

CMS Manual System	Department of Health & Human Services (DHHS)
Pub 100-20 One-Time Notification	Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS)
Transmittal 1347	Date: February 14, 2014
	Change Request 8627

NOTE: This Transmittal is no longer sensitive and is being re-communicated March 19, 2014. The Transmittal Number, date of Transmittal and all other information remain the same. This instruction may now be posted to the Internet.

SUBJECT: Inpatient Prospective Payment System (IPPS) Hospital Extensions per the Pathway for SGR Reform Act of 2013

I. SUMMARY OF CHANGES: This change request provides information and implementation instructions for Sections 1105 and 1106 of the Pathway for SGR Reform Act of 2013.

EFFECTIVE DATE: October 1, 2013

IMPLEMENTATION DATE: April 7, 2014

Disclaimer for manual changes only: The revision date and transmittal number apply only to red italicized material. Any other material was previously published and remains unchanged. However, if this revision contains a table of contents, you will receive the new/revised information only, and not the entire table of contents.

II. CHANGES IN MANUAL INSTRUCTIONS: (N/A if manual is not updated)

R=REVISED, N=NEW, D=DELETED-*Only One Per Row.*

R/N/D	CHAPTER / SECTION / SUBSECTION / TITLE
N/A	

III. FUNDING:

For Medicare Administrative Contractors (MACs):

The Medicare Administrative Contractor is hereby advised that this constitutes technical direction as defined in your contract. CMS does not construe this as a change to the MAC statement of Work. The contractor is not obliged to incur costs in excess of the amounts allotted in your contract unless and until specifically authorized by the Contracting Officer. If the contractor considers anything provided, as described above, to be outside the current scope of work, the contractor shall withhold performance on the part(s) in question and immediately notify the Contracting Officer, in writing or by e-mail, and request formal directions regarding continued performance requirements.

IV. ATTACHMENTS:

One Time Notification

**Unless otherwise specified, the effective date is the date of service.*

Attachment - One-Time Notification

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I. GENERAL INFORMATION

A. Background:

On December 26, 2013, President Obama signed into law the Pathway for SGR Reform Act of 2013. The new law includes the extension of certain provisions of the *Affordable Care Act*. Specifically, the following Medicare fee-for-service policies have been extended through March 31, 2014.

Section 1105 - Extension of Medicare Inpatient Hospital Payment Adjustment for Low-Volume Hospitals The *Affordable Care Act* provided for temporary changes to the low-volume hospital adjustment for FYs 2011 and 2012. To qualify, the hospital must have less than 1,600 Medicare discharges and be 15 miles or greater from the nearest like hospital. The temporary changes to the low-volume hospital adjustment were extended for FY 2013 by the *American Taxpayer Relief Act*. This provision of the Pathway for SGR Reform Act extends the temporary changes to the low-volume payment adjustment through March 31, 2014, retroactive to October 1, 2013.

Section 1106 - Extension of the Medicare-Dependent Hospital (MDH) Program - The MDH program provides enhanced payment to support small rural hospitals for which Medicare patients make up a significant percentage of inpatient days or discharges. This provision of the Pathway for SGR Reform Act extends the MDH program until March 31, 2014, and is retroactive to October 1, 2013.

B. Policy:

Low-Volume Hospitals – Criteria and Payment Adjustments for FY 2014

Sections 3125 and 10314 of the *Affordable Care Act* amended the low-volume hospital adjustment in section 1886(d)(12) of the Act by revising, for FYs 2011 and 2012, the definition of a low-volume hospital and the methodology for calculating the low-volume payment adjustment. These amendments were extended for FY 2013 by section 605 of the *American Taxpayer Relief Act (ATRA)*. Prior to the recently enacted Pathway for SGR Reform Act of 2013, beginning with FY 2014, the low-volume hospital qualifying criteria and payment adjustment had returned to the statutory requirements that were in effect prior to the amendments made by the *Affordable Care Act* and the *ATRA*. Section 1105 of the Pathway for SGR Reform Act of 2013 extends, for FY 2014 discharges occurring before April 1, 2014, the temporary changes in the low-volume hospital payment policy provided for by the *Affordable Care Act*, as amended by the *ATRA*. CMS implemented the changes to the low-volume payment adjustment provided by the *Affordable Care Act* and the *ATRA* in the regulations at § 412.101 in the FY 2011 IPSS/LTCH PPS final rule (75 FR 50238 through 50275) and the FY 2014 IPSS/LTCH PPS final rule (78 FR 50611 through 50613).

To implement the extension of the temporary change in the low-volume hospital payment policy for FY 2014 discharges occurring before April 1, 2014 provided for by section 1105 of the Pathway for SGR Reform Act of 2013, in accordance with the existing regulations at § 412.101(b)(2)(ii) and consistent with our implementation of the low-volume hospital payment adjustment in FYs 2011 through 2013, CMS

published an interim final rule with comment (IFC) in the Federal Register (CMS 1599-IFC2) updating the discharge data source used to identify qualifying low-volume hospitals and calculate the payment adjustment (percentage increase) for FY 2014 discharges that occur before April 1, 2014.

In that IFC, CMS established that for FY 2014 discharges occurring before April 1, 2014, the low-volume payment adjustment is determined using FY 2012 Medicare discharge data from the March 2013 update of the MedPAR files. In Table 14 of the Addendum to that IFC, CMS provides a list of the IPPS hospitals with fewer than 1,600 Medicare discharges based on the March 2013 update of the FY 2012 MedPAR files. However, this list of IPPS hospitals with fewer than 1,600 Medicare discharges is not a listing of the hospitals that qualify for the low-volume adjustment for FY 2014 discharges occurring before April 1, 2014 since it does not reflect whether or not the hospital meets the mileage criterion (that is, to qualify for the low-volume adjustment, the hospital must also be located more than 15 road miles from any other IPPS hospital). **In order to receive the applicable low-volume hospital payment adjustment (percentage increase) for FY 2014 discharges occurring before April 1, 2014, a hospital must meet both the discharge and mileage criteria.**

In order to receive a low-volume hospital payment adjustment for FY 2014 discharges occurring before April 1, 2014, consistent with the previously established procedure, CMS is continuing to require a hospital to notify and provide documentation to its MAC that it meets the mileage criterion. Specifically, a hospital must make its request for low-volume hospital status in writing to its MAC and provide documentation that it meets the mileage criterion, so that the applicable low-volume percentage increase is applied to payments for its discharges occurring on or after October 1, 2013 (that is, the beginning of FY 2014). The MAC must be in receipt of the hospital's written request by March 31, 2014, in order for the effective date of the hospital's low-volume hospital status to be October 1, 2013. A hospital that qualified for the low-volume payment adjustment in FY 2013 may continue to receive a low-volume payment adjustment for FY 2014 discharges occurring before April 1, 2014, without reapplying, if it continues to meet the Medicare discharge criterion, based on the FY 2012 MedPAR data (shown in Table 14 of the IFC (available on the Internet as noted below)) and the distance criterion. **However, the hospital must verify in writing to its MAC that it continues to be more than 15 miles from any other " subsection (d)" hospital no later than March 31, 2014 .** For requests for low-volume hospital status for FY 2014 discharges occurring before April 1, 2014 received after March 31, 2014, if the hospital meets the criteria to qualify as a low-volume hospital, the MAC will establish a low-volume hospital status effective date that would be applicable prospectively within 30 days of the date of the MAC's low-volume status determination, consistent with our historical policy. However, given the timing of this partial year extension of the temporary changes to the low-volume hospital payment adjustment, which expires March 31, 2014, any applicable low-volume payment adjustment will not be applied in determining payments to the hospital's FY 2014 discharges occurring before April 1, 2014 since our policy does not provide for retroactive effective dates. However, in anticipation of a future subsequent extension, the MAC should process those requests and send a letter to the hospital indicating that although the provider meets the low-volume hospital criteria for FY 2014 set forth at § 412.101(b)(2)(ii), those provisions are expired under current law. In the event the temporary changes to the low-volume hospital payment adjustment is subsequently extended, then the MAC can establish the effective date as 30 days from the date of the letter.

MACs will verify that the hospital meets the discharge criteria by using the Medicare discharges based on the March 2013 update of the FY 2012 MedPAR files as shown in Table 14 of the IFC (CMS-1599-IFC2) and available on the Internet at http://www.cms.hhs.gov/AcuteInpatientPPS/01_overview.asp (click on the link on the left side of the screen titled, " FY 2014 IPPS Final Rule Home Page"). (We note that in order to facilitate administrative implementation, the only source that CMS and the MACs will use to determine the number of Medicare discharges for purposes of the low-volume payment adjustment for FY 2014 discharges occurring before April 1, 2014 is the data from the March 2013 update of the FY 2012 MedPAR file.)

The MAC shall notify CMS Central Office – Baltimore, CM/HAPG/DAC, Michele Hudson and Maria Navarro, of any changes or additions to IPPS hospitals that qualify as a low-volume hospital and the effective date of the determination for discharges occurring in FY 2014 by May 15, 2014. The notification may be sent via e-mail to Michele.Hudson@cms.hhs.gov and Maria.Navarro@cms.hhs.gov, and shall

include:

- hospital's name,
- provider number,
- address (street, city, state and zip code),
- number of Medicare discharges,
- distance to the nearest IPPS hospital (as well as that hospital's address: street, city, state and zip code) by which the hospital qualified for low-volume status, and
- effective date of the low-volume hospital determination

For low-volume hospital requests received after March 31, 2014, MACs shall notify CMS Central Office as above within 15 days of the determination.

In order to implement this policy for FY 2014, the Pricer will include a table containing the provider number and discharge count determined from the March 2013 update of the FY 2012 MedPAR file. The discharge count includes any billed Medicare Advantage claims in the MedPAR file but excludes any claims serviced in non-IPPS units. The table in Pricer includes IPPS providers with fewer than 1,600 Medicare discharges but does not consider whether the IPPS hospital meets the mileage criterion (that is, located more than 15 road miles from the nearest IPPS hospital).

The existing low-volume indicator field on the Provider Specific File (position 74 on the PSF – temporary relief indicator) must be updated by the MAC to hold a value of “ Y” if the provider qualifies for a low-volume payment adjustment for FY 2014 discharges occurring before April 1, 2014, by meeting **both the discharge and mileage criteria** set forth at § 412.101(b)(2)(ii). Any hospital that does not meet either the discharge or mileage criteria is not eligible to receive a low-volume payment adjustment for FY 2014 discharges occurring before April 1, 2014, and the MAC must update the low-volume indicator field on the Provider specific file (position 74 on the PSF – temporary relief indicator) to hold a value of “ blank” .

The applicable low-volume payment adjustment (percentage increase) is based on and in addition to all other IPPS per discharge payments, including capital, DSH, uncompensated care, IME and outliers. For SCHs and MDHs, the applicable low-volume percentage increase is based on and in addition to either payment based on the Federal rate or the hospital-specific rate, whichever results in a greater operating IPPS payment.

Reinstatement of Medicare Dependent Hospital status

Under section 3124 of the Affordable Care Act, the MDH program authorized by section 1886(d)(5)(G) of the Act was set to expire at the end of FY 2012. These amendments were extended for FY 2013 by section 606 of the American Taxpayer Relief Act. Prior to the recently enacted Pathway for SGR Reform Act of 2013, the MDH program was set to expire at the end of FY 2013. As part of the Pathway for SGR Reform Act of 2013, Congress reinstated the MDH program which had expired as of October 1, 2013

Section 1106 of the Pathway for SGR Reform Act of 2013 extends the MDH program through March 31, 2014. CMS implemented the extension of the MDH program provided by the Affordable Care Act and the ATRA in the regulations at § 412.108 in the FY 2011 IPPS/LTCH PPS final rule (75 FR 50287) and the FY 2014 IPPS/LTCH PPS final rule (78 FR 50647 through 50649), respectively.

Consistent with our implementation of the MDH program extension in FY 2013, generally, providers that were classified as MDHs as of the date of expiration of the MDH provision will be reinstated as MDHs

effective October 1, 2013 with no need to reapply for MDH classification. There are two exceptions:

a. MDHs that classified as Sole-Community Hospitals (SCHs) on or after October 1, 2013

In anticipation of the expiration of the MDH provision, CMS allowed MDHs that applied for classification as an SCH by August 31, 2013, to be granted such status effective with the expiration of the MDH program. Hospitals that applied in this manner and were approved for SCH classification received SCH status as of October 1, 2013. Additionally, some hospitals that had MDH status as of the September 30, 2013 expiration of the MDH program may have missed the August 31, 2013 application deadline. These hospitals applied for SCH status in the usual manner instead and may have been approved for SCH status effective 30 days from the date of approval resulting in an effective date later than October 1, 2013.

b. MDHs that requested a cancellation of their rural classification under § 412.103(b)

In order to meet the criteria to become an MDH, a hospital must be located in a rural area. To qualify for MDH status, some MDHs may have reclassified as rural under the regulations at § 412.103. With the expiration of the MDH provision, some of these providers may have requested a cancellation of their rural classification.

Any provider that falls within either of the two exceptions listed above will not have its MDH status automatically reinstated retroactively to October 1, 2013. All other former MDHs will be automatically reinstated as MDHs effective October 1, 2013. Providers that fall within either of the two exceptions will have to reapply for MDH classification in accordance with the regulations at 42 CFR 412.108(b) and meet the classification criteria at 42 CFR 412.108(a). Specifically, the regulations at § 412.108(b) require that:

1. The hospital submit a written request along with qualifying documentation to its contractor to be considered for MDH status (§ 412.108(b)(2)).
2. The contractor make its determination and notify the hospital within 90 days from the date that it receives the request for MDH classification (§ 412.108(b)(3)).
3. The determination of MDH status be effective 30 days after the date of the contractor's written notification to the hospital (§ 412.108(b)(4)).

We note, given the timing of this partial year extension of the MDH program, the current regulations governing the cancellation of SCH status § 412.92(b)(4), the request for rural reclassification under § 412.103, and the effective date of MDH classification at § 412.108(b) may not allow for sufficient time for hospitals that have reclassified as SCHs or canceled their rural status in anticipation of the expiration of the MDH program to cancel their SCH status or request rural reclassification and then reapply and be approved for MDH status. These regulations may not allow for sufficient time for a hospital seeking to classify as an MDH to be approved prior to the March 31, 2014 expiration of the MDH program.

Cancellation of MDH status

As required by the regulations at § 412.108(b)(5), contractors must “ **evaluate on an ongoing basis** ” whether or not a hospital continues to qualify for MDH status

Therefore, as required by the regulations at § 412.108(b)(5) and (6), the contractors shall ensure that the hospital continues to meet the MDH criteria at § 412.108(a) shall notify any MDH that no longer qualifies for MDH status. The cancellation of MDH status will become effective 30 days after the date the contractor provides written notification to the hospital.

It is important to note that despite the fact some providers might no longer meet the criteria necessary to be classified as MDHs, these providers could qualify for automatic reinstatement of MDH status retroactive to October 1, 2013 (unless they meet either of the two exceptions for automatic reinstatement as explained

above) and would subsequently lose their MDH status prospectively.

Attachment 1 outlines the various possible actions to be followed for each former MDH and the corresponding examples for each scenario.

Notification to CMS

As part of this CR, we have included (**Attachment 2**) a listing with the following data for all providers that were classified as MDHs at the time the MDH provision expired (i.e., October 1, 2013):

- a. CCN/Provider number
- b. Provider name
- c. Medicare Contractor

The contractor shall take appropriate action as described above for each provider in the listing for which they are responsible. The contractor shall then complete the listing for each provider and provide CMS with the following data:

- d. Notification sent to provider? Select Yes/No from drop down list
- e. Action taken – Select appropriate action taken from the drop down list
- f. & g. - dates if applicable
- h. Explanation for action taken/comments

The completed listing shall be emailed to Shevi.Marciano@cms.hhs.gov and Maria.Navarro@cms.hhs.gov.

Notification to Provider

Each contractor shall notify each affected provider shown in the listing under their jurisdiction. A draft of such letter is attached (**Attachment 3**) to this CR with text corresponding to each of the 6 scenarios outlined above. Each FI/MAC shall add to each letter, information specific to that provider regarding how it is affected by the MDH program extension, that is, notifying the provider of its status under the extension of the MDH program. The status of each former MDH will either be:

1. MDH status reinstated effective October 1, 2013.
2. MDH status not reinstated; additional action required by the provider in order to be classified as an MDH:

Provider must request a cancellation of SCH status or submit a request for rural classification under § 412.103. Provider will then have to reapply for MDH status in accordance with the regulations under § 412.108(b).

1. MDH status reinstated and then subsequently canceled due to the provider not continuing to meet the criteria for MDH classification under the requirements at § 412.108(b) (5).

Hospital Specific (HSP) Rate Update for MDHs

For the payment of FY 2014 discharges occurring before April 1, 2014, the Hospital Specific (HSP) amount for MDHs in the PSF will continue to be entered in FY 2012 dollars (just as was done for SCHs as instructed in CR 8241 (Transmittal 2778; August 30, 2013)). PRICER will apply the cumulative

Number	Requirement	Responsibility								
		A/B MAC			D M E M A C	Shared-System Maintainers				Other
		A	B	H H H		F I S S	M C S	V M S	C W F	
	15 days of the determination.									
8627.4	Contractors shall update the PSF, File Position 55, Provider Type, with a 14 or 15 for those hospitals that qualify as a MDH for FY 2014 with an effective date of October 1, 2013.	X								
8627.4.1	Contractors shall complete Attachment 2 and forward to Shevi.Marciano@cms.hhs.gov and Maria.Navarro@cms.hhs.gov.	X								
8627.4.2	Contractors shall notify impacted hospitals with the letter in Attachment 3.	X								
8627.4.3	Contractors shall remove the Provider Type 14 or 15 effective April 1, 2014.	X								
8627.5	Contractors shall reprocess claims impacted by this CR with a discharge date on or after October 1, 2013 through March 31, 2014, by June 30, 2014.	X								

III. PROVIDER EDUCATION TABLE

Number	Requirement	Responsibility				
		A/B MAC			D M E M A C	C E D I
		A	B	H H H		
8627.6	MLN Article : A provider education article related to this instruction will be available at http://www.cms.gov/Outreach-and-Education/Medicare-Learning-Network-MLN/MLNMattersArticles/ shortly after the CR is released. You will receive notification of the article release via the established "MLN Matters" listserv. Contractors shall post this article, or a direct link to this article, on their Web sites and include information about it in a listserv message within one week of the availability of the provider education article. In addition, the provider education article shall be included in the contractor's next regularly scheduled bulletin. Contractors are free to supplement MLN Matters articles with localized information that would benefit their provider community in billing and administering the Medicare program correctly.	X				

IV. SUPPORTING INFORMATION

Section A: Recommendations and supporting information associated with listed requirements: N/A

"Should" denotes a recommendation.

X-Ref Requirement Number	Recommendations or other supporting information:
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Section B: All other recommendations and supporting information: N/A

V. CONTACTS

Pre-Implementation Contact(s): Michele Hudson, michele.hudson@cms.hhs.gov , Shevi Marciano, shevi.marciano@cms.hhs.gov , Sarah Shirey-Losso, sarah.shirey-losso@cms.hhs.gov , Maria Navarro, maria.navarro@cms.hhs.gov

Post-Implementation Contact(s): Contact your Contracting Officer's Representative (COR) or Contractor Manager, as applicable.

VI. FUNDING

Section A: For Medicare Administrative Contractors (MACs):

The Medicare Administrative Contractor is hereby advised that this constitutes technical direction as defined in your contract. CMS do not construe this as a change to the MAC Statement of Work. The contractor is not obligated to incur costs in excess of the amounts allotted in your contract unless and until specifically authorized by the Contracting Officer. If the contractor considers anything provided, as described above, to be outside the current scope of work, the contractor shall withhold performance on the part(s) in question and immediately notify the Contracting Officer, in writing or by e-mail, and request formal directions regarding continued performance requirements.

(Attachments 3)

Attachment 1—CR 8627

If the provider was classified as an MDH as of the September 30, 2013 expiration of the MDH provision and the provider	Then	Example #
Did not reclassify as an SCH since October 1, 2013 and is still classified as a rural provider	MDH status will be automatically reinstated to October 1, 2013.	1
Reclassified as an SCH immediately following the expiration of the MDH provision with SCH status effective October 1, 2013	The provider's MDH status will not be automatically reinstated and the provider will have to reapply for MDH classification (§412.108(b)).	2
Reclassified as an SCH, but the effective date of SCH status was a date after October 1, 2013 and prior to the effective date of the MDH program extension on December 26, 2013	The provider's MDH status will be reinstated, effective October 1, 2013 for the portion of time during which it was not classified as an SCH. The provider's MDH status will be cancelled effective with the effective date of its SCH status. The provider will have to reapply for MDH classification (§412.108(b)).	3
Cancelled its rural classification under §412.103 effective October 1, 2013	The provider's MDH status will not be automatically reinstated and the provider will have to reapply for rural classification (§412.103(b)) and then reapply for MDH classification (§412.108(b)).	4
Cancelled its rural classification under §412.103, but the effective date of the rural status cancellation was a date after October 1, 2013 and prior to the effective date of the MDH program extension on December 26, 2013	The provider's MDH status will be reinstated for the portion of time during which it was classified as rural. The provider's MDH status will then be cancelled effective with the date that its rural classification cancellation became effective. The provider will have to reapply for rural classification (§412.103(b)) and then reapply for MDH classification (§412.108(b)).	5
Did not reclassify as an SCH and is still classified as a rural provider but has a Medicare utilization rate < 60% in the 3 most recently settled cost reports	MDH status will be automatically reinstated to October 1, 2013. The contractor will then notify the provider that it no longer meets MDH criteria and will cancel MDH status in accordance with the regulations at §412.108(b)(6).	6

Examples:

Example 1: Hospital A was classified as an MDH prior to the September 30, 2013 expiration of the MDH program. Hospital A retained its rural classification and did not reclassify as an SCH. Hospital A's MDH status will be automatically reinstated to October 1, 2013.

Example 2: Hospital B was classified as an MDH prior to the September 30, 2013 expiration of the MDH program. In accordance with the regulations at §412.92(b)(2)(v) and in anticipation of the expiration of the MDH program, Hospital B applied for classification as an SCH by August 31, 2013, and was approved for SCH status effective on October 1, 2013. Hospital B's MDH status will not be automatically

Attachment 1—CR 8627

reinstated. In order to reclassify as an MDH, Hospital B must cancel its SCH status, in accordance with §412.92(b)(4), and reapply for MDH status in accordance with the regulations at §412.108(b).

Example 3: Hospital C was classified as an MDH, prior to the September 30, 2013 expiration of the MDH program. Hospital C missed the application deadline of August 31, 2013 for reclassification as an SCH under the regulations at §412.92(b)(2)(v) and was not eligible for its SCH status to be effective as of October 1, 2013. Hospital C's Medicare contractor approved its classification request for SCH status effective November 16, 2013. Hospital C's MDH status will be reinstated but only for the portion of time in which they met the criteria for MDH status. Hospital C's MDH status will be reinstated effective October 1, 2013 through November 15, 2013 and will be cancelled effective November 16, 2013. In order to reclassify as an MDH, Hospital C must cancel its SCH status, in accordance with §412.92(b)(4), and then reapply for MDH status in accordance with the regulations at §412.108(b).

Example 4: Hospital D was classified as an MDH prior to the September 30, 2013 expiration of the MDH program. In anticipation of the expiration of the MDH program, Hospital D requested that its rural classification be cancelled in accordance with the regulations at §412.103(g). Hospital D's rural classification was cancelled effective October 1, 2013. Hospital D's MDH status will not be automatically reinstated. In order to reclassify as an MDH, Hospital D must request to be reclassified as rural under §412.103(b) and must reapply for MDH status under §412.108(b).

Example 5: Hospital E was classified as an MDH prior to the September 30, 2013 expiration of the MDH program. In anticipation of the expiration of the MDH program, Hospital E requested that its rural classification be cancelled in accordance with the regulations at §412.103(g). Hospital E's rural classification was cancelled effective December 26, 2013. Hospital E's MDH status will be reinstated but only for the portion of time in which they met the criteria for MDH status. Since Hospital E cancelled its rural status and became urban effective December 26, 2013, MDH status will only be reinstated effective October 1, 2013 through December 25, 2013 and will be cancelled effective December 26, 2013. In order to reclassify as an MDH, Hospital E must request to be reclassified as rural under §412.103(b) and must reapply for MDH status under §412.108(b).

Example 6: Hospital F was classified as an MDH prior to the September 30, 2013 expiration of the MDH provision. The hospital's Medicare contractor found that Hospital F had a Medicare utilization rate of less than 60 percent in all three of the most recently settled cost reports. Hospital F did not reclassify as an SCH nor did it drop its rural status with the expiration of the MDH provision. In this case, Hospital F's contractor will automatically reinstate its MDH status retroactive to October 1, 2013. The contractor will then notify Hospital F that it no longer qualifies for MDH status. The change in Hospital F's status (i.e., disqualification from MDH status) will become effective 30 days after the date the contractor's written notification to Hospital F.

MDH Listing - Providers that were classified as MDHs as of the date of expiration of the MDH provision on October 1, 2013

Provider Number	Provider Name	MAC	Notification Sent to Provider? (Yes/No)	Action Taken	Effective Start Date of MDH Reinstatement (if applicable)	Effective End Date of MDH Reinstatement (if applicable)	Explanation for Action Taken/Comments
010007	MIZELLE MEMORIAL HOSPITAL, INC	Cahaba					
010008	CRENSHAW COMMUNITY HOSPITAL	Cahaba					
010036	COMMUNITY HOSPITAL OF ANDALUSIA	Cahaba					
010045	FAYETTE MEDICAL CENTER	Cahaba					
010047	GEORIANA DOCTORS HOSPITAL	Cahaba					
010052	LAKE MARTIN COMMUNITY HOSPITAL	Cahaba					
010073	CLAY COUNTY HOSPITAL AUTHORITY	Cahaba					
010086	NORTHWEST MEDICAL CENTER	Cahaba					
110027	TY COBB HEALTHCARE SYSTEM	Cahaba					
110032	STEPHENS COUNTY HOSPITAL AUTHORITY	Cahaba					
110073	HOSPITAL AUTHORITY OF BEN HILL	Cahaba					
110092	DODGE COUNTY HOSPITAL AUTHORITY	Cahaba					
110190	MACON COUNTY MEDICAL CENTER, INC	Cahaba					
250044	BAPTIST MEMORIAL HOSPITAL - BOONEVILLE	Cahaba					
440007	COFFEE MEDICAL GROUP LLC	Cahaba					
440016	BAPTIST MEMORIAL HOSPITAL	Cahaba					
440020	HILLSIDE HOSPITAL	Cahaba					
440031	ROANE COUNTY MEDICAL CENTER	Cahaba					
440047	GIBSON GENERAL HOSPITAL	Cahaba					
440054	DOCTORS HOSPITAL OF MCMINN COUNTY LLC	Cahaba					
440060	MILAN GENERAL HOSPITAL, INC.	Cahaba					
440070	DECATUR COUNTY GENERAL HOSPITAL	Cahaba					
440084	SWEETWATER HOSPITAL ASSOCIATION	Cahaba					
440109	HARDIN COUNTY GENERAL HOSPITAL	Cahaba					
440132	HENRY COUNTY MEDICAL CENTER	Cahaba					
440141	RESTORATION HEALTHCARE OF CELINA LLC	Cahaba					
440148	CANNON COUNTY HOSPITAL LLC	Cahaba					
440151	RIVER PARK HOSPITAL	Cahaba					
440175	CROCKETT HOSPITAL LLC	Cahaba					
440181	BOLIVAR GENERAL HOSPITAL	Cahaba					
440187	LIVINGSTON REGIONAL HOSPITAL LLC	Cahaba					
490012	LEE REGIONAL MEDICAL CENTER	Cahaba					
180016	Jewish Hospital of Shelbyville	CGS-15101					
180053	Fleming Co. Hospital	CGS-15101					
180066	Logan Mem. Hospital	CGS-15101					
180069	Williamson ARH Hospital	CGS-15101					
180079	Harrison Mem. Hospital	CGS-15101					
180087	Taylor Regional Hospital	CGS-15101					
180115	Rockcastle Hospital	CGS-15101					
180149	Westlake Reg. Hospital	CGS-15101					
510062	Beckley Appalachin Reg. Hospital	CGS-15101					
360002	Samaritan Regional Health System	CGS-15201					
360044	Wayne Hospital	CGS-15201					
360071	Van Wert County Hospital	CGS-15201					
360121	Community Hospitals & Wellness	CGS-15201					
100081	Healthmark Regional Medical Center	FCSO					
100118	Memorial Hospital of Flagler	FCSO					
100156	Lake City Medical Center	FCSO					
440050	Takoma Regional Hospital	FCSO					
440180	Jellico Community Hospital	FCSO					
070021	Windham Memorial	NGS					
140011	Herrin Hospital	NGS					
140026	St Marys Hospital	NGS					
140034	St. Mary's Hospital	NGS					
140043	CGH Medical Center	NGS					
140059	Jersey Community Hospital	NGS					
140064	OSF St. Mary Medical Center	NGS					
140143	St Margarets Hospital	NGS					
140145	St Joseph's Hospital	NGS					
140147	Richland Memorial Hospital	NGS					
140160	Freeport Memorial Hospital	NGS					
140234	Illinois Valley Community Hospital	NGS					
140294	Crossroads Comm. Hospital	NGS					
230040	Pennock Hospital	NGS					
230096	Sturgis Hospital	NGS					
330033	Chenango Mem. Hospital	NGS					
330047	St. Mary's Healthcare	NGS					
330108	St. Joseph's	NGS					
330144	I. Davenport Mem. Hospital	NGS					
330276	N. Littauer Hospital	NGS					
330277	Corning Hospital	NGS					
520034	Aurora Medical Center \ Two Rivers	NGS					
520102	Lakeland Medical Center	NGS					
520107	Holy Family Hospital	NGS					
200018	Aroostook Medical Center	NHIC					

200031	Cary Medical Center	NHIC					
200041	Inland Hospital	NHIC					
200050	Maine Coast Memorial Hospital	NHIC					
220051	North Adams Regional Hospital	NHIC					
300019	Cheshire	NHIC					
470011	Brattleboro	NHIC					
470012	Southern Vt. Med. Ctr.	NHIC					
240043	MAYO CLINIC HEALTH SYSTEM ALBERT LEA	Noridian Legacy					
240071	DISTRICT ONE HOSPITAL	Noridian Legacy					
240117	MAYO CLINIC HEALTH SYSTEM AUSTIN	Noridian Legacy					
040002	Johnson Regional	Novitas Solutions - JH					
040076	Hot Spring County	Novitas Solutions - JH					
060071	Delta County memorial Hospital	Novitas Solutions - JH					
190133	Allen Parish Hospital	Novitas Solutions - JH					
190140	Franklin Medical Center	Novitas Solutions - JH					
190145	LaSalle General Hospital	Novitas Solutions - JH					
190151	Richardson Medical Center	Novitas Solutions - JH					
190184	Citizens Medical Center	Novitas Solutions - JH					
250002	Tishomingo Health	Novitas Solutions - JH					
250017	Trace Regional Hospital	Novitas Solutions - JH					
250018	Jasper General Hospital	Novitas Solutions - JH					
250020	Webster General Hospital	Novitas Solutions - JH					
250049	South Pike Hospital	Novitas Solutions - JH					
250051	Kilmichael Hospital	Novitas Solutions - JH					
250059	Montfort Jones Hospital	Novitas Solutions - JH					
250061	Yalobusha General Hospital	Novitas Solutions - JH					
250079	Sharkey-Issaquena Community Hospital	Novitas Solutions - JH					
250085	Marion General Hospital	Novitas Solutions - JH					
370015	Mayes Co. Medical Center	Novitas Solutions - JH					
370030	Blackwell Regional Hospital	Novitas Solutions - JH					
370072	Latimer Co. General Hospital	Novitas Solutions - JH					
370083	Pushmataha Hospital	Novitas Solutions - JH					
370099	Cushing Regional Hospital	Novitas Solutions - JH					
370100	Choctaw County/City of Hugo Hospital	Novitas Solutions - JH					
370103	Sayre Memorial Hospital, Inc.	Novitas Solutions - JH					
370169	EPIC Medical Center	Novitas Solutions - JH					
370178	Adair Conty Health Center	Novitas Solutions - JH					
450078	Anson General	Novitas Solutions - JH					
450188	East Texas Medical Center Clarksville	Novitas Solutions - JH					
450235	Gonzales Healthcare System	Novitas Solutions - JH					
450243	Hamlin Memorial	Novitas Solutions - JH					
450270	Lake Whitney Memorial Hospital	Novitas Solutions - JH					
450370	Columbus Community Hospital	Novitas Solutions - JH					
450373	East Texas Medical Center Mount Vernon	Novitas Solutions - JH					
450438	Colorado Fayette Medical Center	Novitas Solutions - JH					
450497	Bowie Memorial Hospital	Novitas Solutions - JH					
450565	Palo Pinto General	Novitas Solutions - JH					
450615	Atlanta Memorial Hospital	Novitas Solutions - JH					
450641	Nocona General Hospital	Novitas Solutions - JH					
450694	El Campo Memorial Hospital	Novitas Solutions - JH					
080006	Nanticoke Memorial Hospital	Novitas Solutions, 12					
390008	Ellwood City Hospital	Novitas Solutions, 12					
390031	Schuylkill Medical Center	Novitas Solutions, 12					
390052	Clearfield Hospital	Novitas Solutions, 12					
390125	Wayne Memorial Hospital	Novitas Solutions, 12					
390138	Waynesboro Memorial Hospital	Novitas Solutions, 12					
390146	Warren General Hospital	Novitas Solutions, 12					
390150	Southwest Reg Med Center	Novitas Solutions, 12					
390183	Miners Memorial Medical Center	Novitas Solutions, 12					
390199	Punxsutawney Area Hospital Inc.	Novitas Solutions, 12					
340003	Northern Hospital of Surry County	Palmetto					
340011	Blue Ridge Regional Hospital	Palmetto					
340024	Sampson Regional Medical Center	Palmetto					
340097	Hugh Chatham Memorial Hospital	Palmetto					
340099	Roanoke-Chowan Hospital	Palmetto					
340132	Maria Parham Medical Center	Palmetto					
340160	Murphy Medical Center	Palmetto					
490019	Culpeper Memorial Hospital, Inc.	Palmetto					
490114	Lonesome Pine Hospital	Palmetto					
490038	Smyth County Community Hospital	Palmetto					
490116	Pulaski Community Hospital	Palmetto					
490117	Tazewell Community Hospital	Palmetto					
510038	Stonewall Jackson Memorial Hospital	Palmetto					
510047	Fairmont General Hospital	Palmetto					
050225	Feather River Hospital	Palmetto J1					
450749	East Texas Medical Center Trinity	TrailBlazer					
010022	Cherokee Medical Center	WPS					
110189	Fannin Regional Hospital	WPS					
140184	Heartland Reg Med Ctr	WPS					
150022	St. Clare Medical Center	WPS					
150030	Henry County Memorial Hospital	WPS					
150102	Starke Memorial Hospital	WPS					
160008	Keokuk Area Hospital	WPS					

[DATE]

HOSPITAL CONTACT
HOSPITAL NAME
HOSPITAL ADDRESS
CITY, STATE, ZIP

Re: Section 1106 of the Pathway for SGR Reform Act of 2013 of the Medicare-Dependent, Small Rural Hospital Program

Provider Name:
CMS Certification Number(CCN): xx-xxxx

Dear {contact name},

As part of the Pathway for SGR Reform Act of 2013, Congress reinstated the Medicare Dependent Hospital (MDH) program which had expired as of October 1, 2013 through March 31, 2014. Generally, providers that were classified as MDHs prior to the expiration of the MDH provision will be reinstated as MDHs effective October 1, 2013 with no need to reapply for MDH classification. This letter serves as notification regarding {Provider Name's} MDH status.

<Insert any of the following paragraphs, as applicable:>

1. <{Provider Name} will be reinstated to MDH status effective October 1, 2013. No additional action is required on your part.>
2. <{Provider Name} had requested classification for SCH status and was approved effective October 1, 2013. This SCH classification precludes {Provider Name} from being reinstated as an MDH. Therefore, in order to be classified as an MDH, {Provider Name} must request a cancellation of its SCH status in accordance with the regulations at 42 CFR 412.92(b)(4) and then reapply for MDH classification in accordance with the regulations at 42 CFR 412.108(b).>
3. < {Provider name} requested classification for SCH status and was approved effective {effective date - after 10/01/2013 and before 12/26/13}. {Provider Name's} MDH status will be reinstated effective October 1, 2013 through {enter date of day immediately prior to effective date of SCH classification} and will be cancelled effective {enter effective date of SCH classification}. In order to be classified as an MDH, {Provider Name} must request a cancellation of its SCH status in accordance with the regulations at 42 CFR 412.92(b)(4) and reapply for MDH classification in accordance with the regulations at 42 CFR 412.108(b).>
4. <{Provider Name} requested a cancellation of its rural status under 42 CFR 412.103 and was approved for the cancellation effective October 1, 2013. This cancellation precludes {Provider Name} from being reinstated as an MDH. Therefore, in order to be classified as an MDH, {Provider Name} must submit a request for reclassification as a rural hospital under the regulations at 42 CFR 412.103 (b) then and reapply for MDH classification in accordance with the regulations at 42 CFR 412.108(b).>

5. < {Provider name} requested a cancellation of its rural status under 42 CFR 412.103 and was approved for the cancellation effective {effective date - after 10/01/2012 and before 12/26/13. {Provider Name's} MDH status will be reinstated effective October 1, 2013 through {enter date of day immediately prior to effective date of cancellation of rural classification} and will be cancelled effective {enter effective date of cancellation of rural classification}. In order to be classified as an MDH, {Provider Name} must submit a request for reclassification as a rural hospital under the regulations at 42 CFR 412.103 (b) and then reapply for MDH classification in accordance with the regulations at 42 CFR 412.108(b).>

6. <This letter serves as notification that {Provider Name} will be reinstated to MDH status effective October 1, 2013. However, it has come to our attention that {Provider Name} no longer meets the criteria for MDH status under 42 CFR 412.108(a)(1)(iii)(C). Based on {enter Medicare utilization during applicable cost reporting periods}, {Provider Name} has {enter the percentage of days/discharges} and consequently does not meet the 60% Medicare inpatient utilization requirement in at least two of the last three most recent settled cost report for which the hospital has a settled cost report. Therefore, {Provider Name's} MDH classification will be cancelled effective {date = 30 days from date of notification}.

Under the regulations at 42 CFR 412.108(b)(7), in order to be reclassified as an MDH, a hospital may reapply only after another cost report has been audited and settled.>

If you have any questions, please contact me at {insert phone number}.

Sincerely,