# Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services Center for Medicare and Medicaid Innovation Medicare Advantage Value-Based Insurance Design Model Request for Applications October 9, 2015

## **Table of Contents**

1	Bac	Background and General Information		
	1.1	Scope and General Approach	1	
	1.2	Statutory Authority	2	
	1.3	Waiver Authority	2	
2	Des	scription of the Model	3	
	2.1	Purpose and Concept	3	
	2.2	Model Design Elements	4	
	2.2.	1 Targeted Conditions	4	
	2.2.2	2 Permissible Interventions	4	
	2.2.	3 Marketing and Enrollee Communications	8	
	2.2.4	4 Enrollee Protections	9	
	2.2.:	5 Changes to Model Design in Subsequent Model Years	0	
	2.2.	6 Changes to Plan's Interventions in Subsequent Model Years	1	
	2.3	Applicant Eligibility	1	
	2.3.	1 Geographic Scope	1	
	2.3.	2 Plan Eligibility	2	
	2.4	Plan Bidding and Projected Savings	3	
3	Lea	arning and Diffusion Resources14	4	
4	Qu	ality and Performance Monitoring14	4	
	4.1	Data Collection and Quality Indicators14	4	
	4.2	Monitoring and Oversight14	4	
5	Eva	aluation1	5	
6	Ap	plication Process and Selection1	5	
	6.1	Questions15		
	6.2	Accessing the Online Application Portal	5	
	6.3	Deadline for Applications		

6.4	Application Review and Model Contracting	
6.4.1	Application Review	
6.4.2	2 Conduct Pending Acceptance and Contracting	
6.4.3	Contracting	
6.5	Timeline	
6.6	Withdrawal of Application	
6.7	Amendment of RFA	
Appendix A - Application Template19		
Appendix B - Targeted Clinical Conditions Defined by ICD-10 Code		

## List of Tables

Table 1. 2017 VBID Model Application Milestones     1	17
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## 1 Background and General Information

The Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) is seeking applications from Medicare Advantage Organizations to participate in the Medicare Advantage Value-Based Insurance Design (MA-VBID) model. This request for applications (RFA) is open to any Medicare Advantage Organization (MAO) approved by CMS to offer a Medicare Advantage (MA) plan or Medicare Advantage-Prescription Drug (MA-PD) plan that meets the criteria of this RFA. CMS is conducting this model test through the Center for Medicare and Medicaid Innovation (Innovation Center) under Section 1115A of the Social Security Act.

The phrase Value-Based Insurance Design (VBID) generally refers to health insurers' efforts to structure enrollee cost-sharing and other plan design elements to encourage enrollees to consume high-value clinical services, those that have the greatest potential to positively impact enrollee health relative to cost. In particular, VBID approaches often recognize that the relative value of a given service can vary significantly depending on the enrollee's underlying health status, and that plan design should therefore vary accordingly and be clinically-nuanced.

VBID approaches are in use in the commercial market. The inclusion of clinically-nuanced VBID elements in health insurance benefit design may be an effective tool to improve the quality of care and reduce the cost of care for Medicare Advantage enrollees with chronic diseases. However, VBID approaches generally are not used in Medicare Advantage due to existing regulations. A key barrier to implementation of clinically-nuanced VBID approaches is the Medicare uniformity requirement, which precludes varying benefit design within a Medicare Advantage or Part D plan based on health status or other enrollee characteristics.

The MA-VBID model tests the impact of providing Medicare Advantage Organizations regulatory flexibility to integrate clinically-nuanced VBID approaches into their benefit design.

## 1.1 Scope and General Approach

CMS will implement a five-year MA-VBID model test that will begin on January 1, 2017, and continue through December 31, 2021. The MA-VBID model will test whether the flexibility to offer clinically-nuanced VBID elements in Medicare Advantage plan benefit designs will lead to higher quality and more cost-efficient care for targeted enrollees. To test this hypothesis, CMS will exercise its Section 1115A authority to grant a limited waiver of Medicare Advantage and Part D plan uniformity requirements, in order to permit organizations to include VBID approaches in MA and MA-PD plan benefit designs.

CMS will test the MA-VBID model in seven states: Arizona, Indiana, Iowa, Massachusetts, Oregon, Pennsylvania, and Tennessee. Eligible plans in the selected test states, on approval from CMS, may offer varied plan benefit design for enrollees that fall into certain clinical categories identified and defined by CMS. These categories are diabetes, congestive heart failure, chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD), past stroke, hypertension, coronary artery disease, mood disorders, and combinations of these categories. CMS may approve other chronic conditions that might benefit from a clinically-nuanced VBID benefit design in subsequent model years.

Organizations may design their own interventions for each targeted population, but plan benefit changes must fit into four broad categories: (1) reduced cost-sharing for high-value services, (2) reduced cost-sharing for high-value providers, (3) reduced cost-sharing for enrollees participating in disease management or related programs, and (4) clinically targeted additional supplemental benefits. Changes to benefit design made through this model may only reduce cost-

sharing and/or offer additional services; targeted enrollees can never receive fewer benefits or have to pay higher cost-sharing than other enrollees because of the model.

## 1.2 Statutory Authority

Section 1115A of the Social Security Act (the Act) (42 U.S.C. § 1315a, added by Section 3021 of the Affordable Care Act) authorizes CMS to test innovative healthcare payment and service delivery models that have the potential to lower Medicare, Medicaid, and Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP) spending while maintaining or improving the quality of beneficiaries' care.

## 1.3 Waiver Authority

Section 1115A of the Social Security Act (the Act) (42 U.S.C. § 1315a, added by Section 3021 of the Affordable Care Act) authorizes CMS to test innovative health care payment and service delivery models that have the potential to lower Medicare, Medicaid, and CHIP spending while maintaining or improving the quality of beneficiaries' care. CMS will exercise this authority here to test this model in the Medicare program.

Under Section 1115A(d)(1) of the Act, the Secretary of Health and Human Services may waive such requirements of Titles XI and XVIII and of Sections 1902(a)(1), 1902(a)(13), and 1903(m)(2)(A)(iii) as may be necessary solely for purposes of carrying out Section 1115A with respect to testing models described in Section 1115A(b). For this model and consistent with this standard, the Secretary may consider issuing waivers of certain fraud and abuse provisions in Sections 1128A, 1128B, and 1877 of the Act. In support of the model intervention, the Secretary intends to waive certain Title XVIII statutes and their implementing rules, to the extent described below.

No waivers of any kind are being issued in this document, which merely describes the waivers contemplated at this time for the model; waivers, if any, would be set forth in separately issued documentation. Thus, notwithstanding any other provision of this Request for Applications, all parties must comply with all applicable laws and regulations, except as explicitly provided in any such separately documented waiver issued pursuant to Section 1115A(d)(1) specifically for the Value-Based Insurance Design Model. Any such waiver would apply solely to the Value-Based Insurance Design Model and could differ in scope or design from waivers granted for other programs or models, or those described below.

- Uniformity and Accessibility of Benefits
  - o SSA §§ 1852(d)(1)(A) [42 USC §§ 1395w-22(d)(1)(A)]
  - o 42 C.F.R. §§ 422.2 (definition of an MA plan), 422.100(d)(2) & 422.254(b)(2)
  - o SSA § 1860D–2(a) [42 USC § 1395w-102(a)]
  - o 42 C.F.R. §§ 423.104(b)(2), 423.265(c)

To be waived to the extent necessary to permit organizations to offer supplemental benefits to the clinically targeted enrollee population, rather than to the entire membership.

### Uniform Cost-Sharing

42 C.F.R. §§ 422.2 (definition of an MA plan), 422.100(d)(2), 422.254(b)(2)
422.262(c)(1)

- o SSA § 1860D–2(a), 42 USC § 1395w-102(a)
- o 42 C.F.R. §§ 423.104(b)(2) & 423.265(c)

To be waived to the extent necessary to permit organizations to offer reductions in cost-sharing to the clinically-targeted enrollee population, but not to the entire membership.

- Communications, Disclosures and Marketing
  - SSA § 1852(c)(1)(B) & (F) [42 USC §§ 1395w-22(c)(1)(B) & (F)];
  - o 42 C.F.R. § 422.111(a) & (b);
  - o SSA § 1860D–4(a)(1)(A) [42 USC § 1395w-102(a)];
  - o 42 C.F.R. § 423.128(a) & (b)(2).

To be waived to the extent necessary for organizations to comply with model-specific guidance on communications, including disclosures, marketing, and communications with enrollees.

CMS is not proposing to waive Title XVIII's anti-discrimination provisions and does not believe such waiver is necessary for the model test. Participating organizations are required to implement model interventions in a non-discriminatory manner.

Waivers, once issued, are contingent on compliance with the terms and conditions of the model and granted only to the extent necessary to implement a participant's approved MA-VBID proposal. CMS reserves the right to revoke one or more of the Title XVIII waivers or to suspend model testing (or both) at any point. Further, all other (i.e., non-waived) requirements will continue to apply and be enforced.

## 2 Description of the Model

## 2.1 Purpose and Concept

The MA-VBID model will test the impact of providing Medicare Advantage Organizations regulatory flexibility to integrate clinically-nuanced VBID approaches into their benefit design. The model will test the hypothesis that VBID approaches will increase enrollee satisfaction, improve enrollee clinical outcomes, reduce overall plan expenditures, and result in lower plan bids, leading to savings for both Medicare and beneficiaries.

In general, plans may choose to integrate one or more of the following VBID approaches into plan benefit designs:

- 1. Reduced cost-sharing for high-value services
- 2. Reduced cost-sharing for high-value providers
- 3. Reduced cost-sharing for enrollees participating in disease management or related programs
- 4. Coverage of additional supplemental benefits

This model will be evaluated to answer key research questions, including: (a) does the model improve enrollee outcomes, satisfaction, and out-of-pocket costs, (b) does the model result in lower expenditures for participating health plans, and if so, (c) do these lower costs translate into lower plan bids over time, resulting in savings for Medicare and/or enrollees.

## 2.2 Model Design Elements

### 2.2.1 Targeted Conditions

For the purposes of the MA-VBID model test, CMS has identified a limited number of chronic conditions that organizations may choose to target. Participating organizations will be responsible for applying the CMS-defined criteria to identify enrollees who fall within each of the clinical categories selected by an organization.

In addition to selecting specific chronic conditions, organizations have the flexibility to identify specific combinations of the listed chronic conditions for one or more "multiple co-morbidities" groups and establish tailored VBID interventions for each group. CMS will review all groups selected for estimated cohort size and may reject those proposals not calculated to extend to a group large enough for meaningful evaluation of the intervention.

While participating organizations will have the opportunity to modify their benefit design for any or all of the targeted conditions, plan benefit design still must be uniform among enrollees within each condition category. Organization determinations will be subject to retrospective, randomized audits by CMS to determine if all VBID-eligible enrollees actually received the VBID interventions.

The targeted conditions are:

- Diabetes
- Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease (COPD)
- Congestive Heart Failure (CHF)
- Patient with Past Stroke
- Hypertension
- Coronary Artery Disease
- Mood Disorders

ICD-10 codes formally define the targeted conditions. Appendix B provides tables listing the ICD-10 codes included in each category. Please note that a small number of codes have been added to the list originally promulgated in the September 1, 2015 announcement of the model.

CMS selected these conditions based on (1) their relatively high prevalence within the Medicare Advantage population, (2) their potential for high-cost complications, and (3) the existence of known low-cost, high-value interventions that may improve the disease course and/or reduce complications.

Participating organizations may not modify benefit design for enrollees with conditions not on this list or for any other subgroup of enrollees. However, based on organization feedback and the initial observations of the model's implementation, CMS may consider adding additional conditions to the list in later model years. Organizations may vary their selected conditions from one participating plan to another.

### 2.2.2 Permissible Interventions

For each of the target populations, participating organizations may select one or more of the permitted plan design modifications.

Within each approach, organizations have significant flexibility on how (and to what extent) to implement the approach. An organization may vary its proposed interventions from one target population to another and from one participating plan to another. Only interventions consisting of additional benefits or lower cost-sharing are acceptable. Organizations may not propose reductions in targeted enrollee benefits or increases in targeted cost-sharing amounts as VBID interventions.

CMS reserves the right to reject proposals that may pose an undue risk of enrollee harm or confusion, have potential to impose excessive costs on the Medicare program, or are inconsistent with the implementation and evaluation objectives of the model. CMS also reserves the right to reject proposals that discriminate against non-targeted populations, for example in cases where VBID interventions are coupled with changes made to the plan-at-large in ways that decrease the benefits available to enrollees with non-targeted clinical conditions.

The plan design modifications permitted for this model test are listed below.

### 1. Reduced Cost-Sharing for High-Value Services

Organizations can choose to reduce or eliminate cost-sharing for items or services, including covered Part D drugs, they have identified as high-value for a given target population. Participating organizations have broad flexibility to choose which items or services are eligible for cost-sharing reductions; however, these services must be clearly identified and defined in advance, and reductions in cost-sharing must be available to all enrollees within the target population.

Reductions in cost-sharing could include (a) elimination or reduction of co-pays, (b) elimination, or reduction of co-insurance, or (c) exemption of a given service from the plan deductible. These examples of modification to cost-sharing are not exhaustive; organizations can propose other approaches to reducing cost-sharing.

Examples of interventions within this category might include the elimination of co-pays for eye exams for enrollees with diabetes or the reduction of co-pays for ACE inhibitors for enrollees who have previously experienced an acute myocardial infarction.

### 2. Reduced Cost-Sharing for High-Value Providers

Organizations can choose to reduce or eliminate cost-sharing when providers that the organization has identified as high-value treat targeted enrollees. Within this approach, there may be several potential variants, but all parameters must be described in the application and administered in a non-discriminatory fashion. One variant is simply to reduce or eliminate cost-sharing for a given provider, regardless of the specific service provided to a targeted enrollee. Another is to reduce or eliminate cost-sharing only when a high-value provider delivers a specific high-value service, or one of several high-value services, to targeted enrollees. Both approaches are permissible and organizations can vary their approach by target population, provider type, or service type.

Organizations may identify high-value providers across all Medicare provider types. This can include physicians and practices, hospitals, skilled-nursing facilities, home health agencies, ambulatory surgical centers, etc.

As part of the application and approval process, organizations must propose their methodology for identifying high-value providers for each target population. CMS will review and approve each proposal individually, with particular emphasis on the clinical rationale behind each proposal. CMS will only accept proposals where it agrees that the criteria used to select the

providers are reasonably constructed to ensure that the providers identified are high-value for enrollees in the selected clinical condition group. Providers not individually considered highvalue might be enrolled as such by a plan when affiliated with high-value providers through a multi-specialty provider group or other clinically integrated arrangement.

CMS will encourage organizations to rely on independent, external metrics when determining whether a provider is high-value. Examples of such metrics might include whether a primary care practice is a National Committee for Quality Assurance (NCQA) certified medical home, whether a hospital has American Heart Association advanced certification in heart failure, or whether a provider meets certain performance metrics on National Quality Forum (NQF) validated quality measures. However, more idiosyncratic or locally specific approaches also may be proposed, so long as they can be clinically justified. Cost or efficiency can be part of organizations' criteria for identifying high-value providers, but must be combined with relevant quality measures; in other words, organizations cannot identify high-value providers based on coding accuracy or intensity.

Proposals will also be reviewed for potential adverse consequences, including enrollee confusion. When a plan offers cost-sharing elimination for a specific high-value service only, that service should be an easily discernable episode of care not subject to variable or unanticipated cost to the enrollee based on the provider's choice of coding, facility fees, or non-discounted services from other providers. For example, selected high-value providers should not be associated with higher or unexpected cost-sharing for enrollees for related services (e.g., if a high-value hospital's physicians were typically out-of-network, leading to higher co-pays for the physician services received at the hospital).

Organizations do not need to meet any specific network adequacy or access standards for the subset of high-value providers selected as part of this approach. However, all VBID interventions must be available and accessible to applicable targeted enrollees. CMS may require an organization to modify its intervention in cases where accessibility is inadequate and impacts performance in a manner inconsistent with the goals of the model. Certain patterns of inaccessibility may constitute discrimination. Notwithstanding the intervention, organizations must still meet all standard Medicare Advantage network adequacy requirements (see 42 C.F.R. 422.112 and CMS guidance). All plan enrollees, including those targeted by this model, retain the right to see any provider in network at any time (at non-VBID levels of cost-sharing), without penalty or restriction.

Participating organizations may not remove a provider from the roster of high-value providers during a contract year, unless the provider is terminated from the network, the provider requests exclusion from the high-value network or, with the concurrence of CMS, exclusion from the high-value network is warranted for the best interest of enrollees. All changes to the roster of high-value providers must be treated, with respect to VBID-eligible enrollees and notification to the model administration team, in the same manner as if they were significant changes to networks under Chapter 4, Section 110.1.2 of the Medicare Managed Care Manual (See: <a href="http://www.cms.gov/Regulations-and-Guidance/Guidance/Manuals/Internet-Only-Manuals-IOMs-Items/CMS019326.html">http://www.cms.gov/Regulations-and-Guidance/Guidance/Manuals/Internet-Only-Manuals-IOMs-Items/CMS019326.html</a>) regardless of whether such changes are considered "significant" with respect to the network-at-large.

Examples of interventions within this category might include reducing cost-sharing for diabetics who see a physician who historically has achieved strong results in controlling her patients' Hba1c levels, or eliminating cost-sharing for heart disease patients who elect to receive non-

emergency surgeries at cardiac centers of excellence (potentially including centers geographically remote from the plan's service area, for which intervention CMS may establish additional safeguards, such as travel and accommodation requirements).

# **3. Reduced Cost-Sharing for Enrollees Participating in Disease Management or Related Programs**

Participating organizations can reduce cost-sharing for an item or service, including covered Part D drugs, for enrollees who choose to participate in a plan-sponsored disease management or similar program. This could include an enhanced disease management program, offered by the plan as a supplemental benefit, or it could refer to specific activities that are offered or recommended as part of a plan's basic care coordination activities.

This intervention is intended to be complementary to the newly established flexibility within the Medicare Advantage program to offer Rewards and Incentives, under 42 C.F.R. § 422.134. However, the model goes beyond this existing flexibility in that participating organizations may offer reduced cost-sharing for participation.

Organizations using this approach can condition cost-sharing reductions on enrollees meeting certain participation milestones. For instance, an organization may require that enrollees meet with a case manager at some regular interval in order to qualify. However, organizations cannot make cost-sharing reductions conditional on achieving any specific clinical goals – e.g., a plan cannot condition cost-sharing reductions on enrollees achieving certain thresholds in Hba1c levels or body-mass index. In general, this intervention may not be structured in a discriminatory manner, and all applicable targeted enrollees must have the opportunity to participate in the activities in question (or an alternative), regardless of health status, location or disability.

As part of the application and approval process, organizations must submit specific proposals for how they intend to link disease management or related programs to cost-sharing reductions or eliminations. CMS will review these proposals to determine that they are clinically reasonable, to ensure they are not discriminatory, and to ensure there is no other likely adverse impact on enrollees. The underlying disease management or similar program must comply with all existing CMS rules and regulations.

Examples of interventions within this category might include elimination of primary care copays for diabetes patients who meet regularly with a case manager or reduction of drug co-pays for patients with heart disease who regularly monitor and report their blood pressure.

### 4. Coverage of Additional Supplemental Benefits

Under this approach, participating organizations can make coverage for supplemental benefits available only to targeted populations. Such benefits may include any service consistent with existing Medicare Advantage rules for supplemental benefits – examples might include non-emergency transportation to primary care visits for enrollees with multiple co-morbidities, meals or other nutritional services, additional counseling or other covered services, and additional rehabilitation or other post-acute care. *See* 42 C.F.R. § 422.102; Managed Care Manual, Ch. 4, § 30.

These benefits will be treated as mandatory supplemental benefits and (excepting the points outlined above) would be subject to the same rules as any other benefit in that category. Note that while these benefits are available only to certain clinically-targeted categories of enrollees, they would be funded by rebate and/or premium dollars from all plan enrollees. In this respect, the benefits would be similar to existing enhanced disease management programs, which may be

offered as mandatory supplemental benefits, but are only available to enrollees with a targeted disease.

Organizations proposing interventions in this category must provide a rationale relating the additional services provided to improved outcomes or lower costs for targeted enrollees. CMS will review the clinical justification for this rationale. In addition, supplemental benefits offered as part of this intervention may not be structured in a discriminatory way, and must be available to all enrollees within the clinically-targeted category.

Examples of interventions within this category might include physician consultations via realtime interactive audio and video technologies for diabetics, or supplemental tobacco cessation assistance for enrollees with COPD.

### 2.2.3 Marketing and Enrollee Communications

Organizations cannot cite their participation in this model or specific benefits available under the model in pre-enrollment marketing materials targeted at potential enrollees. Similarly, organization sales representatives are not permitted to mention the plan's participation to potential enrollees who are not yet enrolled. All marketing regulations and guidance remain applicable to materials and activities of the participating plan and other MA plans. See, e.g., 42 C.F.R. parts 422 and 423, subparts V.

CMS will permit participating organizations and their representatives to convey information about the benefits available through VBID interventions, but only when a potential enrollee specifically inquires about them. Such discussions must be accompanied by a CMS-standard disclaimer indicating that eligibility for interventions is not assured, and will be determined by an organization after enrollment based on clinical diagnosis data. Moreover, the information must be conveyed in accordance with all other CMS marketing restrictions, particularly those prohibiting misleading communications to enrollees. CMS will also issue guidance to nonparticipating organizations limiting their communications about the model. These policies reflect the general goals of this model, which is intended to test the impact of offering organizations additional flexibilities in order to improve care for existing enrollees. The model is not intended to encourage or discourage enrollment either in Medicare Advantage generally or any specific participating plan.

At the beginning of each model year, organizations will be required to send all enrollees in target populations written materials summarizing the reduced cost-sharing and/or additional benefits available to them as a result of the plan's participation in the MA VBID model. If a plan is reducing cost sharing for certain high-value providers, a list of these providers must be included in the materials provided to VBID-eligible enrollees. These materials should be mailed as part of the same package with the ANOC/EOC for existing enrollees and the EOC for new enrollees. In addition, this EOC for VBID-eligible enrollees will include standardized language with basic information on the VBID model, including enrollee protections. Enrollees who become eligible for participation in the VBID model in the middle of the year (those who are newly diagnosed with a targeted condition or the plan first learns of a diagnosis in the middle of a year) must receive this same information once they are identified by their organization. CMS will determine the extent it will require prior review and approval of these materials.

These mandated communications to eligible enrollees represent the minimum that is expected of organizations – however, organizations can go beyond this and communicate further with targeted enrollees. Indeed, CMS believes that further and more intensive communications will

likely be a prerequisite for the model's success. Examples of further communications with participating enrollees might include (a) regular (quarterly or monthly) follow-up mailings, reminding enrollees of the potential advantages available to them as the result of VBID, (b) follow-up phone calls with targeted enrollees, and (c) targeted phone calls or mailings, based on specific clinical or treatment patterns of a given enrollee. (For instance, an organization might remind an enrollee, when granting that enrollee prior approval for a service that she is eligible for reduced cost-sharing for a surgical procedure if she uses a high-value provider.) CMS will consider which of these materials and/or scripts for these follow-up communications, along with a general plan for distributing these materials, must be reviewed and approved by CMS if such review is not already required under existing requirements. CMS will specifically review those materials selected to ensure that all communications are factually accurate and are not discriminatory. Regardless of whether selected for review, all marketing materials communications must comply with the prevailing requirements for MA plans. See, e.g., 42 C.F.R. parts 422 and 423, subparts V.

In addition to communications with enrollees, participating organizations will also be expected to communicate their participation in the model with all members of their provider network, and may communicate enrollees' eligibility status once established. Providers who have been identified as high-value under the VBID model should also be specifically made aware of this fact.

### 2.2.4 Enrollee Protections

Organizations may not propose reductions in targeted enrollee benefits or increases in targeted cost-sharing amounts as VBID interventions. Furthermore, organizations may not discriminate against non-targeted populations, for example, in cases where VBID interventions are coupled with changes made to the plan-at-large in ways that decrease the benefits available to enrollees with non-targeted clinical conditions. Organizations must strictly adhere to CMS definitions of the target population, and are responsible for proactively identifying each enrollee with an eligible diagnosis code based on information known to the organization. Organizations may not advertise their participation in the model except as permitted by CMS. CMS will review the clinical justification of organizations' proposed interventions and screen to ensure that they are not discriminatory. Organizations are required to communicate the benefits of the model to all targeted enrollees, and CMS will review and approve all plan communications.

In addition, CMS intends to layer several additional enrollee protections on top of those embedded in plan design. These include:

- Use of secret shoppers to ensure that plan marketing/sales representatives are not inappropriately citing plan participation in the VBID model;
- Randomized or targeted auditing to review plan compliance with CMS definitions of eligible target populations
- Construction of a customized script for any calls to 1-800-MEDICARE related to the VBID model and standardized process for following-up on any enrollee complaints;
- Enrollee right to opt-out of the model, if they so request;
- Standardized process for receiving and reviewing any provider complaints related to the model;

- Ongoing monitoring of incoming plan data, to ensure that there is no evidence of significant deterioration in enrollee outcomes or in enrollee satisfaction or other adverse enrollee impacts (e.g., limited access to high-value providers); and
- Ongoing monitoring of incoming plan data, to ensure there is no significant increase in coding intensity associated with plan participation in this model.

The model's monitoring plan is designed to protect all beneficiaries and assure organizations' compliance with the terms of the model test. As a component of this plan, CMS will use a contractor to conduct compliance monitoring on a regular basis that tracks compliance with the terms of the model test. As with evaluation, the contractor will monitor chiefly through existing data sources and not on additional data collected specifically for the model test. CMS's contractor will also conduct specific audits of all participating organizations in identified risk areas, and may initiate audit activity that requires additional data or site visits, particularly in response to high levels of complaints or other indicators of poor performance.

CMS reserves the right to terminate an organization's participation in the model or exercise other available remedies at any time if there is evidence to suggest that the organization's participation in the model is resulting in lower quality care or any other adverse outcomes for enrollees.

### 2.2.5 Changes to Model Design in Subsequent Model Years

CMS retains the right to modify any model policy or condition on an annual basis, or more frequently, in accordance with procedures and parameters that will be agreed upon in the model's contractual addendum to the organization's agreement with CMS for participation in Medicare Advantage. However, CMS's general intention is to limit changes to model design in the first three model years to minor modifications to correct any unexpected technical or operational problems, to address program integrity issues, or to address any observed unintended adverse consequences of the model. CMS may also consider adding targeted conditions to the model in the initial three-year period, based on feedback from organizations and other stakeholders.

CMS may consider more broad-reaching policy changes in the later model years (i.e., Years 4 and 5). Such changes might include:

- Modifying target conditions;
- Modifying the permissible plan interventions;
- Modifying the restrictions on plan marketing or communications;
- Setting more stringent financial requirements for plans e.g., requiring plans to accept a lower benchmark in return for the flexibility offered by the VBID model (this modification might be appropriate if initial evaluation results showed plan savings that were not being reflected in lower plan bids);
- Adding or eliminating requirements for plan participation.

Any such model design changes would be based on the experience of the first two-to-three years of the model, including both qualitative feedback from model participants and interim evaluation results. Any changes to the model would be announced well in advance of implementation.

### 2.2.6 Changes to Plan's Interventions in Subsequent Model Years

Organizations may make changes to their participating plans' interventions to be effective at the beginning of each year, starting in Model Year 2 (CY 2018). To exercise this option, organizations must submit a request to CMS, outlining their proposed changes and requesting approval. If organizations are undertaking new interventions or significantly modifying existing interventions, this request must include supporting information comparable to what would have been required as part of the initial application to participate in the model, such as intervention methodology, clinical rationale, and updated actuarial projections.

Similarly, organizations that choose not to participate in the model in Year 1 may have the opportunity to begin participation in subsequent years, and organizations that do participate may have the opportunity to apply as to plans not previously offering VBID benefits, should CMS elect to reopen the model for new applications. In this case, an organization must submit a full application and be approved by CMS. CMS will consider these applications according to the established participation criteria and the impact of later entrants on the operation of the model.

For each model year, CMS will set a deadline for submission of any permitted modifications or applications. In general, this deadline will be sometime in the fall, two years before the model year in question (e.g., changes for CY 2019 would need to be submitted by the fall of 2017). This long lead time is necessary to allow CMS to review and approve any plan changes well in advance of plan bid submission the following June. Organizations must notify targeted enrollees of changes to the plan's VBID interventions in a notice that accompanies the plan's ANOC, with conforming changes made to documents provided to newly eligible enrollees.

An organization may withdraw a plan from the model test by providing advance notice to CMS in accordance with the timeframes applicable to withdrawals from the Medicare Advantage program. Organizations may withdraw participation for subsequent years by written notification by the first Monday in June of the year in which the participation would end. In each case of withdrawal from the model, plans will be required to provide adequate notice to participating enrollees, consistent with current requirements in the Medicare Advantage program.

CMS will retain the right to modify any model policy or parameter on an annual basis, or more frequently in accordance with procedures to be agreed upon in the model's contractual addendum.

## 2.3 Applicant Eligibility

### 2.3.1 Geographic Scope

CMS has selected seven states in which to test the model. CMS will conduct the model test in Arizona, Indiana, Iowa, Massachusetts, Oregon, Pennsylvania, and Tennessee. These states were selected in order to generally represent the national Medicare Advantage market. Collectively, they include urban and rural areas, areas with both high and low average Medicare expenditures, high and low prevalence of low-income subsidies and areas with varying levels of penetration of and competition within Medicare Advantage. Test states were also selected based on the availability of appropriate paired comparison areas for the purpose of evaluation.

Organizations may only enter plans into the model when all or a portion of that plan's service area is located within a test state. A plan's service area need not cover the entire state, but all of a plan's approved counties and segments must participate in the model test. If a plan covers counties or segments both inside and outside of a model test state, the organization must offer

model interventions to all eligible plan enrollees, both inside and outside. Organizations with multiple qualifying plans may enroll some of those plans, but not others, at their discretion.

### 2.3.2 Plan Eligibility

Participation in the model is voluntary. The model is open for participation to MA and MA-PD plans at the individual plan benefit package (PBP) level. Medicare Advantage Organizations may propose one or multiple plans for participation, so long as each PBP individually meets the criteria specified below.

In order to participate in this model a Medicare Advantage plan must meet the following criteria:

- The plan is an HMO, HMO-POS or local PPO plan type;
- The plan is not a regional PPO, Special Needs Plan (SNP), Medicare-Medicaid Plan (MMP) or other demonstration plan, cost plan, Medical Savings Account Plan (MSA), Private Fee-For-Service Plan or Employer Group Waiver Plan (EGWP);
- All or part of its service area lies within one of the model test states identified above;
- The plan has at least 2,000 enrollees in a model test state;
- The plan is offered in no more than two states total;
- At least 50% of the total plan enrollment is within target states;
- The plan must have been offered in at least three annual coordinated election (open enrollment) periods prior to the open enrollment period for CY 2017;
- The organization offering the plan is not under sanction by CMS as described in 42 C.F.R. 422.750 and 42 C.F.R. 423.750;
- The organization offering the plan is not an outlier in CMS's Past Performance Review (more information about this review is available here: <u>http://www.cms.gov/Medicare/Compliance-and-Audits/Part-C-and-Part-D-Compliance-and-Audits/PartCandPartDComplianceActions.html</u>);
- The plan's contract has at least a three star overall quality rating (plans that are not rated, due to newness or low enrollment, do not qualify);
- The plan does not have a "consistently low performing" icon on the Medicare Plan Finder.

Plans that fail to meet these criteria may not participate in the model in CY 2017, although they may become eligible in subsequent years. Conversely, plans that meet these requirements initially, but fail to do so in subsequent years (i.e., are sanctioned by CMS) may be terminated by CMS from the model, upon consideration of the best interests of the plan's enrollees and needs of the model test.

Applicants must disclose any present or past history of sanctions, investigations, probations or corrective action plans for the applicant, affiliates or other relevant persons and entities. CMS will conduct appropriate program integrity screens during the application process, and will exercise its existing rights to not select otherwise qualified applicants on the basis of information found during a program integrity screen.

CMS will consider exception requests in limited circumstances and will reserve the right, in its sole judgment, to admit a plan that does not strictly meet the criteria. For example, CMS might

admit a plan offered for fewer than three years, where that plan is a successor to a previously offered plan, such that sufficient baseline data is available for evaluation. However, CMS will only exercise that discretion when that admission is consistent with the administration and goals of the MA-VBID model, and typically not in circumstances where a plan fails to meet quality-related criteria. In addition, CMS will consider applications for plans that do not meet the criteria at the time of application but are anticipated to qualify by January 1, 2017. Applicants seeking an exception should do so in writing by submitting a request to MAVBID@cms.hhs.gov, specifying the specific contract and plan numbers for which an exception is sought, and the grounds for the exception. Applicants are strongly encouraged to make requests well in advance of the due date for responses to this RFA.

The participant selection requirements are in addition to any participation requirements generally applicable to the Medicare Advantage program. A condition of continuing participation in the MA-VBID model is that the enrolled plan continues to be offered in the Medicare Advantage program.

## 2.4 Plan Bidding and Projected Savings

The VBID interventions offered by a plan will be treated for bid purposes as mandatory supplemental benefits. Cost-sharing reductions made and supplemental benefits offered as part of a plan's participation in this model must be accounted for in the bid according to the rules generally prevailing under Parts C and D. The benefits are subject to existing actuarial equivalence requirements, funding rules and other regulations for supplemental benefits.

Participating plans will be required to satisfy all existing CMS requirements, such as service category cost-sharing standards, Total Beneficiary Cost (TBC), and meaningful difference without consideration of the VBID interventions. VBID interventions will be documented within separate areas of the Plan Benefit Package (PBP) such as a supplemental notes field so as not to influence the evaluation of cost-sharing standards, meaningful difference and TBC.

Organizations must also provide CMS with projections of the impact that their participation will have, for the coming year, on plan medical and prescription drug utilization, cost, and premiums. These projections need not be accompanied by the certification of a qualified actuary, but will be considered an actuarial communication. CMS will review these projections at the application stage for compliance with the terms of the model test, reasonableness of assumptions, potential detrimental impact to CMS or enrollees and the sustainability of the proposal. In order for the plan to be approved to participate in the model, these projections must show net savings to CMS over the course of the life of the model (five years), and no net increase in enrollee cost over the life of the model. CMS may require the submission of financial projections to demonstrate compliance with this requirement.

Organizations may be required to correct projections or interventions, or establish a multi-year financial plan, in case of unacceptable submissions. Once approved by CMS, organizations must incorporate these assumptions into their annual bids in accordance with instructions to be provided at a later date. These instructions might require organizations to supply additional planspecific model information through the Health Plan Management System (HPMS) Bid Pricing Tool in connection with their bids for each of the model years, demonstrating the specific impact of the model on that year's bid. CMS will require annual updates to the projections, to include actual historical experience when available. Failure to adhere to these requirements may constitute grounds for dismissal from the model test, imposition of a corrective action plan or other available remedy.

CMS will separately publish further information on the financial and actuarial components of the application.

## 3 Learning and Diffusion Resources

CMS will support participating organizations in accelerating their progress by providing them with opportunities to both learn about VBID and evidence-based clinical practices. This will be accomplished through a "learning system" for the organizations. CMS expects organizations to actively participate in the learning system.

The MA-VBID Model is intended to provide CMS, participating organizations and the health insurance benefit design community at large with valuable insights into effective implementation of VBID principles. To this end, CMS will facilitate learning activities related to the implementation and outcomes of VBID so that organizations can improve their designs over the course of the model test. CMS may also engage in efforts to study the various VBID interventions in the model and diffuse findings about VBID implementation to payors and other stakeholders nationwide. Cooperation with these efforts will be a condition of participation in the model. In designing any learning activities, CMS will take into consideration that model participants exist in a competitive marketplace, and that some participants may consider some elements of their interventions proprietary. CMS will work closely with participating organizations to develop learning and diffusion strategies that attempt to accommodate this limitation.

## 4 Quality and Performance Monitoring

### 4.1 Data Collection and Quality Indicators

Data collection is central to the success of the model evaluation. This evaluation will use several existing data sources to measure quality of care and impacts to cost, including enrollment and disenrollment files, plan bids, MA encounter data, Prescription Drug Event (PDE) data, Healthcare Effectiveness Data and Information Set (HEDIS), CMS Star Ratings, and MA & PDP CAHPS and Disenrollment Survey. The use of existing data sources is intended to reduce the administrative burden imposed on participating plans and to provide historical baseline. However, CMS may also require organizations to report additional data, but only where that data is of significant importance to the evaluation so as to justify the additional burden. Organizations' submission of this data is a condition of participation for the model. Additional data collected may include, but is not necessarily limited to, measures of numbers of enrollees served, demographic information, participated, and other pertinent information to determine the reach of the project, when not available from existing reporting sources.

## 4.2 Monitoring and Oversight

CMS will use a contractor to conduct compliance monitoring on a regular basis that tracks compliance with the terms of the model test. The contractor will perform monitoring chiefly through existing data sources including measures of processes, outcomes, and enrollee satisfaction and not on additional data collected specifically for the model test. However, the

CMS Innovation Center may initiate audit activity that requires additional data or site visits, particularly in response to high levels of complaints or other indicators of poor performance.

CMS will closely monitor model implementation, to ensure that model interventions are consistent with model rules and plan proposals and that the model is not leading to any adverse beneficiary outcomes. This will include, but not necessarily be limited to, observing existing metrics of beneficiary access, outcomes, and satisfaction, and monitoring of increased beneficiary questions or complaints through 1-800-MEDICARE or the Medicare.gov website. CMS will also monitor the impact the model has on other CMS initiatives, such as the Part C and D Star Ratings.

CMS reserves the right to further investigate an organization if there is evidence that indicates that a plan's participation in the model is adversely impacting enrollee quality of care, and exercise all available remedies in appropriate instances, including potential termination from the model test.

## 5 Evaluation

All model participants are required to cooperate with efforts to conduct an independent, federally funded evaluation of the model, which may include participation in surveys, interviews, site visits, and other activities that CMS determines necessary to conduct a comprehensive formative and summative evaluation, as well as the timely submission of accurate encounter data to CMS. The evaluation will assess the impact of the model in meeting intended goals in order to inform policy makers about the effect of the model concepts relative to health care delivery. To do so, the evaluation will seek to understand the behaviors of providers, suppliers, and beneficiaries, the impacts of increased financial risk, the effects of various payment arrangements and benefit enhancements, the impact of the model on beneficiary engagement and experience, and other factors associated with patterns of results.

## 6 Application Process and Selection

### 6.1 Questions

Questions regarding the MA-VBID model or application process may be sent by email to <u>MAVBID@cms.hhs.gov</u>. CMS may publicly share questions and responses or compile them into a Frequently Asked Questions compendium to ensure that all applicants have access to information regarding the model and the application process.

## 6.2 Accessing the Online Application Portal

Interested organizations must apply to participate by responding to this RFA through an online application portal. CMS will only accept applications via the online application portal. CMS will announce the opening of the online portal and communicate instructions for accessing the online portal via the HPMS Listservs. Appendix A contains a template of the application questions to which organizations will respond through the online application portal. Organizations are encouraged to begin preparing responses prior to the opening of the portal.

## 6.3 Deadline for Applications

The deadline for receipt of applications in response to this RFA is 4:00 PM EST on January 8, 2015. Proposals in response to this RFA must be complete and submitted using the online portal before the deadline.

## 6.4 Application Review and Model Contracting

### 6.4.1 Application Review

Model participant selection is not competitive. CMS does not intend to set a maximum number of qualified plans participating in the model test.

Organizations will be required, at the time of application, to specify the plan benefit packages they will enroll in the model test and the states in which those plans will participate. Organizations must submit a separate application for each Medicare Advantage contract held by that organization but one or more plans covered by that contract may be included in the application, even if the proposed VBID interventions vary from plan benefit package to plan benefit package.

Organizations must respond to the RFA with sufficient detail for CMS to evaluate and understand the proposed VBID intervention plans. CMS may negotiate with applicants and request application modifications as part of its review of VBID intervention plans, though it may also choose to reject unacceptable proposals outright.

CMS reserves the right to reject any organization, plan, or proposal to preserve the integrity of the Medicare program, the welfare of beneficiaries, or the efficient and advantageous administration of the MA-VBID Model. Without limitation, CMS might reject an application where:

- The applicant organization or a specific plan benefit package does not meet the criteria for participation in the model test;
- The proposed VBID benefits do not meet the specific criteria for acceptable VBID interventions described in this RFA;
- The proposed VBID benefits cannot be reasonably considered, based on available clinical evidence, to be of high value to the targeted class of enrollees;
- The proposal poses an undue risk of enrollee harm, such as discrimination, or confusion;
- The proposal has potential to impose excessive costs on the Medicare program;
- The proposal is otherwise inconsistent with the implementation and evaluation objectives of the model test.

During the model selection process, CMS will conduct program integrity screening and will exercise its existing rights to not select otherwise qualified applicants on the basis of information found during a program integrity screen.

In accordance with authorities granted in Section 1115A(d)(2) of the Social Security Act, CMS is exempt from administrative or judicial review of its selection of organizations, sites, or participants to test models.

Responders are advised that the U.S. Government will not pay for any information or administrative costs incurred in response to this RFA; all costs associated with responding to this

RFA will be solely at the interested party's expense. There is no requirement to respond to this RFA, as participation in the MA-VBID model test is voluntary.

### 6.4.2 Conduct Pending Acceptance and Contracting

Applicant organizations must agree to adhere to the terms of this RFA pending their formal acceptance into the MA-VBID model test and execution of the contract addendum.

### 6.4.3 Contracting

Selected organizations will formally join the model test by addendum to the organization's contract with CMS for participation in Medicare Advantage for the applicable year(s), anticipated to be signed in September, 2016. This addendum is intended to reflect the requirements of this RFA, but may reflect changes to the MA-VBID model test made after the RFA's publication, or address matters not discussed in this RFA.

Participation in the model may be conditioned on criteria to be specified at a later date, such as a successful readiness review, approval of policies, review of communication materials, requirements for participation in CMS Innovation Center learning and diffusion activities, sharing of quality and performance monitoring data, and cooperating with CMS monitoring and evaluation activities.

Once contracted to participate in the model, each organization will be bound to adhere to its response to this RFA and to fully implement its proposal. Modifications to the proposal will be permitted only with express written approval of CMS.

CMS will reserve the right to impose a corrective action plan as a condition of continued participation or to terminate a participating organization from the model test to rectify or address a failure to adhere to model requirements. Further, an organization's failure to adhere to the requirements of the model test may result in rescission or invalidation of a waiver issued by CMS to that organization, which could trigger enforcement action by CMS related to the waived requirements. All other regulatory and statutory requirements applicable to the organization's MA plan will remain in effect. Failure by an organization to comply with those requirements could result in enforcement action consistent with the authority of the MA program, including intermediate sanctions or contract termination.

### 6.5 Timeline

Table 1 contains a tentative timeline for MA-VBID model participant selection.

Date	Milestone
January 8, 2016	Model applications due to CMS
March 2016	Provisionally selected model participants identified
June 2016	2017 MA plan bids due (bids reflect negotiated agreement on VBID)
September 2016	Contract addenda for model participation executed
January 2017	Model implementation begins

#### Table 1. 2017 VBID Model Participant Selection Tentative Timeline

## 6.6 Withdrawal of Application

Applicant organizations seeking to withdraw an entire application or requesting to modify a pending application should submit a written request on the organization's letterhead that is signed by the primary point of contact named in the application submission. To submit a withdrawal request, applicants must send the request in a PDF format by email to <u>MAVBID@cms.hhs.gov</u>. Organizations must submit such request by not later than the first Monday in June following submission of the application. Guidance on modifying approved VBID interventions during the bid cycle's rebate reallocation process will be provided prior to the bid cycle.

## 6.7 Amendment of RFA

CMS may modify the terms of the MA-VBID model test or cancel it entirely in response to stakeholder comments or other factors. The terms set forth in this RFA may differ from the terms set forth in the final addendum for participation in the model test.

## Appendix A - Application Template

This Appendix details the information and certifications applicants must provide to CMS through the online application portal. Applicants will also be required to provide contact information and other like information. The application portal will be accessible from the MA-VBID model's home page, innovation.cms.gov/initiatives/VBID, and will be available shortly after publication of this RFA. CMS may revise the information below.

### **General Information**

- A. Provide a narrative introduction to your proposed VBID interventions. The response need not describe each VBID proposal. Rather, this is an opportunity for a general overview of your proposals, which you will detail later in this application. The description should address:
  - 1. Principles guiding your approach to VBID;
  - 2. Anticipated overall effects of VBID;
  - 3. Organizational experience with VBID in other lines of business;
  - 4. Integration of VBID into other current or anticipated disease management and enrollee health improvement programs;
  - 5. Strategy for communication of VBID interventions to eligible enrollees, including those with barriers to participation;
  - 6. Strategy for communication of VBID interventions to providers;
  - 7. Internal policies and procedures for protecting the interests of enrollees during the model test; and
  - 8. Suggested measures for tracking the success or failure of the proposed interventions.

#### **VBID Interventions**

In this section, applicants must detail the specific VBID benefits to be made available to a group of enrollees. Each combination of plan and enrollee group must be separately identified and described. If information is repeated from one plan or enrollee group to another, do not refer back to the first plan or enrollee group. Rather, information should be restated in the correct location, even if verbatim.

- B. For your selected combination of plan and target population specify:
  - 1. Plan number
  - 2. Target Population
    - i. Diabetes
    - ii. Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease (COPD)
    - iii. Congestive Heart Failure (CHF)
    - iv. Patient with Past Stroke
    - v. Hypertension

- vi. Coronary Artery Disease
- vii. Mood disorders
- viii. Other (Combination Category). If other, enter a description of the category.
- 3. Preliminary estimate of the number of plan enrollees in the target population
- C. Provide a succinct statement of the specific benefits to be offered to this target population.
- D. Detailed descriptions of VBID benefits available to target population.
  - 1. Which of the following benefit types will be offered to the target population:
    - i. Reduction or Elimination of Cost Sharing (not conditional)
    - ii. Reduction or Elimination of Cost Sharing for High Value Provider
    - iii. Reduction or Elimination of Cost Sharing Conditioned on Participation
    - iv. Supplemental Non-Covered Benefits

Provide the requested detail for those benefit types that will be offered to the target population. Do not provide information for benefit types that will not be provided.

- 2. Reduction or Elimination of Cost Sharing (not conditional):
  - i. Provide a clear description of which services are eligible for cost-sharing reductions, the reductions offered and a justification of their clinical appropriateness in the target population.
- 3. Reduction or Elimination of Cost Sharing for High Value Providers:
  - i. Provide a clear description of which services are eligible for cost-sharing reductions, the reductions offered and a justification of their clinical appropriateness in the target population.
  - ii. Provide the proposed methodology for identifying high-value providers for this target population from which services must be obtained in order to qualify for the proposed cost sharing reduction, and a justification for the methodology.
  - iii. Detail the means of communicating to enrollees the identities of providers in the proposed high-value network.
  - iv. Describe the extent you anticipate that high-value providers will be accessible throughout the plan's service area, or confined to a specific geographic area, and any accommodations or alternatives available to eligible/targeted enrollees unable to access a high-value provider.

- 4. Reduction or Elimination of Cost Sharing Conditioned on Participation
  - i. Provide a clear description of which services are eligible for cost-sharing reductions, the reductions offered and a justification of their clinical appropriateness in the target population.
  - ii. Provide a description of how the plan intends to link disease management or related programs to cost-sharing reductions or eliminations, including what an enrollee must do specifically to qualify for the reduction and a justification of how this link is clinically reasonable, non-discriminatory, and not likely to have adverse impacts on enrollees.
  - iii. Identify alternatives available to enrollees in the targeted population who cannot meet these criteria due to health status, location or disability.
- 5. Supplemental Benefits
  - i. Provide a clear description of which services are to be offered, and a justification relating the additional services provided to improved outcomes or lower costs for targeted enrollees. Identify how the supplemental benefits proposed conform with existing Medicare Advantage guidance for supplemental benefits.
- E. Do you wish to enter another plan/enrollee group combination?

#### **Applicant Suitability**

F. Applicant must identify any investigations, probations, sanctions, penalties, or corrective action plans against the Medicare Advantage Organization offering the plans identified in this application, its owners or managers, and/or other participating organizations, entities, or individuals, including any sanctions or corrective actions imposed while participating in prior CMS demonstrations and programs (if applicable). Applicants must identify the foregoing information from January 1, 2010 until the present.

Does applicant have any information to identify (y/n)?

If so, identify the information with an appropriate description.

### Actuarial/Financial Documentation

Upload all required actuarial or financial documentation here. Do not upload other materials. Other materials can be uploaded on the following screen. CMMI will provide additional guidance on the submission of actuarial or financial documentation. If such documentation is not

required at the time of application submission, you may click Save and Continue without uploading a document.

#### **Supplemental Information**

Upload any additional materials such as supplemental statements if more space is needed to complete a question, or graphic items like charts and tables. Do not upload actuarial or financial documentation here.

#### **Applicant's Certification**

By clicking below <<Name of user>> agrees on behalf of the applicant Medicare Advantage Organization that:

- 1. The information contained in the application is true, correct, and complete as of the date it is submitted to CMS. If applicant becomes aware that any information in this application is not true, correct, or complete, applicant will notify the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) immediately and in writing.
- 2. Applicant authorizes CMS to verify the information contained herein, including inspecting of the premises of the applicant's organization or plan to ensure compliance. Applicant shall notify CMS in writing of any changes that may jeopardize applicant's ability to meet the qualifications for the MA-VBID model test prior to such change or within 30 days of the effective date of such change. Applicant acknowledges that such a change may result in revocation of any approval of any element of this application issued by CMS, or termination from the MA-VBID model test.
- 3. Applicant and <<name of user>>, submitting the application on applicant's behalf, understand that in accordance with 18 U.S.C. §1001, any omission, misrepresentation or falsification of any information contained in this application or contained in any communication supplying information to CMS to complete or clarify this application may be punishable by criminal, civil, or other administrative actions including revocation of approval, fines, and/or imprisonment under Federal law.
- 4. Applicant acknowledges that operational policy guidance relevant to this application is or may be posted on the CMS website, and that it is continually updated. Applicant will comply with such guidance, as applicable, should applicant be approved to participate.
- 5. Applicant agrees that until such time as it is admitted to the MA-VBID model test and bound by the terms of a model-test-specific addendum to its contract for participation in Medicare Advantage, it shall abide by the terms of the MA-VBID model test's Request for Application, and act only in a manner consistent with its terms. In particular:

- a. Applicant will not advertise its participation in the MA-VBID model test or market VBID benefits to Medicare beneficiaries without the authorization of CMS, and only then in accordance with CMS-issued guidance.
- b. In submitting bids, PBPs, formularies and other similar annual benefit-related items to CMS for Calendar Year 2017, applicant shall:
  - i. Comply with any supplemental instructions issued by CMS for applicants to the MA-VBID model test;
  - ii. Submit a bid consistent with actuarial and financial documentation provided with this application, as directed by CMS;
  - iii. Not structure the benefit package, formulary or other feature of any plan so as to discriminate against any Medicare beneficiary.
- 6. <<name of user>> is an representative, officer, chief executive officer, or general partner of the business organization that is applying to participate in this model test, and is authorized to submit this application on applicant's behalf.

[check box] I agree to the above on behalf of the applicant Medicare Advantage Organization.

## Appendix B - Targeted Clinical Conditions Defined by ICD-10 Code

Chronic Condition:	Diabetes
ICD 10 Codes	ICD 10 Code Description
E08.9	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition without complications
E09.9	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus without complications
E10.9	Type 1 diabetes mellitus without complications
E11.9	Type 2 diabetes mellitus without complications
E13.9	Other specified diabetes mellitus without complications
Z79.4	Long term (current) use of insulin
E08.00	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with hyperosmolarity without nonketotic hyperglycemic-hyperosmolar coma (NKHHC)
E08.01	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with hyperosmolarity with coma
E08.10	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with ketoacidosis without coma
E08.11	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with ketoacidosis with coma
E08.21*	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with diabetic nephropathy
E08.22*	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with diabetic chronic kidney disease
E08.29*	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with other diabetic kidney complication
E08.21*	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with diabetic nephropathy

Codes with an asterisk are newly added to the list.

Chronic Condition:	Diabetes
E08.22*	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with diabetic chronic kidney disease
E08.29*	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with other diabetic kidney complication
E08.311*	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with unspecified diabetic retinopathy with macular edema
E08.319*	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with unspecified diabetic retinopathy without macular edema
E08.321*	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with mild nonproliferative diabetic retinopathy with macular edema
E08.329*	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with mild nonproliferative diabetic retinopathy without macular edema
E08.331*	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with moderate nonproliferative diabetic retinopathy with macular edema
E08.339*	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with moderate nonproliferative diabetic retinopathy without macular edema
E08.341*	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with severe nonproliferative diabetic retinopathy with macular edema
E08.349*	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with severe nonproliferative diabetic retinopathy without macular edema
E08.351*	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with proliferative diabetic retinopathy with macular edema
E08.359*	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with proliferative diabetic retinopathy without macular edema
E08.36*	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with diabetic cataract
E08.39*	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with other diabetic ophthalmic complication

Chronic Condition:	Diabetes
E08.40*	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with diabetic neuropathy, unspecified
E08.41*	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with diabetic mononeuropathy
E08.42*	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with diabetic polyneuropathy
E08.43*	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with diabetic autonomic (poly)neuropathy
E08.44*	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with diabetic amyotrophy
E08.641	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with hypoglycemia with coma
E09.00	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with hyperosmolarity without nonketotic hyperglycemic-hyperosmolar coma (NKHHC)
E09.01	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with hyperosmolarity with coma
E09.10	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with ketoacidosis without coma
E09.11	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with ketoacidosis with coma
E09.641	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with hypoglycemia with coma
E10.10	Type 1 diabetes mellitus with ketoacidosis without coma
E10.11	Type 1 diabetes mellitus with ketoacidosis with coma
E10.641	Type 1 diabetes mellitus with hypoglycemia with coma
E11.00	Type 2 diabetes mellitus with hyperosmolarity without nonketotic hyperglycemic-hyperosmolar coma (NKHHC)
E11.01	Type 2 diabetes mellitus with hyperosmolarity with coma
E11.641	Type 2 diabetes mellitus with hypoglycemia with coma

Chronic Condition:	Diabetes
E13.00	Other specified diabetes mellitus with hyperosmolarity without nonketotic hyperglycemic-hyperosmolar coma (NKHHC)
E13.01	Other specified diabetes mellitus with hyperosmolarity with coma
E13.10	Other specified diabetes mellitus with ketoacidosis without coma
E13.11	Other specified diabetes mellitus with ketoacidosis with coma
E13.641	Other specified diabetes mellitus with hypoglycemia with coma
E08.49	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with other diabetic neurological complication
E08.51	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with diabetic peripheral angiopathy without gangrene
E08.52	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with diabetic peripheral angiopathy with gangrene
E08.59	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with other circulatory complications
E08.610	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with diabetic neuropathic arthropathy
E08.618	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with other diabetic arthropathy
E08.620	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with diabetic dermatitis
E08.621	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with foot ulcer
E08.622	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with other skin ulcer
E08.628	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with other skin complications
E08.630	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with periodontal disease
E08.638	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with other oral complications

Chronic Condition:	Diabetes
E08.649	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with hypoglycemia without coma
E08.65	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with hyperglycemia
E08.69	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with other specified complication
E08.8	Diabetes mellitus due to underlying condition with unspecified complications
E09.21	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with diabetic nephropathy
E09.22	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with diabetic chronic kidney disease
E09.29	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with other diabetic kidney complication
E09.311	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with unspecified diabetic retinopathy with macular edema
E09.319	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with unspecified diabetic retinopathy without macular edema
E09.321	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with mild nonproliferative diabetic retinopathy with macular edema
E09.329	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with mild nonproliferative diabetic retinopathy without macular edema
E09.331	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with moderate nonproliferative diabetic retinopathy with macular edema
E09.339	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with moderate nonproliferative diabetic retinopathy without macular edema
E09.341	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with severe nonproliferative diabetic retinopathy with macular edema
E09.349	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with severe nonproliferative diabetic retinopathy without macular edema
E09.351	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with proliferative diabetic retinopathy with macular edema

Chronic Condition:	Diabetes
E09.359	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with proliferative diabetic retinopathy without macular edema
E09.36	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with diabetic cataract
E09.39	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with other diabetic ophthalmic complication
E09.40	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with neurological complications with diabetic neuropathy, unspecified
E09.41	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with neurological complications with diabetic mononeuropathy
E09.42	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with neurological complications with diabetic polyneuropathy
E09.43	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with neurological complications with diabetic autonomic (poly)neuropathy
E09.44	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with neurological complications with diabetic amyotrophy
E09.49	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with neurological complications with other diabetic neurological complication
E09.51	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with diabetic peripheral angiopathy without gangrene
E09.52	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with diabetic peripheral angiopathy with gangrene
E09.59	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with other circulatory complications
E09.610	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with diabetic neuropathic arthropathy
E09.618	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with other diabetic arthropathy
E09.620	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with diabetic dermatitis
E09.621	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with foot ulcer

Chronic Condition:	Diabetes
E09.622	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with other skin ulcer
E09.628	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with other skin complications
E09.630	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with periodontal disease
E09.638	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with other oral complications
E09.649	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with hypoglycemia without coma
E09.65	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with hyperglycemia
E09.69	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with other specified complication
E09.8	Drug or chemical induced diabetes mellitus with unspecified complications
E10.21	Type 1 diabetes mellitus with diabetic nephropathy
E10.22	Type 1 diabetes mellitus with diabetic chronic kidney disease
E10.29	Type 1 diabetes mellitus with other diabetic kidney complication
E10.311	Type 1 diabetes mellitus with unspecified diabetic retinopathy with macular edema
E10.319	Type 1 diabetes mellitus with unspecified diabetic retinopathy without macular edema
E10.321	Type 1 diabetes mellitus with mild nonproliferative diabetic retinopathy with macular edema
E10.329	Type 1 diabetes mellitus with mild nonproliferative diabetic retinopathy without macular edema
E10.331	Type 1 diabetes mellitus with moderate nonproliferative diabetic retinopathy with macular edema
E10.339	Type 1 diabetes mellitus with moderate nonproliferative diabetic retinopathy without macular edema

Chronic Condition:	Diabetes
E10.341	Type 1 diabetes mellitus with severe nonproliferative diabetic retinopathy with macular edema
E10.349	Type 1 diabetes mellitus with severe nonproliferative diabetic retinopathy without macular edema
E10.351	Type 1 diabetes mellitus with proliferative diabetic retinopathy with macular edema
E10.359	Type 1 diabetes mellitus with proliferative diabetic retinopathy without macular edema
E10.36	Type 1 diabetes mellitus with diabetic cataract
E10.39	Type 1 diabetes mellitus with other diabetic ophthalmic complication
E10.40	Type 1 diabetes mellitus with diabetic neuropathy, unspecified
E10.41	Type 1 diabetes mellitus with diabetic mononeuropathy
E10.42	Type 1 diabetes mellitus with diabetic polyneuropathy
E10.43	Type 1 diabetes mellitus with diabetic autonomic (poly)neuropathy
E10.44	Type 1 diabetes mellitus with diabetic amyotrophy
E10.49	Type 1 diabetes mellitus with other diabetic neurological complication
E10.51	Type 1 diabetes mellitus with diabetic peripheral angiopathy without gangrene
E10.52	Type 1 diabetes mellitus with diabetic peripheral angiopathy with gangrene
E10.59	Type 1 diabetes mellitus with other circulatory complications
E10.610	Type 1 diabetes mellitus with diabetic neuropathic arthropathy
E10.618	Type 1 diabetes mellitus with other diabetic arthropathy
E10.620	Type 1 diabetes mellitus with diabetic dermatitis

Chronic Condition:	Diabetes
E10.621	Type 1 diabetes mellitus with foot ulcer
E10.622	Type 1 diabetes mellitus with other skin ulcer
E10.628	Type 1 diabetes mellitus with other skin complications
E10.630	Type 1 diabetes mellitus with periodontal disease
E10.638	Type 1 diabetes mellitus with other oral complications
E10.649	Type 1 diabetes mellitus with hypoglycemia without coma
E10.65	Type 1 diabetes mellitus with hyperglycemia
E10.69	Type 1 diabetes mellitus with other specified complication
E10.8	Type 1 diabetes mellitus with unspecified complications
E11.21	Type 2 diabetes mellitus with diabetic nephropathy
E11.22	Type 2 diabetes mellitus with diabetic chronic kidney disease
E11.29	Type 2 diabetes mellitus with other diabetic kidney complication
E11.311	Type 2 diabetes mellitus with unspecified diabetic retinopathy with macular edema
E11.319	Type 2 diabetes mellitus with unspecified diabetic retinopathy without macular edema
E11.321	Type 2 diabetes mellitus with mild nonproliferative diabetic retinopathy with macular edema
E11.329	Type 2 diabetes mellitus with mild nonproliferative diabetic retinopathy without macular edema
E11.331	Type 2 diabetes mellitus with moderate nonproliferative diabetic retinopathy with macular edema
E11.339	Type 2 diabetes mellitus with moderate nonproliferative diabetic retinopathy without macular edema

Chronic Condition:	Diabetes
E11.341	Type 2 diabetes mellitus with severe nonproliferative diabetic retinopathy with macular edema
E11.349	Type 2 diabetes mellitus with severe nonproliferative diabetic retinopathy without macular edema
E11.351	Type 2 diabetes mellitus with proliferative diabetic retinopathy with macular edema
E11.359	Type 2 diabetes mellitus with proliferative diabetic retinopathy without macular edema
E11.36	Type 2 diabetes mellitus with diabetic cataract
E11.39	Type 2 diabetes mellitus with other diabetic ophthalmic complication
E11.40	Type 2 diabetes mellitus with diabetic neuropathy, unspecified
E11.41	Type 2 diabetes mellitus with diabetic mononeuropathy
E11.42	Type 2 diabetes mellitus with diabetic polyneuropathy
E11.43	Type 2 diabetes mellitus with diabetic autonomic (poly)neuropathy
E11.44	Type 2 diabetes mellitus with diabetic amyotrophy
E11.49	Type 2 diabetes mellitus with other diabetic neurological complication
E11.51	Type 2 diabetes mellitus with diabetic peripheral angiopathy without gangrene
E11.52	Type 2 diabetes mellitus with diabetic peripheral angiopathy with gangrene
E11.59	Type 2 diabetes mellitus with other circulatory complications
E11.610	Type 2 diabetes mellitus with diabetic neuropathic arthropathy
E11.618	Type 2 diabetes mellitus with other diabetic arthropathy
E11.620	Type 2 diabetes mellitus with diabetic dermatitis

Chronic Condition:	Diabetes
E11.621	Type 2 diabetes mellitus with foot ulcer
E11.622	Type 2 diabetes mellitus with other skin ulcer
E11.628	Type 2 diabetes mellitus with other skin complications
E11.630	Type 2 diabetes mellitus with periodontal disease
E11.638	Type 2 diabetes mellitus with other oral complications
E11.649	Type 2 diabetes mellitus with hypoglycemia without coma
E11.65	Type 2 diabetes mellitus with hyperglycemia
E11.69	Type 2 diabetes mellitus with other specified complication
E11.8	Type 2 diabetes mellitus with unspecified complications
E13.21	Other specified diabetes mellitus with diabetic nephropathy
E13.22	Other specified diabetes mellitus with diabetic chronic kidney disease
E13.29	Other specified diabetes mellitus with other diabetic kidney complication
E13.311	Other specified diabetes mellitus with unspecified diabetic retinopathy with macular edema
E13.319	Other specified diabetes mellitus with unspecified diabetic retinopathy without macular edema
E13.321	Other specified diabetes mellitus with mild nonproliferative diabetic retinopathy with macular edema
E13.329	Other specified diabetes mellitus with mild nonproliferative diabetic retinopathy without macular edema
E13.331	Other specified diabetes mellitus with moderate nonproliferative diabetic retinopathy with macular edema
E13.339	Other specified diabetes mellitus with moderate nonproliferative diabetic retinopathy without macular edema

Chronic Condition:	Diabetes
E13.341	Other specified diabetes mellitus with severe nonproliferative diabetic retinopathy with macular edema
E13.349	Other specified diabetes mellitus with severe nonproliferative diabetic retinopathy without macular edema
E13.351	Other specified diabetes mellitus with proliferative diabetic retinopathy with macular edema
E13.359	Other specified diabetes mellitus with proliferative diabetic retinopathy without macular edema
E13.36	Other specified diabetes mellitus with diabetic cataract
E13.39	Other specified diabetes mellitus with other diabetic ophthalmic complication
E13.40	Other specified diabetes mellitus with diabetic neuropathy, unspecified
E13.41	Other specified diabetes mellitus with diabetic mononeuropathy
E13.42	Other specified diabetes mellitus with diabetic polyneuropathy
E13.43	Other specified diabetes mellitus with diabetic autonomic (poly)neuropathy
E13.44	Other specified diabetes mellitus with diabetic amyotrophy
E13.49	Other specified diabetes mellitus with other diabetic neurological complication
E13.51	Other specified diabetes mellitus with diabetic peripheral angiopathy without gangrene
E13.52	Other specified diabetes mellitus with diabetic peripheral angiopathy with gangrene
E13.59	Other specified diabetes mellitus with other circulatory complications
E13.610	Other specified diabetes mellitus with diabetic neuropathic arthropathy
E13.618	Other specified diabetes mellitus with other diabetic arthropathy

Chronic Condition:	Diabetes
E13.620	Other specified diabetes mellitus with diabetic dermatitis
E13.621	Other specified diabetes mellitus with foot ulcer
E13.622	Other specified diabetes mellitus with other skin ulcer
E13.628	Other specified diabetes mellitus with other skin complications
E13.630	Other specified diabetes mellitus with periodontal disease
E13.638	Other specified diabetes mellitus with other oral complications
E13.649	Other specified diabetes mellitus with hypoglycemia without coma
E13.65	Other specified diabetes mellitus with hyperglycemia
E13.69	Other specified diabetes mellitus with other specified complication
E13.8	Other specified diabetes mellitus with unspecified complications

Chronic Condition:	Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease (COPD)
ICD 10 Codes	ICD 10 Code Description
J41.0	Simple chronic bronchitis
J41.1	Mucopurulent chronic bronchitis
J41.8	Mixed simple and mucopurulent chronic bronchitis
J42	Unspecified chronic bronchitis
J43.0	Unilateral pulmonary emphysema [MacLeod's syndrome]
J43.1	Panlobular emphysema
J43.2	Centrilobular emphysema

Chronic Condition:	Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease (COPD)
J43.8	Other emphysema
J43.9	Emphysema, unspecified
J44.0	Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease with acute lower respiratory infection
J44.1	Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease with (acute) exacerbation
J44.9	Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease, unspecified
J98.2	Interstitial emphysema
J98.3	Compensatory emphysema

Chronic Condition:	Congestive Heart Failure (CHF)
ICD Codes	ICD 10 Code Description
I09.81	Rheumatic heart failure
I11.0	Hypertensive heart disease with heart failure
I13.0	Hypertensive heart and chronic kidney disease with heart failure and stage 1 through stage 4 chronic kidney disease, or unspecified chronic kidney disease
I13.2	Hypertensive heart and chronic kidney disease with heart failure and with stage 5 chronic kidney disease, or end stage renal disease
I26.01	Septic pulmonary embolism with acute cor pulmonale
I26.02	Saddle embolus of pulmonary artery with acute cor pulmonale
I26.09	Other pulmonary embolism with acute cor pulmonale
127.0	Primary pulmonary hypertension
I27.1	Kyphoscoliotic heart disease

Chronic Condition:	Congestive Heart Failure (CHF)
127.2	Other secondary pulmonary hypertension
I27.81	Cor pulmonale (chronic)
I27.89	Other specified pulmonary heart diseases
I27.9	Pulmonary heart disease, unspecified
I28.0	Arteriovenous fistula of pulmonary vessels
I28.1	Aneurysm of pulmonary artery
I28.8	Other diseases of pulmonary vessels
I28.9	Disease of pulmonary vessels, unspecified
I42.0	Dilated cardiomyopathy
I42.1	Obstructive hypertrophic cardiomyopathy
I42.2	Other hypertrophic cardiomyopathy
I42.3	Endomyocardial (eosinophilic) disease
I42.4	Endocardial fibroelastosis
I42.5	Other restrictive cardiomyopathy
I42.6	Alcoholic cardiomyopathy
I42.7	Cardiomyopathy due to drug and external agent
I42.8	Other cardiomyopathies
I42.9	Cardiomyopathy, unspecified
I43	Cardiomyopathy in diseases classified elsewhere

Chronic Condition:	Congestive Heart Failure (CHF)
I50.1	Left ventricular failure
150.20	Unspecified systolic (congestive) heart failure
150.21	Acute systolic (congestive) heart failure
150.22	Chronic systolic (congestive) heart failure
150.23	Acute on chronic systolic (congestive) heart failure
150.30	Unspecified diastolic (congestive) heart failure
150.31	Acute diastolic (congestive) heart failure
150.32	Chronic diastolic (congestive) heart failure
150.33	Acute on chronic diastolic (congestive) heart failure
150.40	Unspecified combined systolic (congestive) and diastolic (congestive) heart failure
I50.41	Acute combined systolic (congestive) and diastolic (congestive) heart failure
I50.42	Chronic combined systolic (congestive) and diastolic (congestive) heart failure
150.43	Acute on chronic combined systolic (congestive) and diastolic (congestive) heart failure
150.9	Heart failure, unspecified
I51.4	Myocarditis, unspecified
I51.5	Myocardial degeneration

Chronic Condition:	Patient with Past Stroke
ICD 10 Codes	ICD 10 Code Description

Chronic Condition:	Patient with Past Stroke
Z86.73	Personal history of transient ischemic attack (TIA), and cerebral infarction without residual deficits
I63.00	Cerebral infarction due to thrombosis of unspecified precerebral artery
I63.011	Cerebral infarction due to thrombosis of right vertebral artery
I63.012	Cerebral infarction due to thrombosis of left vertebral artery
I63.019	Cerebral infarction due to thrombosis of unspecified vertebral artery
I63.02	Cerebral infarction due to thrombosis of basilar artery
I63.031	Cerebral infarction due to thrombosis of right carotid artery
I63.032	Cerebral infarction due to thrombosis of left carotid artery
I63.039	Cerebral infarction due to thrombosis of unspecified carotid artery
I63.09	Cerebral infarction due to thrombosis of other precerebral artery
I63.10	Cerebral infarction due to embolism of unspecified precerebral artery
I63.111	Cerebral infarction due to embolism of right vertebral artery
I63.112	Cerebral infarction due to embolism of left vertebral artery
I63.119	Cerebral infarction due to embolism of unspecified vertebral artery
I63.12	Cerebral infarction due to embolism of basilar artery
I63.131	Cerebral infarction due to embolism of right carotid artery
I63.132	Cerebral infarction due to embolism of left carotid artery
I63.139	Cerebral infarction due to embolism of unspecified carotid artery
I63.19	Cerebral infarction due to embolism of other precerebral artery

Chronic Condition:	Patient with Past Stroke
I63.20	Cerebral infarction due to unspecified occlusion or stenosis of unspecified precerebral arteries
I63.211	Cerebral infarction due to unspecified occlusion or stenosis of right vertebral arteries
I63.212	Cerebral infarction due to unspecified occlusion or stenosis of left vertebral arteries
I63.219	Cerebral infarction due to unspecified occlusion or stenosis of unspecified vertebral arteries
I63.22	Cerebral infarction due to unspecified occlusion or stenosis of basilar arteries
I63.231	Cerebral infarction due to unspecified occlusion or stenosis of right carotid arteries
I63.232	Cerebral infarction due to unspecified occlusion or stenosis of left carotid arteries
I63.239	Cerebral infarction due to unspecified occlusion or stenosis of unspecified carotid arteries
I63.29	Cerebral infarction due to unspecified occlusion or stenosis of other precerebral arteries
I63.30	Cerebral infarction due to thrombosis of unspecified cerebral artery
I63.311	Cerebral infarction due to thrombosis of right middle cerebral artery
I63.312	Cerebral infarction due to thrombosis of left middle cerebral artery
I63.319	Cerebral infarction due to thrombosis of unspecified middle cerebral artery
I63.321	Cerebral infarction due to thrombosis of right anterior cerebral artery
I63.322	Cerebral infarction due to thrombosis of left anterior cerebral artery
I63.329	Cerebral infarction due to thrombosis of unspecified anterior cerebral artery
I63.331	Cerebral infarction due to thrombosis of right posterior cerebral artery

Chronic Condition:	Patient with Past Stroke
I63.332	Cerebral infarction due to thrombosis of left posterior cerebral artery
163.339	Cerebral infarction due to thrombosis of unspecified posterior cerebral artery
I63.341	Cerebral infarction due to thrombosis of right cerebellar artery
I63.342	Cerebral infarction due to thrombosis of left cerebellar artery
I63.349	Cerebral infarction due to thrombosis of unspecified cerebellar artery
I63.39	Cerebral infarction due to thrombosis of other cerebral artery
I63.40	Cerebral infarction due to embolism of unspecified cerebral artery
I63.411	Cerebral infarction due to embolism of right middle cerebral artery
I63.412	Cerebral infarction due to embolism of left middle cerebral artery
I63.419	Cerebral infarction due to embolism of unspecified middle cerebral artery
I63.421	Cerebral infarction due to embolism of right anterior cerebral artery
I63.422	Cerebral infarction due to embolism of left anterior cerebral artery
I63.429	Cerebral infarction due to embolism of unspecified anterior cerebral artery
I63.431	Cerebral infarction due to embolism of right posterior cerebral artery
I63.432	Cerebral infarction due to embolism of left posterior cerebral artery
I63.439	Cerebral infarction due to embolism of unspecified posterior cerebral artery
I63.441	Cerebral infarction due to embolism of right cerebellar artery
I63.442	Cerebral infarction due to embolism of left cerebellar artery

Chronic Condition:	Patient with Past Stroke
I63.449	Cerebral infarction due to embolism of unspecified cerebellar artery
I63.49	Cerebral infarction due to embolism of other cerebral artery
163.50	Cerebral infarction due to unspecified occlusion or stenosis of unspecified cerebral artery
I63.511	Cerebral infarction due to unspecified occlusion or stenosis of right middle cerebral artery
I63.512	Cerebral infarction due to unspecified occlusion or stenosis of left middle cerebral artery
I63.519	Cerebral infarction due to unspecified occlusion or stenosis of unspecified middle cerebral artery
I63.521	Cerebral infarction due to unspecified occlusion or stenosis of right anterior cerebral artery
I63.522	Cerebral infarction due to unspecified occlusion or stenosis of left anterior cerebral artery
I63.529	Cerebral infarction due to unspecified occlusion or stenosis of unspecified anterior cerebral artery
I63.531	Cerebral infarction due to unspecified occlusion or stenosis of right posterior cerebral artery
163.532	Cerebral infarction due to unspecified occlusion or stenosis of left posterior cerebral artery
I63.539	Cerebral infarction due to unspecified occlusion or stenosis of unspecified posterior cerebral artery
I63.541	Cerebral infarction due to unspecified occlusion or stenosis of right cerebellar artery
163.542	Cerebral infarction due to unspecified occlusion or stenosis of left cerebellar artery
163.549	Cerebral infarction due to unspecified occlusion or stenosis of unspecified cerebellar artery
I63.59	Cerebral infarction due to unspecified occlusion or stenosis of other cerebral artery

Chronic Condition:	Patient with Past Stroke
I63.6	Cerebral infarction due to cerebral venous thrombosis, nonpyogenic
I63.8	Other cerebral infarction
I63.9	Cerebral infarction, unspecified
197.810	Intraoperative cerebrovascular infarction during cardiac surgery
I97.811	Intraoperative cerebrovascular infarction during other surgery
197.820	Post-procedural cerebrovascular infarction during cardiac surgery
197.821	Post-procedural cerebrovascular infarction during other surgery

Chronic Condition:	Hypertension
ICD 10 Codes	ICD 10 Code Description
I10	Essential (primary) hypertension
I15.0*	Renovascular hypertension
I15.1*	Hypertension secondary to other renal disorders
I15.2*	Hypertension secondary to endocrine disorders
I15.8*	Other secondary hypertension
I15.9*	Secondary Hypertension, unspecified

Chronic Condition:	Coronary Artery Disease
ICD 10 Codes	ICD 10 Code Description
125.2	Old myocardial infarction

Chronic Condition:	Coronary Artery Disease
I21.01	ST elevation (STEMI) myocardial infarction involving left main coronary artery
I21.02	ST elevation (STEMI) myocardial infarction involving left anterior descending coronary artery
I21.09	ST elevation (STEMI) myocardial infarction involving other coronary artery of anterior wall
I21.11	ST elevation (STEMI) myocardial infarction involving right coronary artery
I21.19	ST elevation (STEMI) myocardial infarction involving other coronary artery of inferior wall
I21.21	ST elevation (STEMI) myocardial infarction involving left circumflex coronary artery
I21.29	ST elevation (STEMI) myocardial infarction involving other sites
I21.3	ST elevation (STEMI) myocardial infarction of unspecified site
I21.4	Non-ST elevation (NSTEMI) myocardial infarction
I22.0	Subsequent ST elevation (STEMI) myocardial infarction of anterior wall
I22.1	Subsequent ST elevation (STEMI) myocardial infarction of inferior wall
I22.2	Subsequent non-ST elevation (NSTEMI) myocardial infarction
122.8	Subsequent ST elevation (STEMI) myocardial infarction of other sites
I22.9	Subsequent ST elevation (STEMI) myocardial infarction of unspecified site
I23.4	Rupture of chordae tendineae as current complication following acute myocardial infarction
I23.5	Rupture of papillary muscle as current complication following acute myocardial infarction
I51.1	Rupture of chordae tendineae, not elsewhere classified

Chronic Condition:	Coronary Artery Disease
I51.2	Rupture of papillary muscle, not elsewhere classified
120.0	Unstable angina
I24.0	Acute coronary thrombosis not resulting in myocardial infarction
I24.1	Dressler's syndrome
I24.8	Other forms of acute ischemic heart disease
I24.9	Acute ischemic heart disease, unspecified
I25.110	Atherosclerotic heart disease of native coronary artery with unstable angina pectoris
125.700	Atherosclerosis of coronary artery bypass graft(s), unspecified, with unstable angina pectoris
125.710	Atherosclerosis of autologous vein coronary artery bypass graft(s) with unstable angina pectoris
125.720	Atherosclerosis of autologous artery coronary artery bypass graft(s) with unstable angina pectoris
125.730	Atherosclerosis of nonautologous biological coronary artery bypass graft(s) with unstable angina pectoris
125.750	Atherosclerosis of native coronary artery of transplanted heart with unstable angina
125.760	Atherosclerosis of bypass graft of coronary artery of transplanted heart with unstable angina
125.790	Atherosclerosis of other coronary artery bypass graft(s) with unstable angina pectoris
I20.1	Angina pectoris with documented spasm
I20.8	Other forms of angina pectoris
I20.9	Angina pectoris, unspecified

Chronic Condition:	Coronary Artery Disease
I25.111	Atherosclerotic heart disease of native coronary artery with angina pectoris with documented spasm
I25.118	Atherosclerotic heart disease of native coronary artery with other forms of angina pectoris
I25.119	Atherosclerotic heart disease of native coronary artery with unspecified angina pectoris
125.701	Atherosclerosis of coronary artery bypass graft(s), unspecified, with angina pectoris with documented spasm
125.708	Atherosclerosis of coronary artery bypass graft(s), unspecified, with other forms of angina pectoris
125.709	Atherosclerosis of coronary artery bypass graft(s), unspecified, with unspecified angina pectoris
I25.711	Atherosclerosis of autologous vein coronary artery bypass graft(s) with angina pectoris with documented spasm
I25.718	Atherosclerosis of autologous vein coronary artery bypass graft(s) with other forms of angina pectoris
I25.719	Atherosclerosis of autologous vein coronary artery bypass graft(s) with unspecified angina pectoris
I25.721	Atherosclerosis of autologous artery coronary artery bypass graft(s) with angina pectoris with documented spasm
125.728	Atherosclerosis of autologous artery coronary artery bypass graft(s) with other forms of angina pectoris
125.729	Atherosclerosis of autologous artery coronary artery bypass graft(s) with unspecified angina pectoris
I25.731	Atherosclerosis of nonautologous biological coronary artery bypass graft(s) with angina pectoris with documented spasm
125.738	Atherosclerosis of nonautologous biological coronary artery bypass graft(s) with other forms of angina pectoris
125.739	Atherosclerosis of nonautologous biological coronary artery bypass graft(s) with unspecified angina pectoris
125.751	Atherosclerosis of native coronary artery of transplanted heart with angina pectoris with documented spasm

Chronic Condition:	Coronary Artery Disease
125.758	Atherosclerosis of native coronary artery of transplanted heart with other forms of angina pectoris
125.759	Atherosclerosis of native coronary artery of transplanted heart with unspecified angina pectoris
125.761	Atherosclerosis of bypass graft of coronary artery of transplanted heart with angina pectoris with documented spasm
125.768	Atherosclerosis of bypass graft of coronary artery of transplanted heart with other forms of angina pectoris
125.769	Atherosclerosis of bypass graft of coronary artery of transplanted heart with unspecified angina pectoris
I25.791	Atherosclerosis of other coronary artery bypass graft(s) with angina pectoris with documented spasm
125.798	Atherosclerosis of other coronary artery bypass graft(s) with other forms of angina pectoris
125.799	Atherosclerosis of other coronary artery bypass graft(s) with unspecified angina pectoris

Chronic Condition:	Mood Disorders
ICD 10 Codes	ICD 10 Code Description
F22	Delusional disorders
F24	Shared psychotic disorder
F30.10	Manic episode without psychotic symptoms, unspecified
F30.11	Manic episode without psychotic symptoms, mild
F30.12	Manic episode without psychotic symptoms, moderate
F30.13	Manic episode, severe, without psychotic symptoms

Chronic Condition:	Mood Disorders
F30.2	Manic episode, severe with psychotic symptoms
F30.3	Manic episode in partial remission
F30.4	Manic episode in full remission
F30.8	Other manic episodes
F30.9	Manic episode, unspecified
F31.0	Bipolar disorder, current episode hypomanic
F31.10	Bipolar disorder, current episode manic without psychotic features, unspecified
F31.11	Bipolar disorder, current episode manic without psychotic features, mild
F31.12	Bipolar disorder, current episode manic without psychotic features, moderate
F31.13	Bipolar disorder, current episode manic without psychotic features, severe
F31.2	Bipolar disorder, current episode manic severe with psychotic features
F31.30	Bipolar disorder, current episode depressed, mild or moderate severity, unspecified
F31.31	Bipolar disorder, current episode depressed, mild
F31.32	Bipolar disorder, current episode depressed, moderate
F31.4	Bipolar disorder, current episode depressed, severe, without psychotic features
F31.5	Bipolar disorder, current episode depressed, severe, with psychotic features
F31.60	Bipolar disorder, current episode mixed, unspecified
F31.61	Bipolar disorder, current episode mixed, mild

Chronic Condition:	Mood Disorders
F31.62	Bipolar disorder, current episode mixed, moderate
F31.63	Bipolar disorder, current episode mixed, severe, without psychotic features
F31.64	Bipolar disorder, current episode mixed, severe, with psychotic features
F31.70	Bipolar disorder, currently in remission, most recent episode unspecified
F31.71	Bipolar disorder, in partial remission, most recent episode hypomanic
F31.72	Bipolar disorder, in full remission, most recent episode hypomanic
F31.73	Bipolar disorder, in partial remission, most recent episode manic
F31.74	Bipolar disorder, in full remission, most recent episode manic
F31.75	Bipolar disorder, in partial remission, most recent episode depressed
F31.76	Bipolar disorder, in full remission, most recent episode depressed
F31.77	Bipolar disorder, in partial remission, most recent episode mixed
F31.78	Bipolar disorder, in full remission, most recent episode mixed
F31.81	Bipolar II disorder
F31.89	Other bipolar disorder
F31.9	Bipolar disorder, unspecified
F32.0	Major depressive disorder, single episode, mild
F32.1	Major depressive disorder, single episode, moderate
F32.2	Major depressive disorder, single episode, severe without psychotic features

Chronic Condition:	Mood Disorders
F32.3	Major depressive disorder, single episode, severe with psychotic features
F32.4	Major depressive disorder, single episode, in partial remission
F32.5	Major depressive disorder, single episode, in full remission
F33.0	Major depressive disorder, recurrent, mild
F33.1	Major depressive disorder, recurrent, moderate
F33.2	Major depressive disorder, recurrent severe without psychotic features
F33.3	Major depressive disorder, recurrent, severe with psychotic symptoms
F33.40	Major depressive disorder, recurrent, in remission, unspecified
F33.41	Major depressive disorder, recurrent, in partial remission
F33.42	Major depressive disorder, recurrent, in full remission
F33.8	Other recurrent depressive disorders
F33.9	Major depressive disorder, recurrent, unspecified
F34.8	Other persistent mood [affective] disorders
F34.9	Persistent mood [affective] disorder, unspecified
F39	Unspecified mood [affective] disorder
F41.0	Panic disorder [episodic paroxysmal anxiety] without agoraphobia
F41.1	Generalized anxiety disorder
F41.3	Other mixed anxiety disorders
F41.8	Other specified anxiety disorders

Chronic Condition:	Mood Disorders
F41.9	Anxiety disorder, unspecified
F43.22	Adjustment disorder with anxiety
F43.23	Adjustment disorder with mixed anxiety and depressed mood