



# Skilled Nursing Facility Quality Reporting Program Provider Training



## SNF QRP Definitions and Assessments

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**Date:** June 21, 2016

# Objectives

Upon completion of the training, participants will be able to:

- Define the following terms associated with the Skilled Nursing Facility (SNF) Quality Reporting Program (QRP):
  - Numerator
  - Denominator
  - Complete stay
  - Incomplete stay
  - Quality measure (QM) calculation algorithm
  - Risk adjustment
- List assessment types used in SNF QRP



# Objectives (continued)

Upon completion of the training, participants will be able to:

- Describe the indication for the Nursing Home Part A PPS Discharge (NPE) Item Set
- Discuss principles of setting the Assessment Reference Date (ARD) of the NPE Item Set
- Outline completion requirements for the NPE Item Set
- Discuss the coding of Item A0310H. Is this a SNF PPS Part A Discharge (End of Stay) Assessment?



# SNF QRP: Three QMs Adopted in the FY 2016 Final Rule

- In August 2015, CMS released the *Skilled Nursing Facility Quality Reporting Program – Specifications for the Quality Measures Adopted through the Fiscal Year 2016 Final Rule*.
- In the document, CMS presented specifications for the three Quality Measures (QMs) adopted for the SNF QRP through the Fiscal Year (FY) 2016 SNF Prospective Payment System (PPS) Final Rule.



# SNF QRP: Three QMs Adopted in the FY 2016 Final Rule (continued)

- **Process Measure:** Application of Percent of Long-Term Care Hospital Patients with an Admission and Discharge Functional Assessment and a Care Plan That Addresses Function (NQF #2631, Measure Steward: CMS)
- **Outcome Measure:** Percent of Residents or Patients with Pressure Ulcers That Are New or Worsened (NQF #0678, Measure Steward: CMS)
- **Outcome Measure:** Application of Percent of Residents Experiencing One or More Falls with Major Injury (Long Stay) (NQF #0674, Measure Steward: CMS)



# Process and Outcome Measures

- **Process measures** indicate what a provider does to maintain or improve health, either for healthy people or for those diagnosed with a health care condition.
- **Outcome measures** reflect the impact of the health care service or intervention on the health status of patients.

Source:

<http://www.ahrq.gov/professionals/quality-patient-safety/talkingquality/create/types.html>



# SNF QRP – Definitions

The following are detailed in the specifications document and will be defined for each of the three QMs over the course of the two-day SNF QRP Training:

- Numerator
- Denominator
- Complete stay
- Incomplete stay
- QM calculation algorithm
- Risk adjustment



# SNF QRP – Definitions (continued)

- **Numerator:** The number in the denominator who received the care process (process measure) or the number of residents who experienced the specified outcome (outcome measure)
- **Denominator:** The number of residents cared for by the SNF during a defined time period who were at risk of or eligible for the numerator event or outcome



# SNF QRP – Definitions (continued)

- **Process measures**
  - **Desirable care process:** Larger numerator relative to the denominator indicates higher quality
  - **Undesirable care process:** Smaller numerator relative to the denominator indicates higher quality
- **Outcome measures**
  - **Positive outcome:** Larger numerator relative to the denominator indicates higher quality
  - **Adverse outcome:** Smaller numerator relative to the denominator indicates higher quality



# Numerator and Denominator

## Example

- There are 10 cookies, three of which are chocolate chip cookies.
- What is the percent of cookies that are chocolate chip?
- Numerator = 3
- Denominator = 10
- Divide the numerator by the denominator ( $3/10$ ) = 0.3
- Multiply 0.3 by 100
- There are 30 percent chocolate chip cookies.

# SNF QRP – Definitions (continued)

- Residents who have **incomplete stays** are defined as those residents:
  - Who are discharged unexpectedly due to a medical emergency,
  - Who leave the SNF against medical advice, or
  - Who die while in the SNF.
- Residents not meeting the criteria for incomplete stays will be considered **complete stays**.



# SNF QRP – Definitions (continued)

- The **Quality Measure Calculation Algorithms** detail the steps that are used to calculate the measures.
- The steps to calculate each of the three new measures will be reviewed throughout the training.



# SNF QRP – Definitions (continued)

- Three types of **risk adjustments**:
  - **Exclusions**: Residents whose outcomes are not under SNF control or for whom the outcome may be unavoidable are removed from the calculation.
  - **Stratification**: Residents with similar risks for the outcome based on their clinical characteristics are grouped together, and the measure is calculated separately for each risk group.
  - **Covariates**: Resident characteristics that may affect risk for a certain outcome.



# Assessments Used in SNF QRP

- OBRA-required assessments
- Scheduled PPS assessments
- Discharge assessments:
  - Discharge assessment – return not anticipated
  - Discharge assessment – return anticipated
  - Part A PPS Discharge assessment



# Three Types of Discharge Assessments

- There are now three types of Discharge assessments required.
- The first two are well-known to providers. These are the OBRA Discharge assessment – return anticipated and return not anticipated types.
- The third type is the Part A PPS Discharge assessment.



# Part A PPS Discharge Assessment

- The Part A PPS Discharge assessment is a Discharge assessment developed to inform current and future SNF QRP measures and the calculation of these measures.
- It consists of demographic, administrative, and clinical items.
- The Part A PPS Discharge assessment is completed when a resident's Medicare Part A stay ends, but the resident remains in the facility (i.e., is not physically discharged from the facility).
- If the Medicare Part A stay ends on the day of or one day before the date of physical discharge, the OBRA Discharge assessment and PPS Part A Discharge assessment are both required and may be combined.



# Part A PPS Discharge Assessment

(continued)

- For a **standalone** Part A PPS Discharge assessment, the **ARD (Item A2300)** is **not set prospectively** as with other assessments. The **ARD (Item A2300)** for the **Part A PPS Discharge assessment** is **always equal to the End Date of Most Recent Medicare Stay (A2400C)**. The ARD may be coded on the assessment any time during the assessment completion period (i.e., End Date of Most Recent Medicare Stay [A2400C] + 14 calendar days).



# Part A PPS Discharge Assessment

(continued)

- If the End Date of Most Recent Medicare Stay (A2400C) occurs **on the day of or one day before** the Discharge Date (A2000), the OBRA Discharge assessment and Part A PPS Discharge assessment are both required and may be combined. When the OBRA and Part A PPS Discharge assessments are combined, the ARD (A2300) must be equal to the Discharge Date (A2000).



# Part A PPS Discharge Assessment

## (continued)

- The Part A PPS Discharge assessment must be completed (Item Z0500B) within 14 days after the End Date of Most Recent Medicare Stay (A2400C + 14 calendar days).
- The Part A PPS Discharge assessment must be submitted within 14 days after the MDS completion date (Z0500B + 14 calendar days).
- If the resident's Medicare Part A stay ends and the resident subsequently returns to a skilled level of care and Medicare Part A benefits resume, the Medicare schedule starts again with a 5-day PPS assessment.
- If the resident's Medicare Part A stay ends and the resident is physically discharged from the facility, an OBRA Discharge assessment is required.



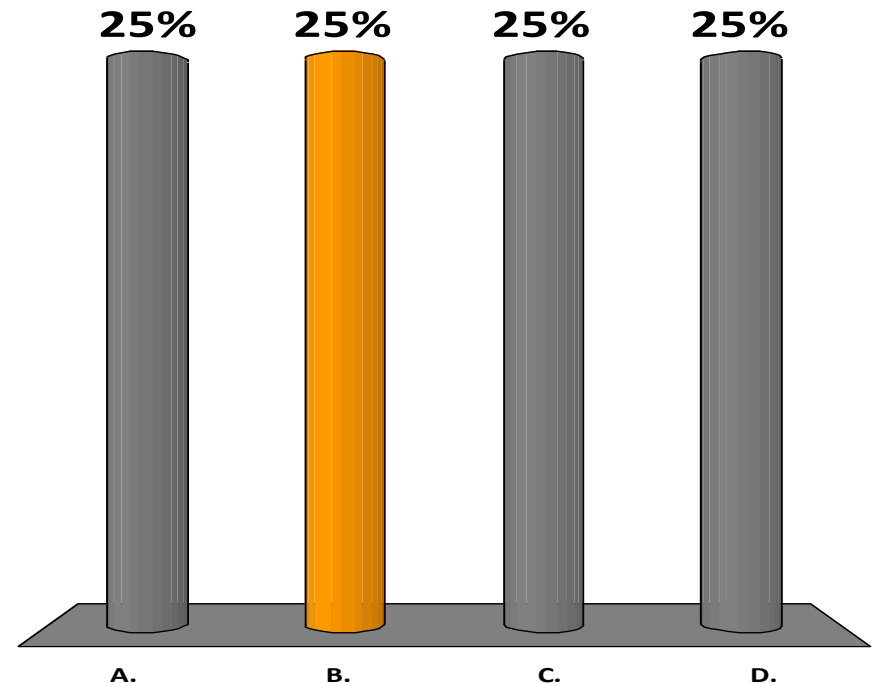
# **Polling Question: When is a standalone Part A PPS Discharge assessment required?**

- A. When a resident leaves the facility for a leave of absence (LOA)
- B. When a resident's Medicare Part A stay ends and they are remaining in the facility
- C. When a resident goes to the emergency room
- D. Any time a resident is physically discharged from the facility



# Polling Question: When is a standalone Part A PPS Discharge assessment required?

- A. When a resident leaves the facility for a leave of absence (LOA)
- ✓ B. When a resident's Medicare Part A stay ends and they are remaining in the facility
- C. When a resident goes to the emergency room
- D. Any time a resident is physically discharged from the facility



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# A0310H. Is this a SNF PPS Part A Discharge (End of Stay) Assessment?

## H. Is this a SNF PPS Part A Discharge (End of Stay) Assessment?

### A0310. Type of Assessment - Continued

Enter Code

#### F. Entry/discharge reporting

01. Entry tracking record

10. Discharge assessment-return not completed

Enter Code

#### H. Is this a SNF PPS Part A Discharge (End of Stay) Assessment?

0. No

1. Yes

# Coding Instructions – A0310H

- **Code 0, no:** if this is not a Part A PPS Discharge assessment.
- **Code 1, yes:** if this is a Part A PPS Discharge assessment.



# A2000 – Discharge Date Coding Tips

- A **standalone Part A PPS Discharge assessment** (NPE Item Set) is required under the SNF QRP **when the resident's Medicare Part A stay ends (as documented in A2400C, End Date of Most Recent Medicare Stay)** but the resident remains in the facility.
- If a resident receiving services under SNF Part A PPS has a Discharge Date (A2000) that occurs **on the day of or one day after** the End Date of Most Recent Medicare Stay (A2400C), then both an OBRA Discharge assessment and a Part A PPS Discharge assessment are required, but these two assessments can be combined. **When the OBRA and Part A PPS Discharge assessments are combined, the ARD (A2300) must be the same as the Discharge Date (A2000).**



# A2400C – End of Medicare Stay

## C. End date of most recent Medicare stay - Enter

<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	—	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	—	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
Month			Day			Year			

### A2400. Medicare Stay

Enter Code

☐

#### A. Has the resident had a Medicare stay?

0. No → Skip to B0100, Comprehensive Assessment  
1. Yes → Continue to A2400C

#### B. Start date of most recent Medicare stay:

<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	—	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	—	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
Month			Day			Year			

#### C. End date of most recent Medicare stay - Enter dashes if stay is ongoing:

<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	—	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	—	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
Month			Day			Year			

# Coding Instructions – A2400C, End of Most Recent Medicare Stay

- The end of Medicare date (A2400C) is coded as follows, whichever occurs first:
  - Date SNF benefit exhausts (i.e., the 100th day of the benefit); or
  - Date of last day covered as recorded on the effective date from the Notice of Medicare Non-Coverage (NOMNC); or
  - The last paid day of Medicare A when payer source changes to another payer (regardless if the resident was moved to another bed or not); or
  - Date the resident was discharged from the facility (see Item A2000, Discharge Date).



# New Coding Tips – A2400C, End of Most Recent Medicare Stay

- The End Date of Most Recent Medicare Stay (A2400C) may be **earlier** than the actual Discharge Date (A2000) from the facility. If this occurs, the Part A PPS Discharge assessment is required. If the resident subsequently physically leaves the facility, the OBRA Discharge assessment would be required.
- If the End Date of Most Recent Medicare Stay (A2400C) **occurs on the day of or one day before** the Discharge Date (A2000), the OBRA Discharge assessment and Part A PPS Discharge assessment are both required and may be combined. When the OBRA and Part A PPS Discharge assessments are combined, the ARD (A2300) must be equal to the Discharge Date (A2000).



# New Coding Tips – A2400C, End of Most Recent Medicare Stay (continued)

- If the End Date of Most Recent Medicare Stay (A2400C) **occurs on the same day** that the resident dies, a Death in Facility Tracking Record is completed, with the Discharge Date (A2000) equal to the date the resident died. In this case, a Part A PPS Discharge assessment is **not** required.
- For a **standalone** Part A PPS Discharge assessment, the End Date of the Most Recent Medicare Stay (A2400C) and the ARD (A2300) must be the same.



# Polling Scenario

Mrs. G began receiving services under Medicare Part A on October 14, 2016. Due to her stable condition and ability to manage her medications and dressing changes, the facility determined that she no longer qualified for Part A SNF coverage and issued an Advanced Beneficiary Notice (ABN) and a Notice of Medicare Non-Coverage (NOMNC) with the last day of coverage as November 23, 2016. Mrs. G was discharged from the facility on November 24, 2016.



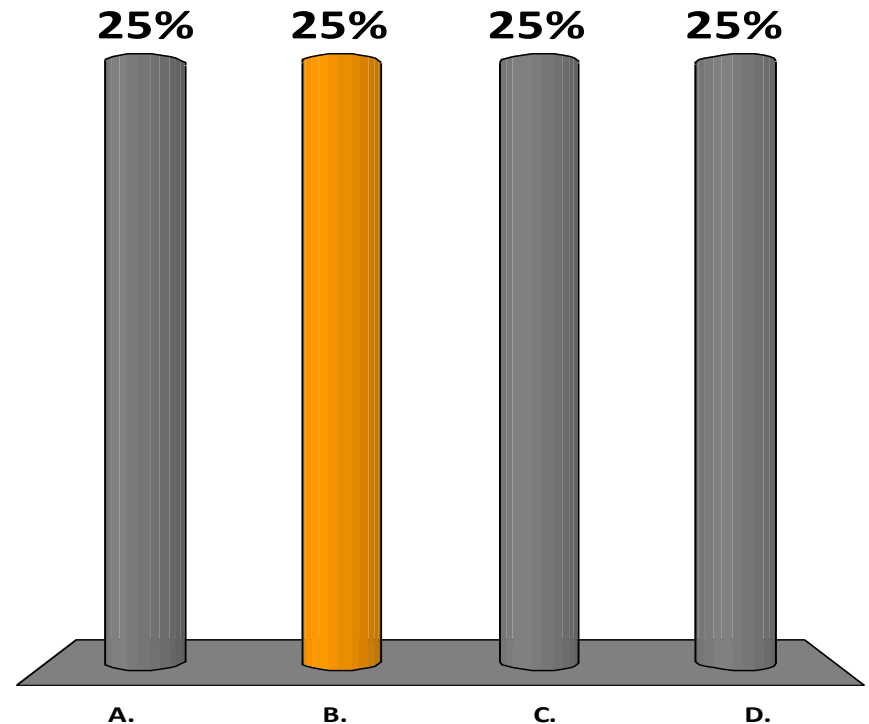
# Polling Question: What Discharge assessment type should be completed?

- A. Part A PPS Discharge assessment combined with OBRA Discharge assessment – return anticipated
- B. Part A PPS Discharge assessment combined with OBRA Discharge assessment – return not anticipated
- C. Standalone Part A PPS Discharge assessment
- D. Standalone OBRA Discharge assessment – return not anticipated



# Polling Question: What Discharge assessment type should be completed?

- A. Part A PPS Discharge assessment combined with OBRA Discharge assessment – return anticipated
- ✓ B. Part A PPS Discharge assessment combined with OBRA Discharge assessment – return not anticipated
- C. Standalone Part A PPS Discharge assessment
- D. Standalone OBRA Discharge assessment – return not anticipated



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# Scenario Group Discussion

- Based on the scenario, how should the Discharge assessment be coded for the following items?
  - A0310F, Entry/discharge reporting
  - A0310G, Type of discharge
  - A0310H, Is this a SNF Part A PPS Discharge (End of Stay) Assessment?
  - A2000, Discharge Date
  - A2400A, Has the resident had a Medicare-covered stay since the most recent entry?
  - A2400B, Start of most recent Medicare stay
  - A2400C, End date of most recent Medicare stay



# Scenario Group Discussion

- Based on the scenario, how should the Discharge assessment be coded for the following items?
  - A0310F, Entry/discharge reporting = 10, Discharge assessment, return not anticipated
  - A0310G, Type of discharge
  - A0310H, Is this a SNF Part A PPS Discharge (End of Stay) Assessment?
  - A2000, Discharge Date
  - A2400A, Has the resident had a Medicare-covered stay since the most recent entry?
  - A2400B, Start of most recent Medicare stay
  - A2400C, End date of most recent Medicare stay



# Scenario Group Discussion

- Based on the scenario, how should the Discharge assessment be coded for the following items?
  - A0310F, Entry/discharge reporting = 10, Discharge assessment, return not anticipated
  - A0310G, Type of discharge = 1, Planned
  - A0310H, Is this a SNF Part A PPS Discharge (End of Stay) Assessment?
  - A2000, Discharge Date
  - A2400A, Has the resident had a Medicare-covered stay since the most recent entry?
  - A2400B, Start of most recent Medicare stay
  - A2400C, End date of most recent Medicare stay



# Scenario Group Discussion

- Based on the scenario, how should the Discharge assessment be coded for the following items?
  - A0310F, Entry/discharge reporting = 10, Discharge assessment, return not anticipated
  - A0310G, Type of discharge = 1, Planned
  - A0310H, Is this a SNF Part A PPS Discharge (End of Stay) Assessment? = 1, Yes
  - A2000, Discharge Date
  - A2400A, Has the resident had a Medicare-covered stay since the most recent entry?
  - A2400B, Start of most recent Medicare stay
  - A2400C, End date of most recent Medicare stay



# Scenario Group Discussion

- Based on the scenario, how should the Discharge assessment be coded for the following items?
  - A0310F, Entry/discharge reporting = 10, Discharge assessment, return not anticipated
  - A0310G, Type of discharge = 1, Planned
  - A0310H, Is this a SNF Part A PPS Discharge (End of Stay) Assessment? = 1, Yes
  - A2000, Discharge Date = 11-24-2016
  - A2400A, Has the resident had a Medicare-covered stay since the most recent entry?
  - A2400B, Start of most recent Medicare stay
  - A2400C, End date of most recent Medicare stay



# Scenario Group Discussion

- Based on the scenario, how should the Discharge assessment be coded for the following items?
  - A0310F, Entry/discharge reporting = 10, Discharge assessment, return not anticipated
  - A0310G, Type of discharge = 1, Planned
  - A0310H, Is this a SNF Part A PPS Discharge (End of Stay) Assessment? = 1, Yes
  - A2000, Discharge Date = 11-24-2016
  - A2400A, Has the resident had a Medicare-covered stay since the most recent entry? = 1, Yes
  - A2400B, Start of most recent Medicare stay
  - A2400C, End date of most recent Medicare stay



# Scenario Group Discussion

- Based on the scenario, how should the Discharge assessment be coded for the following items?
  - A0310F, Entry/discharge reporting = 10, Discharge assessment, return not anticipated
  - A0310G, Type of discharge = 1, Planned
  - A0310H, Is this a SNF Part A PPS Discharge (End of Stay) Assessment? = 1, Yes
  - A2000, Discharge Date = 11-24-2016
  - A2400A, Has the resident had a Medicare-covered stay since the most recent entry? = 1, Yes
  - A2400B, Start of most recent Medicare stay = 10-14-2016
  - A2400C, End date of most recent Medicare stay



# Scenario Group Discussion

- Based on the scenario, how should the Discharge assessment be coded for the following items?
  - A0310F, Entry/discharge reporting = 10, Discharge assessment, return not anticipated
  - A0310G, Type of discharge = 1, Planned
  - A0310H, Is this a SNF Part A PPS Discharge (End of Stay) Assessment? = 1, Yes
  - A2000, Discharge Date = 11-24-2016
  - A2400A, Has the resident had a Medicare-covered stay since the most recent entry? = 1, Yes
  - A2400B, Start of most recent Medicare stay = 10-14-2016
  - A2400C, End date of most recent Medicare stay = 11-23-2016



# Polling Scenario

Mrs. K began receiving services under Medicare Part A on October 4, 2016. She was discharged from Medicare Part A services on December 17, 2016. She and her family had already decided that Mrs. K would remain in the facility for long-term care services, and she was moved to a certified bed in a private room on December 18, 2016.



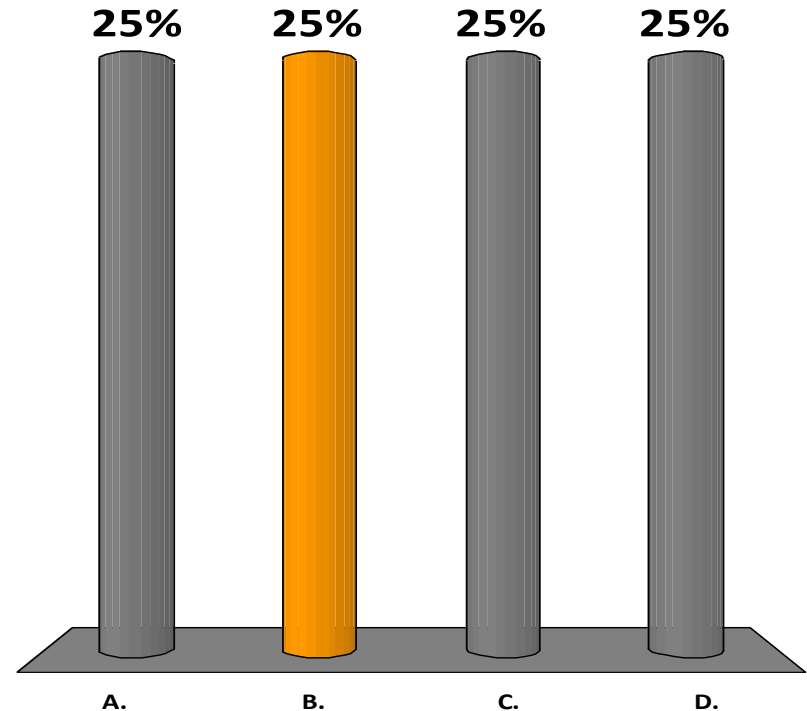
# Polling Question: What Discharge assessment type should be completed?

- A. No Discharge assessment is needed
- B. Part A PPS Discharge assessment
- C. OBRA Discharge assessment – return anticipated
- D. OBRA Discharge assessment – return not anticipated



# Polling Question: What Discharge assessment type should be completed?

- A. No Discharge assessment is needed
- ✓ B. Part A PPS Discharge assessment
- C. OBRA Discharge assessment – return anticipated
- D. OBRA Discharge assessment – return not anticipated



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# Scenario Group Discussion

- Based on the scenario, how should the Discharge assessment for Mrs. K be coded?
  - A0310F, Entry/discharge reporting
  - A0310G, Type of discharge (no response needed)
  - A0310H, Is this a SNF Part A PPS Discharge (End of Stay) Assessment?
  - A2000, Discharge Date (no response needed)
  - A2400A, Has the resident had a Medicare-covered stay since the most recent entry?
  - A2400B, Start of most recent Medicare stay
  - A2400C, End date of most recent Medicare stay



# Scenario Group Discussion

- Based on the scenario, how should the Discharge assessment for Mrs. K be coded?
  - A0310F, Entry/discharge reporting = 99
  - A0310G, Type of discharge (no response needed)
  - A0310H, Is this a SNF Part A PPS Discharge (End of Stay) Assessment?
  - A2000, Discharge Date (no response needed)
  - A2400A, Has the resident had a Medicare-covered stay since the most recent entry?
  - A2400B, Start of most recent Medicare stay
  - A2400C, End date of most recent Medicare stay



# Scenario Group Discussion

- Based on the scenario, how should the Discharge assessment for Mrs. K be coded?
  - A0310F, Entry/discharge reporting = 99
  - A0310G, Type of discharge (no response needed)
  - A0310H, Is this a SNF Part A PPS Discharge (End of Stay) Assessment? = 1, Yes
  - A2000, Discharge Date (no response needed)
  - A2400A, Has the resident had a Medicare-covered stay since the most recent entry?
  - A2400B, Start of most recent Medicare stay
  - A2400C, End date of most recent Medicare stay



# Scenario Group Discussion

- Based on the scenario, how should the Discharge assessment for Mrs. K be coded?
  - A0310F, Entry/discharge reporting = 99
  - A0310G, Type of discharge (no response needed)
  - A0310H, Is this a SNF Part A PPS Discharge (End of Stay) Assessment? = 1, Yes
  - A2000, Discharge Date (no response needed)
  - A2400A, Has the resident had a Medicare-covered stay since the most recent entry? = 1, Yes
  - A2400B, Start of most recent Medicare stay
  - A2400C, End date of most recent Medicare stay



# Scenario Group Discussion

- Based on the scenario, how should the Discharge assessment for Mrs. K be coded?
  - A0310F, Entry/discharge reporting = 99
  - A0310G, Type of discharge (no response needed)
  - A0310H, Is this a SNF Part A PPS Discharge (End of Stay) Assessment? = 1, Yes
  - A2000, Discharge Date (no response needed)
  - A2400A, Has the resident had a Medicare-covered stay since the most recent entry? = 1, Yes
  - A2400B, Start of most recent Medicare stay = 10-04-2016
  - A2400C, End date of most recent Medicare stay



# Scenario Group Discussion

- Based on the scenario, how should the Discharge assessment for Mrs. K be coded?
  - A0310F, Entry/discharge reporting = 99
  - A0310G, Type of discharge (no response needed)
  - A0310H, Is this a SNF Part A PPS Discharge (End of Stay) Assessment? = 1, Yes
  - A2000, Discharge Date (no response needed)
  - A2400A, Has the resident had a Medicare-covered stay since the most recent entry? = 1, Yes
  - A2400B, Start of most recent Medicare stay = 10-04-2016
  - A2400C, End date of most recent Medicare stay = 12-17-2016



# Special Instructions

## Change of Therapy (COT) Other Medicare-Required Assessment (OMRA)

- In cases where the last day of the Medicare Part A benefit (the date used to code A2400C on the MDS) **is prior to** Day 7 of the COT observation period, no COT OMRA is required.
- If the date listed in A2400C **is on or after** Day 7 of the COT observation period, then a COT OMRA would be required if all other conditions are met.
- If the date listed in A2400C **is on Day 7** of the COT observation period, **then the SNF must complete both the COT OMRA and the Part A PPS Discharge assessment separately.**



# Special Instructions – Combining Assessments

When combining Medicare scheduled or unscheduled assessments with the Part A PPS Discharge assessment:

- The ARD (Item A2300) must be set for the last day of the Medicare Part A Stay (A2400C)

**AND**

- The Medicare Part A stay must fall within the allowed window of the Medicare scheduled assessment, or must fall within the parameters allowed for the Medicare unscheduled assessment being completed.



# Summary of the Part A PPS Discharge Assessment

- Part A PPS Discharge assessment is a new Discharge assessment type.
- It is required under the IMPACT Act for the purposes of collecting standardized data on admission and discharge for quality measure reporting in the SNF QRP.
- The Part A PPS Discharge assessment is completed as a standalone assessment when a person's Medicare Part A stay is ending but he/she is planning to remain in the facility as a long-term care resident.
- When a resident discharges from the facility within one day of the Medicare Part A stay, the Part A PPS Discharge may be combined with the OBRA Discharge assessment.



# Questions and Answers

