021.

**Formatting**

* Changes to the font type and/or font color are only permissible if such changes comply with Section 508 requirements.
* With the exception of charts, which should generally be in landscape formation, either landscape or portrait page format may be used.
* With the exception of Section A, the remaining sections of the document are to be formatted as two-column or three-column text to keep line lengths easy to read. (The main title of a section may extend beyond the first column.) Plans may adjust the width of the columns in the template.
* To help conserve paper, the document can be printed double-sided.
* The document must have a header or footer that includes the page number. If desired, plans may also include any of the following information in the header or footer: member identifiers, month and year, title of the document. The Material ID must appear in the header or footer on the first page only.
* Unless specific formatting instructions for dates have been given, plans may use their preferred method of formatting the date (for example, “mm/dd/yy”).
* Wherever possible, plans are encouraged to adopt good formatting practices that make information easier for English-speaking and non-English-speaking enrollees to read and understand. The following are based on input from beneficiary interviews:
* Format a section, chart, table, or block of text to fit onto a single page. In instances where plan-customized information causes an item or text to continue on the following page, enter a blank return before right aligning with clear indication that the item continues (for example, similar to the Benefits Chart in Chapter 4 of the Member Handbook, insert:**This section is continued on the next page**).An individual row of a chart should not break across pages. (In the model language in this document, rows sometimes break across pages because of instructions and substitution text.)*.*
* Ensure plan-customized text is in plain language and complies with reading level requirements established in the three-way contract.
* Break up large blocks of plan-customized text into short paragraphs or bulleted lists and give a couple of plan-specific examples as applicable.
* Spell out an acronym or abbreviation before its first use in a document or on a page (for example, Long term services and supports (LTSS) or low income subsidy (LIS)).
* Include the meaning of any plan-specific acronym, abbreviation, or key term with its first use.
* Avoid separating a heading or subheading from the text that follows when paginating the model.
* Use universal symbols or commonly understood pictorials.
* Draft and format plan-customized text and terminology in translated models to be culturally and linguistically appropriate for non-English speakers.
* Consider using regionally appropriate terms or common dialects in translated models.
* Include instructions and navigational aids in translated models in the translated language rather than in English.
* Consider producing translated models in large print.

**Member disenrollment**

* When a member disenrolls from the plan during the plan year, the plan must send an EOB to the former member after disenrollment if any drug claims are processed prior to the member disenrolling. For example, if a member disenrolls at the end of August and the plan processes claims in months prior to disenrollment, the disenrolling plan must send a final EOB.

**HPMS submission**

* Prior to use, all plans must upload an EOB in HPMS under the material code and review process outlined for Michigan MMPs.

<Plan name>

*Explanation of Benefits*

A summary of your drug claims for [insert: <month year> or <date range>]

[Insert mailing date]

**For <member name>**

[For the member’s easy reference, plans may also insert the member’s mailing address, member ID number, and/or other information typically used in member communications.]

This is not a bill.

<Plan’s legal or marketing name> is a health plan that contracts with both Medicare and Michigan Medicaid to provide benefits of both programs to enrollees.

This *Explanation of Benefits* (EOB)is a summary of claims (bills) sent to <plan name> for drugs you got during [insert month and year **or** date range]. The EOB tells you what we paid pharmacies.

Disclaimers

[Plans must include all applicable disclaimers as required in the State-specific Marketing Guidance.]

**Other formats**

[*Plans may increase the font size and/or use bold font to emphasize the following information.*]You can get this *Explanation of Benefits* for free in other formats, such as large print, braille, or audio. Call [insert Member Services toll-free phone and TTY numbers, days and hours of operation]. The call is free.

**Need help?**

If you have questions, contact [*insert if applicable: your Care Coordinator or call*] us at <toll-free number>. We are here <days and hours of operation>. TTY only: <TTY number>.

You can also find information in your *Member Handbook* or call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. (TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.)

How to use this *Explanation of Benefits*

Please check it over carefully.

* **Do you recognize the name of each pharmacy?** Check the dates. Did you get drugs that day?
* **Did you get the drugs listed?** Do they match those listed on your receipts? Do the drugs match what your doctor prescribed?

For more information, you can call <plan name> Member Services or read the <plan name> *Member Handbook*. [*Plans must include information about how to access the Member Handbook on the plan’s website.*]

What if you find mistakes on this summary?

If something is confusing or doesn’t seem right on this *Explanation of Benefits*, please call us at <plan name> Member Services. [If applicable: You can also find answers to many questions on our website: <MMP web address>.]

What about possible fraud?

If this summary shows drugs you’re not taking or anything else that seems suspicious to you, please contact us.

* Call us at <plan name> Member Services.
* Or call Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048. You can call these numbers for free, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.
* [Plans may also insert additional State-based resources for reporting fraud.]

# Your drug claims for [insert: <month year> or <date range>]

[Drug claims in this section should not include Part A or Part B drug claims.]

**NOTE:** The amount in the “Plan’s share” column includes payments made for you by Extra Help for Medicare Part D drugs. Extra Help is a Medicare program that helps you pay prescription drug costs. [Insert if applicable: The “Plan’s share” column also includes payments made for you by <names(s) of other programs or organizations>.]

The “Drug price and change in price” column includes the **total price of the drug** (including any amounts in the “Plan’s share” and “Your share” columns) and the **percentage change** (increase or decrease in the drug price since the first fill).

When lower cost therapeutic alternative drugs are available, they appear in the table below your current drugs. You can talk to your prescriber to find out more and know if they’re right for you.

| [Plans should include the name of the pharmacy. Plans may add the location of the pharmacy and other additional pharmacy information (for example: Non-network pharmacy), if desired.] | Date(s) of service  The date(s) you got the drugs | Plan’s share  The amount <plan name> pays for the drugs | Your share  The amount you may need to pay for the drugs | Drug price and change in price  Total drug price and percentage change since first fill |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| [**Insert name of drug (other than compound) followed by quantity, strength, and form (for example: 25 mg tabs). Identify compound drugs as such and provide quantity.**]  [Insert prescription number], [insert amount dispensed as quantity filled and/or days’ supply (for example: 15 tablets **or** 30 days’ supply).] [Plans may add additional information about the prescription; if preferred, plans may insert drug information here exactly as shown on the pharmacy claim.]  [If Section C contains a change that applies to a drug listed in the drug claims chart, plans must insert a note here to alert the member that this change has taken place. For example: **Note:** Beginning on January 1, 2024, step therapy will be required for this drug. Refer to Section C for details.] | [Insert date(s) filled, using mm/dd/yy format.] | $[Insert plan share amount for this drug. Include any payments (e.g., Extra Help) made by other programs or organizations. Use $0.00 if applicable.] | $0 | $[*Insert total drug price, including amounts in “Plan’s share” and “Your share” columns. Then insert percentage change (increase or decrease) in drug price since first fill.*] |
| [Insert lower cost therapeutic alternative(s). Plans have flexibility to determine the number of alternatives to list. Plans must provide at least one drug for each filled prescription if there is an equivalent lower cost therapeutic alternative available. Plans should use their clinical expertise when deciding to identify drugs with lower cost sharing that may not be appropriate for the member.] |  |  |  |  |
| [Insert next drug for the pharmacy, using language described above.] |  |  |  |  |
| [Insert next drug for the pharmacy, using language described above.] |  |  |  |  |

**THIS IS NOT A BILL**

# You have the right to make an appeal about your drug claims

[Include plan-specific information about Michigan Medicaid appeals.]

When we decide whether a drug is covered, it’s called a “coverage decision.” Making an appeal is a formal way of asking us to change our coverage decision. You can make an appeal if we deny a claim in whole or in part.

There are rules for how appeals are handled. These are legal procedures, and the deadlines are important. You can get a fast appeal if your doctor tells us that your health requires a quick decision.

If you have questions, or if you need help making an appeal, you can call:

* <Plan name> Member Services at <toll-free phone and TTY numbers> <days and hours of operation>.
* Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048. You can call these numbers for free, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.
* Michigan Medicaid at 1-800-642-3195. This call is free. Office hours are Monday through Friday, 8 AM to 7 PM. TTY users should call 1-866-501-5656.
* The Medicare/Medicaid Assistance Program (MMAP) at 1-800-803-7174 (TRS 711). Office hours are Monday through Friday, 8 AM to 5 PM.
* The MI Health Link Ombudsman program at 1-888-746-6456 (TTY 711). Office hours are Monday through Friday, 8 AM to 5 PM.

For more information about making an appeal, please refer to Chapter 9 [plans may insert reference, as applicable]in your *Member Handbook*.

# Updates to our Drug List that will affect drugs you take

* [Use this section to provide negative formulary updates that affect drugs the member is taking—that is, any plan-covered drugs the member got during the current calendar year while a member of the plan. Include updates only if they affect drugs the member is taking and involve negative changes. (Changes to the formulary from one year to the next do not need to be included in the EOB.)
* **If there are no updates, delete this section.**
* If an update is for a negative formulary change that is not a formulary maintenance change, insert: If you are currently taking this drug, this change will not affect your coverage for this drug for the rest of the plan year.]

About the Drug List

[Plan must insert if it sends a hard copy List of Covered Drugs: <Plan name> sent you a List of Covered Drugs or “Drug List” for short.] [Plan must insert if it only sends a hard copy List of Covered Drugs upon request: <Plan name> sent you a notice telling how to get a List of Covered Drugs or “Drug List” or how to access it online.] The Drug List tells which drugs are covered by our plan. It also tells which tier each drug is in and whether there are any restrictions on coverage for a drug.

Our website (<MMP web address>) always has the most current version of the Drug List. You can also call Member Services and ask for a copy.

During the year, we may make changes to our Drug List.

* We may add new drugs, remove drugs, and add or remove restrictions on coverage for drugs. We are also allowed to change drugs from one tier to another.
* Some changes to the Drug List will happen **immediately**. For example:
* [Plans that otherwise meet all requirements and want the option to immediately replace brand name drugs with their generic equivalents must provide the followingadvance general notice of changes:**A new generic drug becomes available.** Sometimes, a new generic drug comes on the market that works as well as a brand name drug on the Drug List now. When that happens, we may remove the brand name drug and add the new generic drug, but your cost for the new drug will still be $0. When we add the new generic drug, we may also decide to keep the brand name drug on the list but change its coverage rules or limits.]
* We will immediately remove drugs from our Drug List for safety reasons or when manufacturers remove them from the market.
* For all other changes that affect the drugs you take, we will tell you at least 30 days before any changes take effect.

Updates that affect drugs you take

The list that follows tells **only**about updates to the Drug List that change the coverage of **drugs you take**.

“Drugs you take” means any plan-covered drugs that you got in [insert year] as a member of our plan.

[Below we show model language for reporting several common types of changes to the Drug List. Do not include sections that are not applicable. Plans may adapt this language as needed for grammatical consistency, accuracy, and relevant detail (for example, describing a drug as “brand name” or “generic”). Plans may also provide additional explanation of changes, if desired, and suggest specific drugs that might be suitable alternatives. To report changes for which model language is not supplied, use the model language shown below as a guide.]

**<Drug name>** [Insert name of step therapy drug. Plans may also insert information about the strength or form in which the drug is dispensed (for example: tablets **or** injectable).]

* **Date and type of change:** Beginning [insert effective date of the change], step therapy will be required for this drug. This means you will be required to try [insert: a different drug first **or** one or more other drugs first] before we will cover [insert name of step therapy drug]. This requirement encourages you to try another drug that is just as safe and effective but less costly than [insert name of step therapy drug]. If [insert: this other drug does not **or** the other drugs do not] work for you, the plan will then cover [insert name of step therapy drug].
* **Note:** Refer to the information later in this section that tells “What you and your doctor can do.” [If applicable, plans may insert information that identifies possible alternate drugs, for example: You and your doctor may want to consider trying <alternate-drug-1> or <alternate drug-2>. Both are on our Drug List and have no restrictions on coverage. They are used in similar ways as [insert name of step therapy drug], and they are on a lower cost-sharing drug tier.]

**<Drug name>** [Insert name of drug for which the quantity is limited. Plans may also insert information about the strength or form in which the drug is dispensed (for example: tablets **or** injectable).]

* **Date and type of change:** Beginning [insert effective date of the change], there will be a new limit on the amount of the drug you can have. [Insert description of how the quantity will be limited.]
* **Note:** Refer to the information later in this section that tells “What you and your doctor can do.”

**<Drug name>** [Insert name of drug for which prior authorization (PA) is required. Plans may also insert information about the strength or form in which the drug is dispensed (for example: tablets **or** injectable).]

* **Date and type of change:** Beginning [insert effective date of the change], prior authorization (PA) will be required for this drug. This means you or your doctor need to get approval from the plan before we will agree to cover the drug for you.
* **Note:** Refer to the information later in this section that tells “What you and your doctor can do.” [Plans may insert more explanation if desired, for example: Your choices include asking for PA in order to continue having this drug covered or changing to a different drug.]

[Plans may use the language below with appropriate modifications to provide notice of both immediate generic substitutions by plans meeting the requirements and other generic changes, as long as the notice is provided to the enrollee within required timeframes.]

**<Drug name>** [Insert name of brand name drug that has been or will be replaced with generic or whose restrictions changed (or will change) with the addition of the new generic drug. Plans may also insert information about the strength or form in which the drug is dispensed (for example: tablets **or** injectable).]

* **Date and type of change:** Effective [insert effective date of the change], the brand name drug [insert name of brand name drug to be replaced with generic] [insert: will be **or** was] [insert description of change, including removal, substitution, change to the brand name drug’s tier, or any restrictions with the addition of the generic drug] from our Drug List. We [insert: will add **or** added] a new generic version of [insert name of brand name drug to be replaced with generic] to the Drug List (it is called [insert name of replacement generic drug]).
* We [insert:are replacing **or**replaced] or[insert: are changing **or**changed] [insert:restrictions] for [insert name of brand name drug] because [insert name of generic drug], a [insert if applicable:new] generic version of [insert name of brand name drug to be replaced with generic], is now available. [Plan should indicate tier placement of generic drug. For instance: [Insert name of generic drug] (tier [insert tier number or name for the replacement generic drug]) is on [insert: the same tier as **or**a lower tier than] [insert name of brand name drug], the drug it [insert: is replacing **or** replaced] [insert if generic drug is on a lower tier: (tier [insert tier number or name for the brand name drug that is being replaced])].] The amount you will pay for this drug will still be $0 when you fill the prescription.
* If your prescriber believes this generic drug is not right for you due to your medical condition, you or your prescriber can ask us to make an exception. Refer to the information later in this section that tells “What you and your doctor can do.”

What you and your doctor can do

Depending on the type of change, there may be different options to consider. For example:

* **You can call Member Services or contact your Care Coordinator** at <toll-free phone and TTY numbers> to ask for a list of covered drugs that treat the same medical condition.
* **Your doctor might be able to find a different drug** covered by the plan. The drug might work just as well for you and have fewer restrictions.
* **You and your doctor can ask the plan to make an exception for you.** Your doctor will need to tell us why making an exception is medically necessary for you. To learn how to ask for an exception, refer to Chapter 9 [*plans to insert section and/or page reference, as applicable*] in your *Member Handbook.* For more information about asking for an exception, call Member Services at <toll-free phone and TTY numbers>.